# Service Manual Plain Paper Fax with Digital Answering System /

Multi-function Plain Paper Fax

## Model No. KX-FP365CX KX-FM388CX

(for Middle Near East)



## 

This service information is designed for experienced repair technicians only and is not designed for use by the general public. It does not contain warnings or cautions to advise non-technical individuals of potential dangers in attempting to service a product. Products powered by electricity should be serviced or repaired only by experienced professional technicians. Any attempt to service or repair the product or products dealt with in this service information by anyone else could result in serious injury or death.

## - IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE -

There are special components used in this equipment which are important for safety. These parts are marked by  $\triangle$  in the Schematic Diagrams, Circuit Board Diagrams, Exploded Views and Replacements Parts List. It is essential that these critical parts should be replaced with manufacturer's specified parts to prevent shock, fire or other hazards. Do not modify the original design without permission of manufacturer.

## - IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT LEAD FREE, (PbF), SOLDERING -

If lead free solder was used in the manufacture of this product the printed circuit boards will be marked PbF. Standard leaded, (Pb), solder can be used as usual on boards without the PbF mark.

When this mark does appear please read and follow the special instructions described in this manual on the use of PbF and how it might be permissible to use Pb solder during service and repair work.

When you note the serial number, write down all 11 digits. The serial number may be found on the bottom of the unit.



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## **1** Safety Precautions

- 1. Before servicing, unplug the AC power cord to prevent an electric shock.
- 2. When replacing parts, use only the manufacturer's recommended components.
- 3. Check the condition of the power cord. Replace if wear or damage is evident.
- 4. After servicing, be sure to restore the lead dress, insulation barriers, insulation papers, shields, etc.
- 5. Before returning the serviced equipment to the customer, be sure to perform the following insulation resistance test to prevent the customer from being exposed to shock hazards.

## 1.1. For Service Technicians

- Repair service shall be provided in accordance with repair technology information such as service manual so as to prevent fires, injury or electric shock, which can be caused by improper repair work.
  - 1. When repair services are provided, neither the products nor their parts or members shall be remodeled.
  - 2. If a lead wire assembly is supplied as a repair part, the lead wire assembly shall be replaced.
  - 3. FASTON terminals shall be plugged straight in and unplugged straight.
- · ICs and LSIs are vulnerable to static electricity.

When repairing, the following precautions will help prevent recurring malfunctions.

- 1. Cover plastic parts boxes with aluminum foil.
- 2. Ground the soldering irons.
- 3. Use a conductive mat on worktable.
- 4. Do not grasp IC or LSI pins with bare fingers.

## 1.2. AC Caution

For safety, before closing the lower cabinet, please make sure of the following precautions.

- 1. The earth lead is fixed with the screw.
- 2. The AC lead is connected properly to power supply board.
- 3. Wrap the earth lead around the core 5 times.
- 4. Wrap the AC lead around the core 5 times.



#### (Bottom View)

## 1.3. Personal Safety Precautions

## 1.3.1. Moving Sections of the Unit

Be careful not to let your hair, clothes, fingers, accessories, etc., become caught in any moving sections of the unit. The moving sections of the unit are the rollers and a gear. There is a separation roller and a document feed roller which are rotated by the document feed motor. A gear rotates the two rollers. Be careful not to touch them with your hands, especially when the unit is operating.



## 1.3.2. Live Electrical Sections

All the electrical sections of the unit supplied with AC power by the AC power cord are live. Never disassemble the unit for service with the AC power supply plugged in.

#### CAUTION:

AC voltage is supplied to the primary side of the power supply unit. Therefore, always unplug the AC power cord before disassembling for service.



### (Bottom View)

## 1.4. Service Precautions

## 1.4.1. Precautions to Prevent Damage from static Electricity

Electrical charges accumulate on a person. For instance, clothes rubbing together can damage electric elements or change their electrical characteristics. In order to prevent static electricity, touch a metallic part that is grounded to release the static electricity. Never touch the electrical sections such as the power supply unit, etc.



## 2 Warning

## 2.1. About Lead Free Solder (PbF: Pb free)

#### Note:

In the information below, Pb, the symbol for lead in the periodic table of elements, will refer to standard solder or solder that contains lead.

We will use PbF solder when discussing the lead free solder used in our manufacturing process which is made from Tin, (Sn), Silver, (Ag), and Copper, (Cu).

This model, and others like it, manufactured using lead free solder will have PbF stamped on the PCB. For service and repair work we suggest using the same type of solder.

#### Caution

- PbF solder has a melting point that is 50° ~ 70° F, (30° ~ 40°C) higher than Pb solder. Please use a soldering iron with temperature control and adjust it to 700° ± 20° F, (370° ± 10°C).
- Exercise care while using higher temperature soldering irons.: Do not heat the PCB for too long time in order to prevent solder splash or damage to the PCB.
- PbF solder will tend to splash if it is heated much higher than its melting point, approximately 1100°F, (600°C).
- When applying PbF solder to double layered boards, please check the component side for excess which may flow onto the opposite side (See figure, below).



#### 2.1.1. Suggested PbF Solder

There are several types of PbF solder available commercially. While this product is manufactured using Tin, Silver, and Copper, (Sn + Ag + Cu), you can also use Tin and Copper, (Sn + Cu), or Tin, Zinc, and Bismuth, (Sn + Zn + Bi). Please check the manufacturer's specific instructions for the melting points of their products and any precautions for using their product with other materials.

The following lead free (PbF) solder wire sizes are recommended for service of this product: 0.3mm, 0.6mm and 1.0mm.



## 2.2. Insulation Resistance Test

- 1. Unplug the power cord and short the two prongs of the plug with a jumper wire.
- 2. Turn on the power switch.
- 3. Measure the resistance value with an ohmmeter between the jumpered AC plug and each exposed metal cabinet part (screw heads, control shafts, bottom frame, etc.).
- Note: Some exposed parts may be isolated from the chassis by design. These will read infinity.
- 4. If the measurement is outside the specified limits, there is a possibility of a shock hazard.



## 2.3. Battery Caution

Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instruction.

#### CAUTION:

The lithium battery is a critical component (type No. CR2032). Please observe for the proper polarity and the exact location when replacing it and soldering the replacement lithium battery in.

## 2.4. Discarding of P. C. Board

When discarding P. C. Board, delete all personal information such as telephone directory and caller list or scrap P. C. Board.

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## 3 Specifications

Any details given in these instructions are subject to change without notice.

Applicable Lines:	Public Switched Telephone Network			
Document Size:	Max. 216 mm in width, Max. 600 mm in length			
Effective Scanning Width:	208 mm			
Effective Printing Width:	202 mm			
Recording Paper Size:	A4: 210 mm × 297 mm			
Recording Paper Weight:	64 g/m <sup>2</sup> to 80 g/m <sup>2</sup>			
Transmission Speed <sup>*1</sup> :	Approx. 8 s/page (ECM-MMR) <sup>*2</sup>			
Scanning Density:	Horizontal: 8 pels/mm Vertical: 3.85 lines/mm (standard resolution) 7.7 lines/mm (fine/photo resolution) 15.4 lines/mm (super fine resolution)			
Photo Resolution:	64 levels			
Scanner Type:	Contact Image Sensor			
Printer Type:	Thermal Transfer on plain paper			
Data Compression System:	Modified Huffman (MH), Modified READ (MR), Modified Modified READ (MMR)			
Modem Speed:	14,400 / 12,000 / 9,600 / 7,200 / 4,800 / 2,400 bps; Automatic Fallback			
Operating Environment:	5°C—35°C, 20%—80% RH (Relative Humidity)			
Dimensions:	Approx. height 185 mm $\times$ width 355 mm $\times$ depth 272 mm			
Mass (Weight):	Approx. 3.5 kg			
Power Consumption:	Standby: Approx. 1.8 W Transmission: Approx. 12 W Reception: Approx. 30 W (When receiving a 20% black document) Copy: Approx. 40 W (When copying a 20% black document) Maximum: Approx. 135 W (When copying a 100% black document)			
Power Supply:	220 V - 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz			
Fax Memory Capacity <sup>*3</sup> :	Transmission: Approx. 25 pages Reception: Approx. 28 pages (Based on the ITU-T No. 1 Test Chart in standard resolution, without using the Error Correction Mode.)			
Voice Memory Capacity <sup>*4</sup> :	Approx. 18 minutes of recording time including greeting message.			

<sup>\*1</sup> Transmission speed depends on the contents of the pages, resolution, telephone line conditions and capability of the other party's machine.

\*2 Transmission speed is based on the ITU-T No. 1 Test Chart with original mode. If the capability of the other party's machine is inferior to your unit, the transmission time may be longer. (Refer to ITU-T No.1 Test chart (P.170).)

\*3 If an error occurs during fax reception, such as a paper jam or if the recording paper runs out, the fax and subsequent faxes will be retained in memory.

<sup>\*4</sup> Recording time may be reduced by the calling party's background noise.

#### Note:

Design and specifications are subject to change without notice.

## 4 General/Introduction

## 4.1. Optional Accessories

Model No.	Description	Specification	
KX-FA57E / KX-FA57A	Replacement Film <sup>*1</sup>	70 m × 1 roll (Prints about 210 A4-sized pages)	

<sup>\*1</sup> To ensure the unit operates properly, we recommend using the Panasonic replacement film. **The ink film is not reusable. Do not rewind and use the ink film again.** 

## **5** Features

#### General

LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) readout

#### Plain Paper Facsimile Machine

- 8 second transmission speed<sup>\*1</sup>
- A4, G3 compatible
- Automatic document feeder (up to 10 sheets)
- · Quick scan
- · Resolution: Standard/Fine/Super fine/Photo (64 level)
- Broadcast
- · 50-sheet recording paper capacity
- Automatic fax/phone switching

<sup>\*1</sup> The 8 second speed is based upon the ITU-T No. 1 Test Chart on the condition that memory transmission is performed.

#### Large Memory... Performed by DRAM

Approx. 28 pages of memory reception Approx. 25 pages of memory transmission

#### Integrated Telephone System

- On-hook dialing
- Voice muting
- Redialing function
- 110-station telephone directory with Phonebook (including 10 one touch dial items)
- Digital SP-Phone
- Caller ID service

#### **Enhanced Copier Function**

- Multi-copy function (up to 50 copies)
- Enlargement and reduction
- Collate
- 64-Level halftone

#### **Digital Answering System**

- Voice Time/Day Stamp
- 18-Minutes recording time

#### PC Fax (KX-FM388 only)

Panasonic PANA LINK software enables your fax machine to carry out the following functions:

- · Sending fax documents created on your PC
- · Receiving faxes on your PC
- · Storing fax and phone numbers into the directory
- · Using the fax machine as a printer and a scanner

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## 6 Technical Descriptions

## 6.1. Connection Diagram



## 6.2. General Block Diagram

The following is an outline of each device IC on the digital board. (Refer to General Block Diagram (P.14).).

#### 1. ASIC (IC1)

Composed mainly of an address decoder and a modem control.

Controls the general FAX operations.

Controls the operation panel I/F.

Controls the thermal head I/F and CIS I/F.

Performs the image processing.

CPU and Real time clock

Provides the reset pulse for each of the major ICs.

#### 2. Flash ROM (IC6)

Contains all of the program instructions on the unit operations. This memory is used mainly for the parameter working in the storage area.

#### 3. Dynamic RAM (IC4)

This memory is used mainly for the parameter working in the storage area.

#### 4. MODEM (IC5)

Performs the modulation and the demodulation for FAX communication.

#### 5. Read Section

Contact Image Sensor (CIS) to read transmitted documents.

#### 6. Motor Driver (IC401, IC402)

Drives the transmission motor and the reception motor.

#### 7. Thermal Head

Contains heat-emitting elements for dot matrix image printing.

#### 8. Analog Board

Composed of ITS circuit and NCU circuit.

#### 9. Sensor Section

Composed of a cover open, a document set switch, a document top switch, a paper top sensor.

#### 10. **Power Supply Board Switching Section** Supplies +6V and +24V to the unit.

11. Flash Memory (IC8)

Voice Prompt (TAM) D/L (DownLoad) area.

### 6.2.1. General Block Diagram



## 6.3. Control Section

6.3.1. Block Diagram



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6.3.2. Memory Map



### 6.3.3. ASIC (IC1)

This custom IC is used for the general FAX operations.

1. CPU:

This model uses a Z80 equivalent to the CPU operating at 12 MHz. Most of the peripheral functions are performed by custom-designed LSIs. Therefore, the CPU only works for processing the results.

2. RTC:

Real Time Clock

- 3. DECODER:
- Decodes the address.
- ROM/RAM I/F: Controls the SELECT signal of ROM or RAM and the bank switching.
- 5. CIS I/F:

Controls the document reading.

6. IMAGE DATA RAM:

This memory is programmed into the ASIC and uses 8 KB for the image processing. (See Fig. A.\*)

- 7. THERMAL HEAD I/F:
  - Transmits the recorded data to the thermal head.
- 8. MOTOR I/F:

Controls the transmission motor which feeds the document.

Controls the receiving motor which feeds the recording paper.

- 9. OPERATION PANEL I/F: Serial interface with Operation Panel.
- 10. I/O PORT:
  - I/O Port Interface.
- 11. ANALOGUE UNIT:

Electronic volume for the monitor. Sends beep tones, etc.

DFFF H				
	SHADING DATA 2KB			
D800 H	IMAGE PROCESSING WORK 1KB			
	LINE MEMORY 4 LINE 1KB			
000011	n-1/n+1 LINE MEMORY 2KB			
C800 H	n LINE MEMORY 2KB			
C000 H (CPU ADDI	LESS)			
Fig. A				

Note:

This memory is incorporated into the ASIC (IC1) and used for the image processing. Fig. A shows the memory map of the Image Data RAM.

#### **Descriptions of Pin Distribution (IC1)**

NO.	SIGNAL	I/O	POWER SUPPLIED	DESCRIPTION	
1	1 VSSA GND		GND	POWER SOURCE (ANALOG GND)	
2			3.31/	POWER SOURCE (ANALOG +3.3V)	
3	AIN1	Δ	3.3V		
4		Δ	3.3V		
5		Δ	3.31/		
5		~	3.31/		
7		~	GND		
/ 8	V33	0			
0	X32001	0	3.3V/DATT		
9 10		1	3.3V/BATT		
10			 2 2\//DATT		
10			3.3V/DATT		
12		0	3.3V/DATT		
13					
14	VDD (2.5V/B)				
15	FIG	0	3.3V	START SIGNAL OUTPUT FOR CIS (SI)	
16	F1	0	3.3V	CLOCK SIGNAL OUTPUT FOR CIS (CLK)	
17	F2/OP	0	3.3V		
18	FR/OP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (MDMRST)	
19	CPC	I	3.3V	INPUT PORT (BELL/CPC)	
20	RVN	I	3.3V	INPUT PORT (REED)	
21	IRDATXD/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (NOT USED)	
22	IRDARXD/IOP80	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (NOT USED)	
23	TXD/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (FILMEND)	
24	RXD/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (NOT USED)	
25	XRTS/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (NOT USED)	
26	XCTS/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (NOT USED)	
27	VDD (2.5V)			POWER SOURCE (+2.5V)	
28	TONE1	Α	3.3V	TONE OUTPUT	
29	TONE2	Α	3.3V	TONE OUTPUT	
30	VOLUREF	Α	3.3V	ANALOG REF VOLTAGE	
31	VOLUOUT	Α	3.3V	VOLUME OUTPUT	
32	VOLUIN	Α	3.3V	VOLUME INPUT	
33	XNMI	I	3.3V	HIGH FIXED	
34	FMEMDO/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (CISLED)	
35	VDD (3.3V)			POWER SOURCE (+3.3V)	
36	VSS		GND	POWER SOURCE (GND)	
37	VSS		GND	POWER SOURCE (GND)	
38	VDD (3.3V)			POWER SOURCE (+3.3V)	
39	MIDAT/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (TONE1EN)	
40	MICLK/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (HSTX MUTE)	
41	MILAT/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (HS RX EN)	
42	20KOSC/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (CIS ON)	
43	XWAIT	I	3.3V	INPUT PORT (HOOK)	
44	HSTRD/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (RLY)	
45	HSTWR/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (NOT USED)	
46	XOPRBE	0	3.3V	MFCS	
47	ADR15	0	3.3V	CPU ADDRESS BUS 15 (NOT USED)	
48	ADR14	0	3.3V	CPU ADDRESS BUS 14 (NOT USED)	
49	ADR13	0	3.3V	CPU ADDRESS BUS 13 (NOT USED)	
50	VDD (2.5V)			POWER SOURCE (+2.5V)	
51	XOUT	0	3.3V	SYSTEM CLOCK (24MHz)	
52	XIN	I	3.3V	SYSTEM CLOCK (24MHz)	
53	VSS		GND	POWER SOURCE (GND)	
54	VDD (3.3V)			POWER SOURCE (+3.3V)	
55	XTEST	0	3.3V	24MHz CLOCK	
56	TEST1	-	3.3V	HIGH FIXED	
1	1	1			

NO.	SIGNAL	I/O	POWER SUPPLIED	DESCRIPTION	
			VOLTAGE		
57	TEST2	I	3.3V	HIGH FIXED	
58	TEST3	I	3.3V	HIGH FIXED	
59	TEST4	I I	3.3V	HIGH FIXED	
60	XMDMINT	I 3.3V MODEM INTERRUPT		MODEM INTERRUPT	
61	XMDMCS	0	3.3V	MODEM CHIP SELECT	
62	XRAS/IOP	0	3.3V	DRAM (IC4) ROW ADDRESS STROBE	
63	XCAS1/IOP	0	3.3V	DRAM (IC4) CULUMN ADDRESS STROBE	
64	XCAS2/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (NOT USED)	
65	XRESCS2	0	3.3V	FLASH CHIP SELECT (XRESCS2)	
66	DB3	1/0	3 3V	CPU DATA BUS 3	
67	DB2		3.31/	CPU DATA BUS 2	
68	DB4	./O	3.31/		
60	DB1	1/0	3.31/		
70	DBF	1/0	3.3V		
70		1/0	3.3V		
71	VDD (3.3V)				
72	VSS		GND		
73	VSS		GND	POWER SOURCE (GND)	
74	VDD (3.3V)			POWER SOURCE (+3.3V)	
75	DB0	I/O	3.3V	CPU DATA BUS 0	
76	DB6	I/O	3.3V	CPU DATA BUS 6	
77	DB7	I/O	3.3V	CPU DATA BUS 7	
78	XROMCS	0	3.3V	ROM (IC6) CHIP SELECT	
79	RD	0	3.3V	CPU RD	
80	WR	0	3.3V	CPU WR	
81	ADR0	0	3.3V	CPU ADDRESS BUS 0	
82	ADR1	0	3.3V	CPU ADDRESS BUS 1	
83	ADR2	0	3.3V	CPU ADDRESS BUS 2	
84	ADR3	0	3 3V	CPU ADDRESS BUS 3	
85	ADR4	0	3.31/	CPU ADDRESS BUS 4	
86		0	3.31/		
97		0	GND		
07			GND		
00	VDD (2.5V)				
89		0	3.3V		
90	ADR7	0	3.3V	CPU ADDRESS BUS 7	
91	ADR8	0	3.3V	CPU ADDRESS BUS 8	
92	ADR9	0	3.3V	CPU ADDRESS 9	
93	ADR10	0	3.3V	CPU ADDRESS 10	
94	ADR11	0	3.3V	CPU ADDRESS 11	
95	ADR12	0	3.3V	CPU ADDRESS 12	
96	RBA0	0	3.3V	ROM/RAM BANK ADDRESS 0	
97	RBA1	0	3.3V	ROM/RAM BANK ADDRESS 1	
98	RBA2	0	3.3V	ROM/RAM BANK ADDRESS 2	
99	RBA3	0	3.3V	ROM/RAM BANK ADDRESS 3	
100	RBA4	0	3.3V	ROM/RAM BANK ADDRESS 4	
101	RBA5	0	3.3V	ROM/RAM BANK ADDRESS 5	
102	RBA6/IOP96	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (PTOP SEN ON)	
103	STB1	0	3 3V	STROBE SIGNAL OUTPUT TO THERMAL HEAD	
104	STB2	0	3.31/	STROBE SIGNAL OUTPUT TO THERMAL HEAD	
105	STB3	0	3 3\/	(NOT USED)	
100	XRESET	1	3 3//		
100			0.00		
107					
108	VSS		GND		
109	VSS		GND	POWER SOURCE (GND)	
110	VDD (3.3V)			POWER SOURCE (+3.3V)	
111	XORESET	0	3.3V	SYSTEM RESET OUTPUT	
112	VDD(5V)			POWER SOURCE (+5V)	
113	VSS		GND	POWER SOURCE (GND)	

NO.	SIGNAL	I/O	POWER SUPPLIED VOLTAGE	DESCRIPTION
114	XRESETI	I	3.3V	RESET INPUT
115	WDERR	0	3.3V	WATCHED ERROR OUTPUT SIGNAL
116	THDAT	0	3.3V	RECORDED IMAGE OUTPUT (XTHDAT)
117	THCLK	0	3.3V	CLOCK OUTPUT FOR DATA TRANSFER (XTHCLK)
118	THLAT	0	3.3V	PULSE OUTPUT FOR DATA LATCH (XTHLAT)
119	STBNP	I	0V	INPUT PORT (NOT USED)
120	RM0/IOP	0	3.3V	RX MOTOR A PHASE
121	RM1/IOP	I/O	3.3V	RX MOTOR B PHASE
122	RM2/IOP	I/O	3.3V	RX MOTOR /A PHASE
123	RM3/IOP	I/O	3.3V	RX MOTOR /B PHASE
124	RXE/IOP	0	3.3V	RX MOTOR ENABLE
125	ТМО	0	3.3V	TX MOTOR A PHASE
126	VDD (2.5V)			POWER SOURCE (+2.5V)
127	VSS		GND	POWER SOURCE (GND)
128	TM1/IOP	0	3.3V	TX MOTOR B PHASE
129	TM2/IOP	0	3.3V	TX MOTOR /A PHASE
130	TM3/IOP	0	3.3V	TX MOTOR /B PHASE
131	TXE/IOP	0	3.3V	TX MOTOR ENABLE
132	KSTART	0	3.3V	OPERATION PANEL CONTROL
133	KLATCH	0	3.3V	OPERATION PANEL CONTROL
134	KSCLK	0	3.3V	OPERATION PANEL CONTROL
135	KTXD	0	3.3V	OPERATION PANEL CONTROL
136	KRXD	I	3.3V	OPERATION PANEL CONTROL
137	FMEMCLK/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (OP RESET)
138	FMEMDI/IOP	0	3.3V	OUTPUT PORT (SP MUTE)
139	ADSEL1	0	3.3V	CHANNEL SELECT SIGNAL FOR AIN2
140	VDDA (2.5V)		2.5V	POWER SOURCE (ANALOG +2.5V)
141	VREFB	A	3.3V	A/D CONVERTER'S ZERO STANDARD VOLTAGE OUTPUT
142	VCL	A	3.3V	ANALOG PART STANDARD VOLTAGE SIGNAL
143	VREFT	А	3.3V	A/D CONVERTER'S FULL SCALE VOLTAGE OUTPUT
144	VSSA		GND	POWER SOURCE (ANALOG GND)

#### KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX

## 6.3.4. Flash Memory (IC6)

This 512KB ROM (FLASH MEMORY) carries a common area of 32KB and bank areas which each have 8KB (BK4~BK63). The addresses from 0000H to 7FFFH are for the common area and from 8000H to 9FFFH are for the bank areas.

### 6.3.5. Dynamic RAM (IC4)

The DRAM serves as CPU and receives memory. The address is F200H~F3FFH (DRAM access window 1) and F600H~F7FFH (DRAM access window 2).

## 6.3.6. Reset Circuit (Watch dog timer)

The output signal (reset) from pin 4 of the voltage detect IC (IC3) is input to the ASIC (IC1) 114 pin.

#### **Circuit Diagram**



1. During a momentary power interruption, a positive reset pulse of 50~70 msec is generated and the system is reset completely.



2. The watch dog timer, built-in the ASIC (IC1), is initialized by the CPU about every 1.5 ms. When a watch dog error occurs, pin 115 of the ASIC (IC1) becomes low level. The terminal of the 'WDERR' signal is connected to the reset line, so the 'WDERR' signal works as the reset signal.

### 6.3.7. RTC Backup Circuit

#### 1. Function

This unit has a lithium battery (BAT401) which works for Real Time Clock IC (RTC: inside IC1). The RTC continues to work, backed up by a lithium battery even when the power switch is OFF. The user parameters for autodial numbers, the system setup data and others are in the FLASH MEMORY (IC6).

#### 2. RTC Inside (IC1) Backup Circuit Operation

When the power switch is turned ON, power is supplied through Q7 to the RTC (inside IC1). At this time, the voltage at pin 14 of the IC1 is +2.5V. When the power switch is turned OFF, the BAT401 supplies power to RTC through D407 and Q505. The voltage at pin 14 of IC1 is about +2.2V. When the power switch is OFF and the voltage of +3.3V decreases, pin 14 of RTC (IC1) becomes roughly the same voltage as the battery voltage. RTC goes into the backup mode, in which the power consumption is lower.

#### IC1 +3.3V / BAT IN +3.3V / BATT IN 10 RTC C33 8 41 Ċ C34 Χ2 a ┨┠ C35 +3.3V / BAT IN 13 Φ +3.3V / BATT OUT 14 R39≸ +2.5V / BATT ₽ D407 Q7 R408 R40 ≸ C40 BAT401 3.0V

#### 6.3.8. Supervision Circuit for the Thermal Head Temperature

#### 1. Function

The thermistor changes the resistor according to the temperature and uses the thermistor's characteristics. The output of pin 139 of IC1 becomes a low level. Then when it becomes a high level, it triggers point A In point C, according to the voltage output time, the thermal head's temperature is detected.

After the thermal head temperature is converted to voltage in B, it is then changed to digital data in the A/D converter inside IC1. The CPU decides the strobe width of the thermal head according to this value. Therefore, this circuit can keep the thermal head at an even temperature in order to stabilize the printing density and prevent the head from being overheated.



**Circuit Diagram** 

**REFERENCE:** Thermal Head (P.26)

## 6.4. Facsimile Section

## 6.4.1. Image Data Flow During Facsimile Operation

#### Copy (Fine, Super-Fine, Half Tone)

- 1. Line information is read by Contact Image Sensor (to be used as the reference white level) via route1, and is input to IC1. Refer to **Block Diagram** (P.25)
- 2. In IC1, the data is adjusted to a suitable level for A/D conversion in the Analogue Signal Processing Section, and via route2 it is input to A/D conversion (8 bit). After finishing A/D conversion, the data is input to the Image Processing Section via route3. Then via route4 and route5, it is stored in RAM as shading data.
- 3. The draft's information that is read by CIS is input to IC1 via route1. After it is adjusted to a suitable level for A/D conversion via route2, the draft's information is converted to A/D (8 bit), and it is input to the Image Processing Section. The other side, the shading data which flows from RAM via route6 and route7, is input to the Image Processing Section. After finishing the draft's information image processing, white is regarded as "0" and black is regarded as "1". Then via routes4 and 5, they are stored in RAM.
- 4. The white/black data stored as above via routes6 and8 is input to the P/S converter. The white/black data converted to serial data in the P/S converter is input to the Thermal Head via route9 and is printed out on recording paper. **Note:**

Standard: Reads 3.85 times/mm Fine: Reads 7.7 times/mm Super-Fine: Reads 15.4 times/mm

#### Transmission

- 1. Same processing as Copy items 1 3.
- 2. The data stored in the RAM of IC1 is output from IC1 via routes6 and 10, and is stored in the system bus. Via route11, it is stored in the communication buffer inside DRAM (IC4).
- 3. While retrieving data stored in the communication buffer synchronous with the modem, the CPU (inside IC1) inputs the data to the modem along route12, where it is converted to serial analogue data and forwarded over the telephone lines via the NCU Section.

#### Reception

- 1. The serial analogue image data is received over the telephone lines and input to the modem via the NCU section, where it is demodulated to parallel digital data. Then the CPU (IC1) stores the data in the communication buffer DRAM (IC4) along route12.
- 2. The data stored in DRAM (IC4) is decoded by the CPU (IC1) via route12, and is stored in DRAM (IC4) via routes13 and 5.
- 3. Same processing as **Copy** item 4.



#### 6.4.3. Thermal Head

#### 1. Function

This unit utilizes the state of the art thermal printer technology.

The ink film is chemically processed. The ink film is comprised of two parts: an ink layer and a base film. When the thermal head contacts this ink film, it emits heat momentarily, and the ink layer is melted and transferred to the paper. If this continues, letters and/or diagrams appear, and the original document is reproduced.



#### Composition of the receive record section (Thermal recording format)

#### 2. Circuit Operation

Refer to the block diagram and the timing chart on the following page.

There are 9 driver ICs aligned horizontally on the thermal head and each one of these ICs can drive 192 heat emitting registers. This means that one line is at a density of  $192 \times 9 = 1728$  dots=(8 dots/mm).

White/Black (white=0, black=1) data in one line increments is synchronized at IC1 pin 117 (THCLK), and sent from IC1 pin 116 (THDAT) to the shift register of the ICs. The shift registers of the 9 ICs are connected in series, and upon the shift of dot increment 1728, all the shift registers become filled with data, and a latch pulse is emitted to each IC from IC1 pin 118 (THLAT). With this latch pulse, all the contents of the shift registers are latched to the latch registers. Thereafter, through the addition of strobes from the IC1 pins (103, 104) only black dot locations (=1) among latched data activates the driver, and the current passes to heat the emitting body causing heat emission.

Here, the two line strobes, STB1 and STB2, impress at intervals of 9.216 msec, as required for one-line printout.

The sequence is shown on the next page. [Moreover, for the strobe width, the thermistor value inside the thermal head is detected according to IC1 pin 4. Depending on that value, the strobe width is recorded in ROM (IC6).

Accordingly, the strobe width is determined.

When the thermal head is not used, the IC1 (17, THON) becomes low, Q502 turns OFF, Q401 turns OFF, and the +24 V power supply for the thermal head driver is not impressed to protect the IC.





#### 6.4.4. Scanning Block

The scanning block of this device consists of a control circuit and a contact image sensor made up of a celfoc lens array, an LED array, and photoelectric conversion elements.



When an original document is inserted and the start button pressed, pin 34 of IC1 goes to a high level and the transistor Q8 turns on.This applies voltage to the LED array to light it. The contact image sensor is driven by each of the FTG-F1 signals output from IC1, and the original image illuminated by the LED array undergoes photoelectric conversion to output an analogue image signal (AIN). The analogue image signal is input to the system ASIC on AIN1 (pin 3 of IC1) and converted into 8-bit data by the A/D converter inside IC1. Then this signal undergoes digital processing in order to obtain a high-quality image.

## 6.4.5. Stepping Motor Drive Circuit (RX)

## 1. Function

The stepping motor works for reception and copy.

#### 2. Motor

During motor driving, pin 124 of ASIC IC1 becomes high level, IC401 10pin becomes low level, and Q401 turns ON. As a result, +24V is supplied to the motor coil.

Stepping pulses are output from ASIC IC1 pins, 124, 120~123, causing driver IC401 pins, 16~13 to drive the Motor Coil. The motor coil is energized sequentially in 2 phase increments, which causes a 1-step rotation. The timing chart is below.

## **Stepping Monitor Timing Chart**



#### Stepping Motor Drive Mode

Function	Mode	Mode Phase Pattern	
Сору	Fine, Photo	1-2	432 pps (t=1/432)
	Super Fine	1-2	216 pps (t=1/216)
FAX Receiving	Standard, Fine, Photo	1-2	432 pps (t=1/432)
	Super Fine	1-2	216 pps (t=1/216)
Paper Feed		1-2	432 pps (t=1/432)
Stand-by		All phases are currently off.	None



When the motor suspends while it is in the receive mode (about 70~80 msec), pin 124 of ASIC IC1 becomes a low level and Q401 turns OFF, and instead of +24 V, +6 V is supplied through D401 so that the motor is held in place. When the system is in the standby mode, all of the motor drive transistors turn OFF. Consequently, the motor current stops.

## 6.4.6. Stepping Motor Drive Circuit (TX)

## 1. Function

The stepping motor works for reception and copy.

#### 2. Motor

During motor driving, pin 131 of ASIC IC1 becomes high level, IC401 10pin becomes low level, and Q402 turns ON. As a result, +24V is supplied to the motor coil.

Stepping pulses are output from ASIC IC1 pins, 131, 125, 128~130, causing driver IC402 pins, 16~13 to drive the Motor Coil. The motor coil is energized sequentially in 2 phase increments, which causes a 1-step rotation. The timing chart is below.

#### **Stepping Monitor Timing Chart**



#### Stepping Motor Drive Mode

Function	Mode	Phase Pattern	Speed
Сору	Fine, Photo	1-2	432 pps (t=1/432)
	Super Fine	1-2	216 pps (t=1/216)
FAX Sending	Standard	1-2	432 pps (t=1/432)
	Fine, Photo	1-2	432 pps (t=1/432)
	Super Fine	1-2	216 pps (t=1/216)
Document Feed		1-2	432 pps (t=1/432)
Stand-by		All phases are currently off.	None



When the motor suspends while it is in the sending mode (about 70~80 msec), pin 131 of ASIC IC1 becomes a low level and Q402 turns OFF. When the system is in the stand-by mode, all of the motor drive transistors turn OFF. Consequently, the motor current stops.

## 6.5. Sensors and Switches

All of the sensor and switches are shown below.

Sensor Circuit Location	Sensor	Sensor or Switch Name	Error Message
Operation Panel	SW337	Document top sensor	[REMOVE DOCUMENT]
	SW338	Document set sensor	[CHECK DOCUMENT]
Sensor P.C.Board	SW502	Cover Open sensor	[BACK COVER OPEN]
	SW501	Film Detection sensor	[FILM EMPTY] [CHECK FILM]
Analog Board	SW101	Hook switch	
Interface Board	PS401	Paper Top sensor	[PAPER JAMMED]

Note:

See Test Mode (P.63). (#815: Sensor Check)

**Sensor Locations** 



## 6.5.1. Document Top Sensor (SW337)

When a document is brought to the read position, the SW turns ON, and the input signal of IC301-6 pin (Operation Board) becomes a low level. When there is no document at the read position, the SW turns OFF, and the input signal of IC301-6 pin (Operation Board) becomes a high level.



#### 6.5.2. Document Set Sensor (SW338)

When a document is set, the SW turns ON, and the input signal of IC301-9 pin (Operation Board) becomes a low level. When there is no document, the SW turns ON, and the input signal of IC301-9 pin (Operation Board) becomes a high level.



	SW	Signal (IC301-9 pin)
No document	OFF	High level
Set document	ON	Low level

## 6.5.3. Paper Top Sensor (PS401)

When the recording paper is loaded on the print head, the shelter plate shuts the sensor light, and the photo transistor turns OFF. The input signal of IC5-65 pin becomes a high level. Usually, the shelter plate is lifted, the photo transistor turns ON, and the input signal of IC1-102 pin becomes a low level.



	Photo transistor	Signal (IC5-65 pin)
Recording paper top	OFF	High level
No recording paper	ON	Low level

### 6.5.4. Cover Open Sensor (SW502)

When the u-TURN BLOCK is closed, the SW becomes ON, and the input signal of IC5-66 pin (Digital Board) becomes a low level. When the cover is opened, the SW becomes OFF, and the input signal of IC5-66 (Digital Board) pin becomes a high level.



	SW	Signal (IC5-66 pin)
Cover is opened	OFF	High level
Cover is closed	ON	Low level

## 6.5.5. Hook Switch (SW101)

When the handset is lifted, the switch turns ON, and the signal at pin 43 of IC1 becomes low. When the handset is returned, the switch turns OFF, and the signal at pin 43 of IC1 becomes high.



	SW	Signal (IC1-43 pin)
ON-Hook	ON	Low level
OFF-Hook	OFF	High level
### 6.6. Modem Section

#### 6.6.1. Function

The unit uses a 1 chip modem (IC5) that serves as an interface between the control section for FAX transmission and reception and the telephone line. During a transmitting operation, the digital image signals are modulated and sent to the telephone line. During a receiving operation, the analogue image signals which are received via the telephone line are demodulated and converted into digital image signals. The communication format and procedures for FAX communication are standardized by ITU-T. This 1 chip modem (IC5) has hardware which sends and detects all of the necessary signals for FAX communication. It can be controlled by writing commands from the CPU (IC1: inside ASIC) to the register in the modem (IC5). This modem (IC5) also sends DTMF signals, and detects a busy tone and dial tones.

Overview of Facsimile Communication Procedures (ITU-T Recommendation):

#### 1. ON CCITT (International Telegraph and Telephone Consultative Committee)

The No. XIV Group of ITU-T, one of the four permanent organizations of the International Telecommunications Union (ITU), investigates and make recommendations on international standards for facsimiles.

#### 2. Definition of Each Group

• Group I (G1)

Official A-4 size documents without using formats which reduce the band width of a signal are sent over telephone lines. Determined in 1968.

Transmission for about 6 minutes at a scanning line density of 3.85 lines/mm.

• Group II (G2)

Using reduction technology in the modulation/demodulation format, an A-4 size document is sent at an official scanning line density of 3.85 lines/mm for about 3 minutes.

Methods to suppress redundancy are not used.

- Determined in 1976.
- Group III (G3)

Method of suppressing redundancy in the image signal prior to modulation is used. An A-4 size document is sent within about one minute.

Determined in 1980.

· Group IV (G4)

Transmission is via the data network. A method is provided for suppressing redundancy in signals prior to transmission, and error-free reception of transmission is possible.

The scope of these facsimile applications is not limited simply to transmission of written statements. Through symbiotic linkages with other communication methods, it can be expected to expand to include integrated services.

#### 3. Facsimile Call Time Series

As shown in the following diagram, the facsimile call time series is divided into five phases.



#### **Operation Progress**

#### Phase A: Call setting

Call setting can be manual/automatic.

#### Phase B: Pre-message procedure

Phase B is a pre-processing procedure and sequence for confirming the status of the terminal, transmission route, etc., and for terminal control. It implements terminal preparation status, determines and displays terminal constants, confirms synchronization status, etc. and prepares for transmission of facsimile messages.

#### Phase C: Message transmission

Phase C is the procedure for the transmitting facsimile messages.

Phase D: Post message procedure

Phase D is the procedure for confirming that the message is completed and received. For continuous transmission, phase B or phase C is repeated for transmission.

#### Phase E: Call retrieval

Phase E is the procedure for call retrieval, that is for circuit disconnection.

4. Concerning Transmission Time

#### Transmission Time = Control Time + Image Transmission Time + Hold Time

Transmission time consists of the following.

#### Control time:

This is time at the start of transmission when the functions at the sending and receiving sides are confirmed, the transmission mode is established, and transmission and reception are synchronized.

#### Image transmission time:

This is the time required for the transmission of document contents (image data). In general, this time is recorded in the catalog, etc.

#### Hold time:

This is the time required after the document contents have been sent to confirm that the document was actually sent, and to check for telephone reservations and/or the existence of continuous transmission.

#### 5. Facsimile Standards

	Telephone Network Facsimile
Item	G3 Machine
Connection Control Mode	Telephone Network Signal Mode
Terminal Control Mode	T. 30 Binary
Facsimile Signal Format	Digital
Modulation Mode	PSK (V. 27 ter) or QAM (V. 29)
Transmission Speed	300 bps (Control Signal) 2400, 4800, 7200, 9600, 12000, 14400bps (FAX Signal)
Redundancy Compression Process (Coding Mode)	1 dimension: MH Mode 2 dimension: MR Mode (K=2.4), MMR
Resolution	Main Scan: 8 pel/mm Sub Scan: 3.85, 7.7l/mm
Line Synchronization Signal	EOL Signal
1 Line Transmission Time [ms/line]	Depends on the degree of data reduction. Minimum Value: 10, 20 Can be recognized in 40ms.

#### 6. Explanation of Communication and Compression Technology

#### a. G3 Communication Signals (T. 30 Binary Process)

For G3 Facsimile communication, this is the procedure for exchanging control signals between the sending and receiving machines both before and after transmission of image signals.

Control signals at 300 bps FSK are: 1850 Hz...0, 1650Hz...1.

An example of a binary process in G3 communication is shown below.



#### **Explanation of Signals**

Control signals are comprised mainly of 8-bit identification signals and the data signals added to them. Data signals are added to DIS and DCS signals.

Signal.....DIS (Digital Identification Signal)

Identification Signal Format.....00000001

#### Function:

Notifies the capacity of the receiving unit. The added data signals are as follows.

Signal.....DCS (Digital Command Signal) Identification Signal Format.....X1000001

Example (Some models do not support the following items.):

Bit No.	DIS/DTC	DCS
1	Transmitter T.2 operation	
2	Receiver T.2 operation	Receiver T.2 operation
3	T.2 IOC = 176	T.2 IOC = 176
4	Transmitter T.3 operation	
5	Receiver T.3 operation	Receiver T.3 operation
6	Reserved for future T.3 operation features	
7	Reserved for future T.3 operation features.	
8	Reserved for future T.3 operation features.	
9	Transmitter T.4 operation	

Bit No.	DIS/DTC	DCS
10	Peoply T4 operation	Bessiver T4 exerction
10	Receiver 1.4 Operation	
11.12.13.14	Data signaling rate	Data signaling rate
0000	V 27 tor fall back mode	2400 bit/o 1/27 tor
0,0,0,0		2400 01/5, V.27 (CI
0,1,0,0	V.27 ter	4800 bit/s, V.27 ter
1000	V 29	9600 bit/s V 29
1,0,0,0	V.25	7000 bit/s, V.20
1,1,0,0	V.27 ter and V.29	7200 bit/s, V.29
0.0.1.0	Not used	14400 bit/s. V.33
0110	Peserved	12000 bit/c 1/33
0,1,1,0		12000 bit/s, v.33
1,0,1,0	Not used	Reserved
1.1.1.0	V.27 ter and V.29 and V.33	Reserved
0.0.0.1	Notused	14400 bit/s 1/17
0,0,0,1		
0,1,0,1	Reserved	12000 bit/s, V.17
1.0.0.1	Not used	9600 bit/s. V.17
1101	V27 ter and $V29$ and $V33$ and $V17$	7200 hit/s 1/17
0.0.1.1	Netweed	
0,0,1,1	Not used	Reserved
0,1,1,1	Reserved	Reserved
1011	Notused	Reserved
1,0,1,1		
1,1,1,1	Reserved	Reserved
15	R8×7.7 lines/mm and/or 200×200 pels/25.4mm	R8×7.7 lines/mm and/or 200×200 pels/25.4mm
16	Two dimonsional opding oppobility	Two dimonsional opding conchility
10		
17, 18	Recording width capabilities	Recording width
(0, 0)	1728 picture elements along scan line length of	1728 picture elements along scan line length of
(0, 0)	$215 \text{ mm} \pm 10/$	$215 \text{ mm} \pm 10/$
(0, 1)	1728 picture elements along scan line length of	2432 picture elements along scan line length of
	215 mm + 1%	303 mm + 1%
	2010 mint 2 170	000 1111 2 170
	2046 picture elements along scan line length of	
	255 mm ± 1%	
	2432 picture elements along scan line length of	
	$202 \text{ mm} \pm 10/$	
	303 IIIII ± 1%	
(1, 0)	1728 picture elements along scan line length of	2048 picture elements along scan line length of
	215 mm ± 1%	255 mm ± 1%
	2048 nicture elements along scan line length of	
	255 mm ± 1%	
(1, 1)	Invalid	Invalid
10, 20	Movimum recording length conchility	Maximum recording length
19, 20		
(0, 0)	A4 (297 mm)	A4 (297 mm)
(0, 1)	Unlimited	Unlimited
(1,0)	$\Lambda 4 (207 \text{ mm})$ and $P4 (364 \text{ mm})$	P4(364  mm)
(1, 0)	A4 (297 mm) and B4 (304 mm)	D4 (304 mm)
(1, 1)	Invalid	Invalid
21 22 23	Minimum scan line time capability of the receiver	Minimum scan line time
(0, 0, 0)	20  mo of  2.95  J/mm; T = T	20 mg
(0, 0, 0)	$20 \text{ ms at } 3.05 \text{ mm. } 1_{7.7} = 1_{3.85}$	201115
(0, 0, 1)	40 ms at 3.85 l/mm: T <sub>7 7</sub> = T <sub>3.85</sub>	40 ms
(0, 1, 0)	10  mo of  2.95  J/mm; T = T	10 ms
(1,0,0)	10 ms at 3.05 mm. $1_{7.7} - 1_{3.85}$	5 ms
(1, 0, 0)	5 ms at 3.85 l/mm: T <sub>7 7</sub> = T <sub>3.85</sub>	5 115
(0, 1, 1)	10  mo of  2.95  J/mm  T = 1/2  T	
(1, 1, 0)	$10 \text{ ms at 3.05 l/mm. } 1_{7.7} = 1/2 1_{3.85}$	
$(1 \ 0 \ 1)$	20 ms at 3.85 l/mm: $T_{7,7} = 1/2 T_{3,85}$	
(1, 0, 1)	40  mo of  2.95  J/mm  T = 1/2  T	
(1, 1, 1)	40 ms at 3.05 mm. $1_{7.7} = 1/2 \ 1_{3.85}$	
	0 ms at 3.85 l/mm: T <sub>7 7</sub> = T <sub>3.85</sub>	0 ms
0.4	1.1 0.00	Frater of Gold
24		
25	2400 bit/s handshaking	2400 bit/s handshaking
26		
20		
27	Error correction mode	Error correction mode
28	Set to "0".	Frame size 0 = 256 octets 1 = 64 octets
	Error limiting mode	Error limiting mode
29		
30	Reserved for G4 capability on PSTN	Reserved for G4 capability on PSTN
31	T 6 coding capability	T 6 coding enabled
32	Extend field	Extend field
33	Validity of bits 17, 18	Recording width
(0)	Bite 17, 18 are valid	Recording width indicated by hite 17, 19
(1)	Bits 17, 18 are invalid	Recording width indicated by this field bit information
34	Recording width capability 1216 picture elements along	Middle 1216 elements of 1728 picture elements
	scan line length of $151 \pm mm 10/$	
35	Recording width capability 864 picture elements along scan	Middle 864 elements of 1728 picture elements
1	line length of 107 + mm 1%	
		lavalid
36	Recording width capability 1728 picture elements along	Invalio
1	scan line length of 151 ± mm 1%	
37	Recording width canability 1728 nicture elements element	Invalid
57		Invalia
1	scan line length of 107 ± mm 1%	
38	Reserved for future recording width capability	

Bit No.	DIS/DTC	DCS
39	Reserved for future recording width capability.	
40	Extend field	Extend field
41	R8×15.4 lines/mm	R8×15.4 lines/mm
42	300×300 pels/25.4 mm	300×300 pels/25.4 mm
43	R16×15.4 lines/mm and/or 400×400 pels/25.4 mm	R16×15.4 lines/mm and/or 400×400 pels/25.4 mm
44	Inch based resolution preferred	Resolution type selection
		"0": neritic based resolution
		"1": inch based resolution
45	Metric based resolution preferred	Don't care
46	Minimum scan line time capability for higher resolutions	Don't care
	"0": T <sub>15.4</sub> = T <sub>7.7</sub> "1": T <sub>15.4</sub> = 1/2T <sub>7.7</sub>	
47	Selective Polling capability	Set to "0".
48	Extend field	Extend field

Note 1 - Standard facsimile units conforming to T.2 must have the following capability: Index of cooperation (IOC)=264. Note 2 - Standard facsimile units conforming to T.3 must have the following capability: Index of cooperation (IOC)=264. Note 3 - Standard facsimile units conforming to T.4 must have the following capability: Paper length=297 mm.

Signal	Identification Signal Format	Function
Training 1		A fixed pattern is transmitted to the receiving side at a speed (2400
		to 14400 bps) designated by DCS, and the receiving side optimizes
		the automatic equalizer, etc., according to this signal.
TCF		Sends 0 continuously for 1.5 seconds at the same speed as the
(Training Check)		training signal.
CFR	X0100001	Notifies the sending side that TCF has been properly received. If
(Confirmation to Receive)		TCF is not properly received, FTT (Failure To Train) X0100010 is
		relayed to the sender. The sender then reduces the transmission
		speed by one stage and initiates training once again.
Training 2		Used for reconfirming the receiving side like training 1.
Image Signal	Refer to the next page.	
RTC		Sends 12 bits (001 $\times$ 6 times) to the receiver at the same speed as
(Return to Control)		the image signal and notifies completion of transmission of the first
		sheet.
EOP	X1110100	End of one communication
(End of Procedure)		
MCF	X0110001	End of 1 page reception
(Message Confirmation)		
DCN	X1011111	Phase E starts.
(Disconnect)		
MPS	X1110010	Completion of transmission of 1 page. If there are still more docu-
(Multi-Page Signal)		ments to be sent, they are output instead of EOP. After MCF recep-
		tion, the sender transmits an image signal of the second sheet.
PRI-EOP	X1111100	If there is an operator call from the sender, it is output after RTC.
(Procedural Interrupt-EOP)		
PIP	X0110101	This is output when an operator call is received.
(Procedural Interrupt Positive)		

#### b. Redundancy Compression Process Coding Mode

This unit uses one-dimensional MH format.



(d) Total bit number after MH codification (63 bit)

### 6.6.2. Modem Circuit Operation

The modem (IC5) has all the hardware satisfying the CCITT standards mentioned previously.

When the ASIC IC1 (61) is brought to a low level, the modem (IC5) is chip-selected and the resistors inside IC are selected by the select signals from ASIC (IC1) ADR0-ADR4. The commands are written through the data bus, and all the processing is controlled by the ASIC (IC1) according to CCITT procedures. The INT signal dispatched from IRQn (pin 100 of IC5) to ASIC (IC1) when the transmission data is accepted and the received data is demodulated, the ASIC (IC1) implements post processing. This modem (IC5) has an automatic application equalizer.

With training signal 1 or 2 during G3 reception, it can automatically establish the optimum equalizer. The modem (IC5) operates using the 32.256 MHz clock (X4).

#### 1. Facsimile Transmission

The digital image data on the data bus is modulated in the modem (IC5), and sent from pin 56 via Analogue SW IC11, amplifier IC10 and the NCU section to the telephone line.

#### Refer to Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125).

#### 2.Facsimile Reception

The analogue image data which is received from the telephone line passes through the NCU section and enters pin 47 of the modem (IC5). The signals that enter pin 47 of the modem (IC5) are demodulated in the board to digital image signals, then placed on the data bus.

In this case, the image signals from the telephone line are transmitted serially. Hence, they are placed on the bus in 8 bit units. Here, the internal equalizer circuit reduces the image signals to a long-distance receiving level.

This is designed to correct the characteristics of the frequency band centered about 3 kHz and maintain a constant receiving sensitivity. It can be set in the service mode.

#### Refer to Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125).

#### 3.DTMF Transmission (Monitor tone)

The DTMF signal generated in the modem (IC5) is output from pin 56, and is then sent to the circuit on the same route as used for facsimile transmission.

Refer to Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125).

#### (DTMF Monitor Tone)

Refer to Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125).

#### **4.Call Tone Transmission**

This is the call signal which is generated in the ASIC (IC1) and sent to the speaker.

Refer to Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125).

#### 5.Busy/Dial Tone Detection

The path is the same as FAX receiving. When it is detected, the carrier detect bit of the resistor in the modem (IC5) becomes 1, and this status is monitored by the ASIC (IC1).

#### 6.Caller ID Detection

The caller ID signal which is received from the telephone line/passes through IC101 pin (2-1). And it enters pin 50 of the modem (IC5).

### 6.7. NCU Section

#### 6.7.1. General

NCU is the interface with the telephone line. It is composed of Bell detection circuit, Pulse dial circuit, Line amplifier and sidetone circuits. The following is a brief explanation of each circuit.

### 6.7.2. EXT. TEL. Line Relay (RLY101)

#### 1. Circuit Operation

Normally, this relay switches to the external telephone side (break) and switches to the tel line side (make) while OFF-HOOK.

{IC1 (44) High Level  $\rightarrow$  CN7 (15) High Level}  $\rightarrow$  CN101 (3) High Level  $\rightarrow$  Q106 ON  $\rightarrow$  RLY101 (make)

### 6.7.3. Bell Detection Circuit

#### 1. Circuit Operation

The signal waveform for each section is indicated below. The signal (low level section) input to pin 19 of ASIC IC1 on the digital board is illustrated.



#### 6.7.4. Pulse Dial Circuit and ON/OFF Hook Circuit

 $\label{eq:IC1} \begin{array}{l} (130) \rightarrow \text{LOW LEVEL} \ (\text{MAKE}) \rightarrow \text{Q106 ON} \ (\text{MAKE}) \rightarrow \text{RLY101 ON} \ (\text{MAKE}) \rightarrow \text{TEL LINE} \\ \hline \text{IC1} \ (130) \rightarrow \text{HIGH LEVEL} \ (\text{BREAK}) \rightarrow \text{Q106 OFF} \ (\text{BREAK}) \rightarrow \text{RLY101 OFF} \ (\text{BREAK}) \rightarrow \text{TEL LINE} \\ \hline \end{array}$ 

#### 6.7.5. Line Amplifier and Side Tone Circuit

#### 1. Circuit Operation

The reception signal output from the line transformer T101 is input to pin (2) of IC101 via C108 and R109 and then the signal is amplified at pin (2) of IC101 and sent to the reception system at 0dB.

The transmission signal is output from CN101 (6) and transmitted to T101 via R114. If the side tone circuit is not applied, the transmission signal will return to the reception amplifier via C108 and R109. When the side tone circuit is active, the signal output from IC101 pin (1) passes through R113, C110, C109 and R110 and goes into the amplifier IC101 pin (3). This circuit is used to cancel the transmission return signal.

### Side Tone Circuit



### 6.7.6. Calling Line Identification Circuit (FSK)

#### 1. Function

This unit is compatible with the Caller ID service offered by your local telephone company. To use this feature, you must subscribe to a Caller ID service. The data for the Caller ID from the telephone exchange is sent during the interval between the first and second rings of the bell signal. The data from the telephone exchange is a modem signal which is modulated in an FSK (Frequency Shift Keying) format. Data "0" is a 1200 Hz sine wave, and data 1 a 2200 Hz sine wave.

There are two type of the message format which can be received: i.e. the single data message format and multiple data message format.

The multiple data format allows to transmit the name and data code information in addition to the time and telephone number data.

When there is multiple data in the unit, the name or telephone number are displayed.

#### 2. Circuit Operation:

The Caller ID signal input from TEL LINE is processed with MODEM (IC5).

Refer to **Check Sheet for Signal Route** (P.125) for the route of Caller ID signal.



•1 word = All 8 bit data

- Message Type Word = Fixed value "00000100"
- Message Length Word = number of the data word
- Data word = The data value (month, day, hour, minute, telephone number)

#### · Multiple data message



 $\cdot$ 1 word = All 8 bit data

•Message Type = Fixed value "10000000"

- ·Message Length Word = number of the Parameter Message word
- •Parameter Type Word = Kind of data (ex. the time, phone number)

·Parameter Length Word = number of the Parameter data word

·Parameter Word (s) = the data value

### 6.7.7. Calling Line Identification Circuit (DTMF)

#### 1. Function

This unit is compatible with the Caller ID service offered by your local telephone company. To use this feature, you must subscribe to a Caller ID service. The data for the Caller ID from the telephone exchange is sent before the first ring signal. The data from the telephone exchange is sent by DTMF signal.

#### 2. Circuit Operation:

The Caller ID signal from TEL LINE is processed with MODEM (IC5). Refer to **Check Sheet for Signal Route** (P.125) for the route of Caller ID (DTMF) signal.

#### **Timing Chart**



## 6.8. ITS (Integrated telephone System) and Monitor Section

### 6.8.1. General

The general ITS operation is performed by the special IC5 which has a handset circuit. The alarm tone, the key tone, and the beep are output from the ASIC IC1 (digital board). During the pulse dial operation, the monitor tone is output from the ASIC IC1.

### 6.8.2. Speakerphone Circuit

1. Function

The circuit controls the automatic switching of the transmitted and received signals, to and from the telephone line, when the unit is used in the hands-free mode.

2. Circuit Operation

The speakerphone can only provide duplex.

3. Signal path

Refer to Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125).

### 6.8.3. Handset Circuit

1. Function

This circuit controls the conversation over the handset, i.e. the transmitted and received voices to and from the handset.

2. Signal path

Refer to Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125).

### 6.8.4. Monitor Circuit for Each Signals

1. Function

This circuit monitors various tones, such as 1 DTMF tone, 2 Alarm/Beep/Key tone/Bell.

2. Signal path

Refer to Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125).

### 6.9. ATAS (Automatic Telephone Answering System) Section

#### 1. Function

The ATAS main operation is performed by the special IC5 (MODEM). IC8 (FLASH MEMORY) control signals are input from ASIC IC1.

- a. Greeting/Message Recording
- b. ICM Recording
- c. Greeting/Message/ICM play to speaker
- d. Greeting/Message/ICM play to Tel Line
- e. Vox Detection

#### 2. Signal Path

Refer to Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125).

### 6.10. Operation Board Section

The unit consists of a LCD (Liquid crystal display), KEYs and LEDs (light-emitting diodes). They are controlled by the Gate Array (IC301) and ASIC (IC1: on the Digital BOARD).

The key matrix table is shown below.



KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX: OPERATION BOARD BLOCK DIAGRAM

#### **Key Matrix**

	KIN0	KIN1	KIN2	KIN3	KIN4	KIN5	KIN6	KIN7
KSL0	SW301 1	SW305 2	SW309 3	SW313 REDIAL/PAUSE	SW317 CALLER ID	SW322 SET	SW327 Station Key4	SW335 START
KSL1	SW304 4	SW306 5	SW310 6	SW314 FLASH	SW318 MENU	SW323	SW328 Station Key5	SW333 STOP
KSL2	SW302 7	SW307 8	SW311 9	SW315 MUTE	SW319	SW324 Station Key1/ BROADCAST	SW329 LOWER	SW334 COPY
KSL3				SW336 PLAYBACK	SW321 ∳	SW326 Station Key3	SW331 ERASE	
KSL4	SW303 <del>X</del>	SW308 0	SW312 #	SW316 DIGITAL SP-PHONE	SW320	SW325 Station Key2	SW330 RECORD	SW332 AUTO ANSWER

#### LED

LED2 AUTO ANSWER

LED Port Setting : LED ON : Low , LED OFF : High

#### SENSOR

Sensor Name	Туре	Sensor Setting
Document Top	Mechanical	XLED9 = High : DOCUMENT TOP undetect
Sensor	Switch	XLED9 = Low : DOCUMENT TOP detect
Document Set	Mechanical	XLED10 = High : DOCUMENT not available
Sensor	Switch	XLED10 = Low : DOCUMENT available

### 6.11. LCD Section

The Gate Array (IC301) works only for writing the ASCII code from the data bus (D4~D7). V0 is supplied for the crystal drive. R310, R312, R313 and R329 are density control resistors.

Consequently, in this unit, the timing (positive clock) is generated by the LCD interface circuitry in the gate array (IC301).

**Circuit Diagram** 



DIsplay mode	Density	Normal	Dark
2 lines (X1. 0)	LED1 (IC301-22pin)	Н	L
	XLED15 (IC301-21pin)	L	L
	XLED14 (IC301-20pin)	Hi-Z	L
X1. 5	LED1	Н	Н
	XLED15	Hi-Z	L
	XLED14	Hi-Z	Hi-Z

### 6.12. Power Supply Board Section

This power supply board uses the switching regulator method.



#### [Input Circuit]

The input current goes into the input rectifier circuit through the filter circuit. The filter circuit decreases the noise voltage and the noise electric field strength.

#### [Rectifier Circuit]

The input current is rectified by D101, D102, D103 and D104 and charges C106 to make DC voltage. Then it supplies power to the converter circuit.

#### [Kick-on voltage circuit]

Bias is applied to the Q101 gate via this circuit when the AC power is turned on and Q101 begins operating.



The following is an overview of how the power supply unit is controlled. The control method of this power supply unit is pulse width modulation.

When  $Q_1$  is ON, the energy is charged in the transfer primary coil according to  $E_1$ . When  $Q_1$  is OFF, the energy is output from the secondary transfer as follows.

 $L \rightarrow D_1 \rightarrow Load \rightarrow L$ 

Then the power is supplied to the Load. When  $Q_1$  is ON, power is not output from the secondary side. The output voltage is fed back in the control IC according to the error amp rectifier. Then depending on how  $T_{ON}$  is controlled, stabilization occurs. Also, when the current load becomes too large, in order to decrease the voltage output, the increase in  $\tau$  is controlled and the output voltage is stabilized.

Therefore, basically the timing: Ton/Toff of Q1 controls the output voltage.

Output/Input voltage value of ratio



#### [Surge Absorber Circuit]

This circuit is for absorbing surge voltage generated by the transformer.

#### [Control Circuit and Detecting Circuit]

The control circuit amplifies the output with increased voltage detected in the error detecting circuit. Then it drives the main transistor.

In this power supply, the duty ratio is defined by changing the ON period of the main transistor.

This is shown as follows.

When the output voltage of the 24V circuit increases, the current of the photo coupler PC101 increases, the pulse width of the output control IC becomes narrower and the ON period of Q101 becomes shorter.

#### [Over Current Limiter (O.C.L)]

The highest drain current (Q101) is limited by a limiter circuit (IC101) of 24V. The 24V output is limited by this circuit.

#### [Over Voltage Circuit]

If the 24V output increases because the error detecting circuit or control circuit is broken, IC101 will recognize this signal and output becomes 0V.

#### Dummy load method (to quickly check the power supply output)

Refer to Power Supply Board Section (P.129).

# 7 Location of Controls and Components

### 7.1. Overview



- (1) Speaker
- (2) Document guides
- (3) Paper tray
- (4) Paper support
- (5) Recording paper entrance
- (6) Recording paper exit
- (7) Tension plate
- (8) Front cover
- (9) Document exit
- (10) Document entrance
- (11) Green button (Back cover release button)
- (12) Back cover

### 7.2. Control Panel



#### (1) [FLASH]

- To access special telephone services or for transferring extension calls.
- The recall/flash time can be changed (feature #072 on **Pro**gram Mode Table (P.100)).

#### (2) [REDIAL] [PAUSE]

- To redial the last number dialed. If the line is busy when you make a phone call using the [DIGITAL SP-PHONE] button, or when you send a fax, the unit will automatically redial the number 2 or more times.
- To insert a pause during dialing.

#### (3) [CALLER ID]

• To use Caller ID features.

#### (4) [MENU]

• To start or exit programming.

#### (5) Navigator key

#### [+][-][▲][▼][<][►][PHONEBOOK][VOLUME]

- To adjust volume.
- To search for a stored item.

#### (6) [SET]

• To store a setting during programming.

#### (7) [AUTO ANSWER]

• To turn the auto answer setting ON/OFF.

#### (8) [MIC]

The built-in microphone.

#### (9) [STOP]

- To stop an operation or programming session.
- To erase a character/number.

#### (10) [RECORD]

- To record your greeting message.
- To record your voice memo.

#### (11) [TONE]

• To change from pulse to tone temporarily during dialing when your line has rotary/pulse service.

#### (12) [MUTE]

• To mute your voice during a conversation. Press again to resume the conversation.

#### (13) [DIGITAL SP-PHONE]

· For speakerphone operation.

#### (14) [BROADCAST]

· To send a document to multiple parties.

#### (15) Station keys

• To use the one touch dial feature.

#### (16) [LOWER]

• To select stations 6-10 for the one-touch dial feature.

#### (17) [PLAYBACK]

• To play messages.

#### (18) [ERASE]

- To erase messages.
- To erase a stored item.

#### (19) [FAX START]

• To send or receive a fax.

#### (20) [COPY]

• To copy a document.

# 8 Installation Instructions

### 8.1. Installation Space

The space required to install the unit is shown below. The dimensions given are necessary for the unit to operate efficiently. (When the recording paper is not inserted to the unit.)



#### Note:

- · Avoid excessive heat or humidity.
- Use the unit within the following ranges of temperature and humidity.
- Ambient temperature: 5°C to 35°C
- Relative humidity: 20% to 80% (without condensation)
- Avoid direct sunlight.
- Do not install near devices which contain magnets or generate magnetic fields.
- · Do not subject the unit to strong physical shock or vibration.
- Keep the unit clean. Dust accumulation can prevent the unit from functioning properly.
- To protect the unit from damage, hold both sides when you move it.

### 8.2. Connections

#### Caution:

- When you operate this product, the power outlet should be near the product and easily accessible.
- Be sure to use the telephone line cord supplied with this unit.
- Do not extend the telephone line cord.
- 1 Telephone line cord

•Connect to a single telephone line jack.

- 2 Power cord
  - •Connect to a power outlet (220 V 240 V, 50/60 Hz).
- ③ [EXT] jack
  - •You can connect an extension telephone. Remove the stopper if attached.
- (4) Extension telephone (not included)
- (5) USB interface connector (KX-FM388 only)



(The pictured model is KX-FM388.)

#### Note:

- If any other device is connected to the same telephone line, this unit may disturb the network condition of the device.
- If you use the unit with a computer and your internet provider instructs you to install a filter (), please connect it as follows.



# 8.2.1. Connecting to a Computer (KX-FM388 only)

Panasonic PANA LINK software enables the unit to carry out the following functions:

- .- Sending fax documents created on your computer
- Receiving faxes on your computer
- Storing fax and phone numbers into the directory
- Using the unit as a printer and a scanner

To use PANA LINK software on your computer, the following are required:

#### **Operating System:**

Windows 98/Windows Me/Windows 2000/Windows XP/ Windows Vista<sup>®</sup> x86 (32bit)

• It does not work with Windows XP x64 (64bit) and Windows Vista x64 (64bit).

#### CPU:

Windows 98: Pentium<sup>®</sup> 90 MHz or faster

Windows Me: Pentium 150 MHz or faster Windows 2000: Pentium 166 MHz or faster Windows XP: Pentium 300 MHz or faster

Windows Vista: Recent Processor (x86) 800 MHz or higher processor

#### RAM:

Windows 98: 24 MB (32 MB or more recommended) Windows Me: 32 MB (64 MB or more recommended) Windows 2000: 64 MB or more Windows XP: 128 MB or more Windows Vista: 512 MB or more

Windows Vista: 512 MB or m

#### Other Hardware: CD-ROM drive

Hard disk drive with at least 40 MB of available space USB interface

#### Other:

Internet Explorer<sup>®</sup> 5.0 or later

#### Warning:

- To assure continued emission limit compliance;
  - use only shielded USB cable (Example: Hi-Speed USB 2.0 certified cable).
- To protect the unit, use only shielded USB cable in areas where thunderstorms occur.

Note: • A USB cable is not supplied for KX-FM388. Please purchase a shielded Type-A male/Type-B male USB cable.



#### Installing the Ink Film 8.3.

1. Open the front cover by pulling up the centre part.



- 2. Release the back cover by pushing the green button ((1)). · You can also release the back cover by pushing in the
  - green lever (2).



3. Open the back cover.



- Insert the blue gear of the ink film roll into the front left slot of the unit (③) and the white gear of the ink film roll into the rear left slot of the unit (④).
  - The ink film is safe to touch and will not rub off on your hands like carbon paper.
  - Make sure the blue gear (3) and white gear (4) are installed as shown.



Turn the blue gear ((5)) in the direction of the arrow until the ink film is tight ((6)) and at least one layer of ink film is wrapped around the blue core ((7)).

Correct



Incorrect



No ink film is wrapped around the blue core.



Close the back cover securely by pushing down on the dotted area at both ends ((3)).









### 8.4. Installing the Paper Tray

Insert the tabs (1) on the paper tray (2) into the slots on the back of the unit (3).



### 8.5. Paper Support

Insert the recording paper support  $(\underline{1})$  into the slot to the right of the recording paper exit  $(\underline{2})$ . then into the left slot  $(\underline{3})$ .





The unit can hold up to 50 sheets of 64  $g/m^2$  to 80  $g/m^2$  paper. 1. Fan the paper to prevent paper jams.



- Pull the tension plate forward (①) and insert the paper gently, print-side down (②).
- The paper should not be over the tab (③).



• If the paper is not inserted correctly, remove all of the installed paper, and re-install it gently. Otherwise the paper may jam.





Note:

Remove all of the installed paper before adding paper.

Document requirements

#### Minimum document size



#### Maximum document size



#### Effective scanning area

• Shaded area will be scanned.



#### **Document weight**

- When faxing a single sheet:
  - 45 g/m<sup>2</sup> to 90 g/m<sup>2</sup>
- When faxing a multiple sheet: 60 g/m<sup>2</sup> to 80 g/m<sup>2</sup>

#### Note:

- Remove chips, staples or other fasteners.
- · Do not send the following types of documents. (Make a copy
- of the document using another copier and send the copy.)
- Chemically treated paper such as carbon or carbonless duplicating paper
- Electrostatically charged paper
- Badly curled, creased or torn paper
- Paper with a coated surface
- Paper with a faint image
- Paper with printing on the opposite side that can be seen through the other side, such as newsprint
- Check that ink, paste or correction fluid has dried completely.
- To send a document with a width of less than 210 mm, we recommend using a copy machine to copy the original document onto A4 or letter-sized paper, than sending the copied document.

# 9 Operating Instructions

### 9.1. Setting Your Logo

You can program your logo (name, company name, etc.) so that it appears on the top of each page sent.



1. [MENU]  $\rightarrow$  [#][0][2]  $\rightarrow$  [SET]

LOGO=	

- 2. Enter your logo, up to 30 characters. See the following character table for details.  $\rightarrow$  [SET]
- 3. Press [MENU] to exit.

#### To select characters with the dial keypad

Keypad	Characters								
[1]	Spa	ace		#	&	,	(	)	
	*	,	—	•	/	1			
[2]	Α	В	С	2					
	a	b	с	2					
[3]	D	Е	F	3					
	d	е	f	3					
[4]	G	Н	Ι	4					
	g	h	i	4					
[5]	J	к	L	5					
	j	k	Ι	5					
[6]	м	Ν	0	6					
	m	n	0	6					
[7]	Р	Q	R	S	7				
	р	q	r	s	7				
[8]	Т	U	V	8					
	t	u	v	8					
[9]	w	Х	Y	Ζ	9				
	w	x	у	z	9				
[0]	Spa	ace	0						

Keypad	Characters
[*]	To switch between uppercase or lowercase letters.
[FLASH]	Hyphen.
[MUTE]	To insert a space.
[STOP]	To delete a character.

Note:

 To enter a character that is located on the same dial key as the previously entered character, you must first press []>] to move the cursor to the next space.

#### To enter your logo

Example: "BILL" 1. Press [2] 2 times.

2. Press [4] 3 times.

3. Press [5] 3 times.

LOGO=BIL

LOGO=BI

4. Press [>] to move the cursor to the next space and press [5] 3 times.

LOGO=BILL

#### To switch between uppercase or lowercase letters Pressing the [+] button will change the letter input to uppercase or lowercase alternately.

1. Press [2] 2 times.

LOGO=B

2. Press [4] 3 times.

LOGO=BI

3. Press [+] 3 times.

LOGO=Bi

4. Press [5] 3 times.

LOGO=Bil

To correct a mistake

Press [] or [] to move the cursor to the incorrect character, and make the correction.

· To erase all of the characters, press and hold [STOP].

### 9.2. Installing PANA LINK Software

- Install PANA LINK software (CD-ROM) before connecting the unit to a computer with USB cable. If the unit is connected to a computer with USB cable before installing PANA LINK software, the [Found New Hardware Wizard] dialogue box will appear. Click [Cancel] to close it.
- The screenshots shown in these instructions are included for reference only.
- The screenshots shown in these instructions may differ slightly from those of the actual product.
- Software features and appearance are subject to change without notice.
  - 1. Start Windows and exit all other applications.
  - For Windows 2000, Windows XP and Windows Vista users, you must be logged in as an administrator in order to install PANA LINK software.
- 2. Insert the supplied CD-ROM into your CD-ROM drive.
  - If the [Choose Setup Language] dialogue box appears, select the desired language that you want to use with this software. Click [OK].
  - If the installation does not start automatically: Click [Start]. Choose [Run...]. Type "d:\setup" (where "d:" is the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive). Click [OK]. (If you are not sure what the drive letter is for your CD-ROM drive, use Windows Explorer and look for the CD-ROM drive.)

$\Box$	Type the name of a program, folder, document Internet resource, and Windows will open it for	, or you.
Open:	d:\setup	Ŷ
-	4	

The installation will start.

- 3. Follow the instructions on the screen until all files have been installed.
- 4. Connect the unit to your computer when the following dialogue box appears.



• If you have already connected it and above dialogue box does not disappear, plug out and in the cable.

#### Important notice

If you use Windows XP or Windows Vista, a message may appear after connecting the unit with the USB cable. This is normal and the software will not cause any difficulties with your operating system. You can continue the installation with no problem. This kind of message is displayed:

#### For Windows XP users

"The software you are installing for this hardware has not passed Windows Logo testing to verify its compatibility with Windows XP."

For Windows Vista users

"Would you like to install this device software?"

#### To uninstall the software

For Windows 2000, Windows XP and Windows Vista users, you must be logged in as an administrator in order to uninstall PANA LINK software.

- 1. For Windows 98/Windows Me/Windows 2000: [Start] → [Settings] → [Control Panel] For Windows XP/Windows Vista: [Start] → [Control Panel]
- 2. For Windows 98/Windows Me/Windows 2000/Windows XP: Double-click [Add or Remove Programs]. For Windows Vista: Click [Uninstall a program].
- 3. Select [PANA LINK] from the list.
- 4. For Windows 98/Windows Me: Click [Add/Remove...], then follow the instructions on the screen.

For Windows 2000/Windows XP:

Click [Change/Remove], then follow the instructions on the screen.

#### For Windows Vista:

Click **[Uninstall/Change]**, then follow the instructions on the screen.

# **10 Test Mode**

The codes listed below can be used to perform simple checks for some of the unit's functions. When complaints are received from customers, they provide an effective tool for identifying the locations and causes of malfunctions. To do this, you set the Service mode (Refer to **Operation Flow** (P.66).) first, then operate the below test items.

Test Mode	Type of Mode	Code	Function	
		Operation after code		
		input		
MEMORY CLEAR	Service Mode	[5] [5] [0]	Refer to Memory Clear Specification (P.69).	
		[SET]		
FLASH MEMORY	Service Mode	[5] [5] [1]	Indicates the version and checks the sum of the FLASH MEMORY.	
CHECK		[SET]		
DTMF SINGLE	Service Mode	[5] [5] [2]	Outputs the DTMF as single tones. Used to check the frequencies of the individ-	
TONE TEST		[1]ON	ual DTMF tones. Refer to <b>DTMF Signal Tone Transmit Selection</b> (P.64).	
		[2]OFF		
MODEM TEST	Service Mode	[5] [5] [4]	Telephone line circuit is connected automatically, output the following signals on	
		[SET]	the circuit line.	
			1) OFF 2) 14400bps 3) 12000bps 4) 9600bps (V17) 5) 7200bps (V17)	
			6) 9600bps 7) 7200bps 8) 4800bps 9) 2400bps 10) 300bps 11) 2100Hz	
			12) 1100Hz	
SCAN CHECK	Service Mode	[5] [5] [5]	Turns on the LEDs of the CIS and operates the read systems.	
		[SET]		
MOTOR TEST	Service Mode	[5] [5] [6]	Rotates the transmission and reception motor to check the operation of the motor.	
		[SET]	00: Stop	
			13: TX	
			23: Pickup	
			33: Rx	
			43: Copy	
			Press [STOP] button to quit.	
LED CHECK	Service Mode	[5] [5] [7]	All LEDs above the operation panel board flash on and off, or are illuminated.	
		[SET]		
LCD CHECK	Service Mode	[5] [5] [8]	Checks the LCD indication.	
		[SET]	Illuminates all the dots to check if they are normal.	
KEY CHECK	Service Mode	[5] [6] [1]	Checks the button operation except "STOP" key.	
		The available key is any one that except Indicates the button code on the LCD wh ton Code Table (P.64).	The available key is	Indicates the button code on the LCD while the button is pressed. Refer to But-
			ton Code Table (P.64).	
		[STOP] key.		
MEMORY CLEAR	Service Mode	[7] [1] [0]	Refer to Memory Clear Specification (P.69).	
(except History data)		[SET]		
VOICE PROMPT	Service Mode	[7] [8] [4]	You can hear the voice prompt from speaker after pressing [SET]" key.	
TEST		[SET]		
SENSOR CHECK &	Service Mode	[8] [1] [5]	If you enter this mode and operate sensor levers with your hands, the LCD dis-	
VOX CHECK		[SET]	play of the related sensor (or switch) turns ON / OFF. Also, when copying a docu-	
			ment, the related sensor will turn ON / OFF. (Do, Sn, Co, Pt, Vx)	
			For each sensor's operation, refer to <b>Sensors and Switches</b> (P.33).	
			Do Sn Co Pt Vx: LCD DISPLAY	
			Do: Document set sensor	
			: Turns on when the front cover us opened and a document is inserted.	
			Turned on when the front cover is opened and starts to read a document	
			Co: Cover open sensor	
			:Turned off when the cover is opened	
			Pt: Paper ton sensor	
			:Turned on when the cover is opened and detects a recording paper on the	
			right side end.	
			Vx: Vox signal	
			:Detection signal for the tone on the line. Turns on when there is a tone signal	
			on the line.	
			Press [STOP] button to quit.	

Test Mode	Type of Mode	Code	Function
		Operation after code input	
DIGITAL SPEAKERPHONE RX & TX CHECK	Service Mode	[8] [4] [1] [DIGITAL SP- PHONE]	Refer to <b>Digital Speakerphone</b> (P.127).
PRINT TEST PATTERN	Service Mode	[8] [5] [2] [SET]	Prints out the test pattern. Used mainly at the factory to test the print quality. You can select 1~4. (See <b>Print Test Pattern</b> (P.65))

#### Note:

The numbers in the boxes (XXX) indicate the keys to be input for the various test modes.

### 10.1. DTMF Signal Tone Transmit Selection

When set to ON (=1), the 12 keys and transmission frequencies are as shown.

key	High Frequency (Hz)	key	Low Frequency (Hz)
"1"	697	"5"	1209
"2"	770	"6"	1336
"3"	852	"7"	1477
"4"	941	"8"	1633

When set to OFF (=2), the 12 keys and transmission frequencies are as shown.

High (Hz)	1209	1336	1477
Low (Hz)			
697	"1"	"2"	"3"
770	"4"	"5"	"6"
852	"7"	"8"	"9"
941	" <del>X</del> "	"0"	"#"

#### Note:

After performing this check, do not forget to turn the setting off. Otherwise, dialing in DTMF signal will not work.

### 10.2. Button Code Table

Code	Button Name	Code	Button Name	Code	Button Name
04	FAX /START	31	1	47	CALLER ID
05	LOWER	32	2		
06	COPY	33	3	64	STATION KEY 1 / BROADCAST
08	DIGITAL SP-PHONE	34	4	65	STATION KEY 2
		35	5	66	STATION KEY 3
0A	MUTE	36	6	67	STATION KEY 4
0C	AUTO ANSWER	37	7	68	STATION KEY 5
0D	SET	38	8		
1E	[►] NEXT	39	9		
1F	[◀] PREV	ЗA	0	00	NO INPUT
		3B	×		STOP
14	RECORD	3C	#		
16	ERASE	3D	REDIAL/PAUSE		
18	PLAYBACK	3E	FLASH (RECALL)		
20	MENU				
25	[+] VOLUME				
26	[—] VOLUME				

## 10.3. Print Test Pattern

#### 1. Platen roller



3. Thermal head 1 dot



#### 2. Left margin / Top margin



4. Use this test pattern to confirm the torque limiter for lnk film and platen roller timing.

	about 2.5cm
--	----------------

# **11 Service Mode**

The programming functions are used to program the various features and functions of the machine, and to test the machine. This facilitates communication between the user and the service man while programming the unit.

### 11.1. Programing and Lists

### 11.1.1. Operation

There are 2 basic categories of programming functions, the User Mode and the Service Mode. The Service Mode is further broken down into the normal and special programs. The normal programs are those listed in the Operating Instructions and are available to the user. The special programs are only those listed here and not displayed to the user. In both the User and Service Modes, there are Set Functions and Test Functions. The Set Functions are used to program various features and functions, and the Test Functions are used to test the various functions. The Set Functions are accessed by entering their code, changing the appropriate value, then pressing the SET key. The Test Functions are accessed by entering their code and pressing the key listed on the menu. While programming, to cancel any entry, press the STOP key.

### 11.1.2. Operation Flow



### 11.1.3. Service Function Table

Code	Function	Set Value	Effective	Default	Remarks
501	Pause time	× 100 msec	001~600	030	
503	Dial speed select	1: 10 pps	1, 2	1	
510	VOX time	1: 6 sec	1, 2	1	Setting of the end of call confirmation VOX.
511	VOX sensitivity	1: High 2: Low	1, 2	1	When the TAM (or EXT TAM) does not stop recording the ICM because noise is detected on the telephone line, change this setting to "LOW".
512	VOX mode Detection	1: A 2: B	1, 2	1	
514	Bell detection time	× 100 msec	1~9	6	
520	CED frequency select	1: 2100 Hz 2: 1100 Hz	1, 2	1	See Symptom/Countermeasure Table for long distance and international calls in <b>The unit can copy, but can-</b> <b>not transmit / receive</b> (P.94).
521	International mode select	1: ON 2: OFF	1, 2	1	See Symptom/Countermeasure Table for long distance and international calls in <b>The unit can copy, but can-</b> <b>not transmit / receive</b> (P.94).
522	Auto standby select	1: ON 2: OFF	1, 2	1	The resolution reverts to the default when transmission is complete.
523	Receive equalizer select	1: 0 km 2: 1.8 km 3: 3.6 km 4: 7.2 km	1~4	1	When the telephone station is far from the unit or recep- tion cannot be performed correctly, adjust accordingly.
524	Transmission equalizer select	1: 0 km 2: 1.8 km 3: 3.6 km 4: 7.2 km	1~4	1	When the telephone station is far from the unit or trans- mission cannot be performed correctly, adjust accord- ingly.
544	Document feed position	× mm	1~9	5	When the ADF function is in correct, adjust the feed position.
550	Memory Clear	•			See Memory Clear Specification (P.69).
551	Flash memory check				See Test Mode (P.63).
552	DTMF single tone test	1: ON 2: OFF	1, 2	2	See Test Mode (P.63).
553	Monitor on FAX communication select	1: OFF 2: PHASE B 3: ALL	1~3	1	Sets whether to monitor the line signal with the unit's speaker during FAX communication or not.
554	Modem test		•		See Test Mode (P.63).
555	Scan test				See Test Mode (P.63).
556	Motor test				See Test Mode (P.63).
557	LED test				See Test Mode (P.63).
558	LCD test				See Test Mode (P.63).
559	Document jam detection select	1: ON 2: OFF	1, 2	1	Sets whether or not to detect a paper jam. If a docu- ment with a length longer than 600 mm is copied or transmitted, the unit stops copying or transmitting as a paper jamming because a document over 600 mm is not normal. In the factory, transmitting or copying a doc- ument longer than 600 mm is done as an aging test. In this case, OFF is selected.
561	KEY test	•			See Test Mode (P.63).
567	T0 timer	× second	001~255	046	
570	BREAK % select	1: 61% 2: 67%	1, 2	1	Sets the % break of pulse dialing according PBX.
571	ITS auto redial time set	× number of times	00~99	05	Selects the number of times that ITS is redialed (not including the first dial).
572	ITS auto redial line disconnection time	× second	001~999	185	Sets the interval of ITS redialing.
	set				

Code	Function	Set Value	Effective Range	Default	Remarks
580	TAM continuous tone detection	1: ON 2: OFF	1, 2	1	ON: Stops TAM operation when Dial tone, etc are detected.
590	FAX auto redial time set	× number of times	00~99	05	Selects the number of redial times during FAX commu- nication (not including the first dial).
591	FAX auto redial line disconnection time set	× second	001~999	185	Sets the FAX redial interval during FAX communication.
592	CNG transmit select	1: OFF 2: ALL 3: AUTO	1~3	2	Lets you select the CNG output during FAX transmis- sion. ALL: CNG is output at phase A. AUTO: CNG id output only when automatic dialing is performed. OFF: CNG id not output at phase A. Refer to <b>Sometime</b> <b>there is a transmit problem</b> (P.92).
593	Time between CED and 300bps	1: 75 msec 2: 500 msec 3: 1 sec	1~3	1	See Symptom/Countermeasure Table for long dis- tance and international calls in The unit can copy, but cannot transmit / receive (P.94). Refer to Receive Problem (P.93) and The unit can copy, but cannot transmit / receive (P.94).
594	Overseas DIS detection select	1: Detects at the 1st time 2: Detects at the 2nd time	1, 2	1	See Symptom/Countermeasure Table for long dis- tance and international calls in The unit can copy, but cannot transmit / receive (P.94). Refer to Sometime there is a transmit problem (P.92) and The unit can copy, but cannot transmit / receive (P.94).
595	Receive error limit value set	1: 5% 2: 10% 3: 15% 4: 20%	1~4	2	Sets the number of acceptable error lines when the FAX reconstructs the received data. Refer to <b>Receive Problem</b> (P.93).
596	Transmit level set	× -1 dBm	00~15	11	Selects the FAX transmission level. Refer to <b>Sometime</b> <b>there is a transmit problem</b> (P.92) and <b>Receive Prob-</b> <b>lem</b> (P.93).
598	Receiving sensitivity	× -1 dBm	20~48	42	Used when there is an error problem. Refer to <b>The unit can copy, but the transmission and reception image are incorrect</b> (P.97).
599	ECM frame size	1: 256 byte 2: 64 byte	1, 2	1	
624	AT ring time out (KX-FM388 only)	1: 3 sec 2: 5 sec	1, 2	1	
625	Setting printing density	1: Default 2: Lighter 3: Darker	1~3	1	The set value "2" means lighter than default density. The set value "3" means darker than default density.
710	Memory clear except History data	•			Refer to Memory Clear Specification (P.69).
717	Transmit speed select	1: 14400 BPS 2: 12000 BPS 3: 9600 BPS 4: 7200 BPS 5: 4800 BPS 6: 2400 BPS	1~6	1	Adjusts the speed to start training during FAX transmission. Refer to <b>Sometime there is a transmit problem</b> (P.92) and <b>The unit can copy, but the transmission and reception image are incorrect</b> (P.97).
718	Receive speed select	1: 14400 BPS 2: 12000 BPS 3: 9600 BPS 4: 7200 BPS 5: 4800 BPS 6: 2400 BPS	1~6	1	Adjusts the speed to start training during FAX recep- tion. Refer to <b>Receive Problem</b> (P.93) and <b>The unit</b> <b>can copy, but the transmission and reception image</b> <b>are incorrect</b> (P.97).
722	Redial tone detect	1: ON 2: OFF	1, 2	1	Sets the tone detection mode after redialing.
724	PC-SEND busy tone detection (KX-FM388 only)	1: ON 2: OFF	1, 2	2	
745	Power ON film feed	1: ON 2: OFF	1, 2	1	When the power is turned on, the film is wound to take up any slack.
763	CNG detect time for friendly reception	1: 10 sec 2: 20 sec 3: 30 sec	1~3	3	Selects the CNG detection tone of friendly reception.
773	DIS-DCS interval	1: 500 msec 2: 200 msec	1, 2	2	This is similar to #594. The time interval from receiving DIS to sending DCS can be changed to wait for the echo canceler to recover.
774	T4 timer	× 100 msec	00~99	00	Use this function when delay occurs in the line and communication (ex. Mobile comm) does not work well.

Code	Function	Set Value	Effective Range	Default	Remarks
784	Voice Prompt Test			See Test Mode (P.63).	
815	Sensor test & Vox test				See Test Mode (P.63).
841	Digital SP-Phone check				See Digital Speakerphone (P.127).
845	Setting scanning density	00~32	00~32	08	Select scanning density when the code No.58 is set "Normal". If you want darker, select smaller value. If you want fainter, select larger value. Refer to <b>Program</b> <b>Mode Table</b> (P.100).
852	Print test pattern	See Test Mode (P.63).			
853	Top margin	× mm	1~9	5	
861	Paper size	1: A4 2: LETTER	1, 2	1	
874	DTMF ON time	× 10 msec	06~20	10	
875	DTMF OFF time	× 10 msec	06~20	10	
880	History list		•		
881	Journal 2 list				See Special Service Journal Report (P.86).
882	Journal 3 list				See Special Service Journal Report (P.86).
961	The time transmitting the false ring back tone	× sec	01~10	07	Set the time transmitting the false ring back tone to the line in TEL/FAX mode.
962	The operator calling time	× sec	05~30	10	Set the operator calling time through the speaker in TEL/FAX mode.

### 11.1.4. Memory Clear Specification

ltem	Status after Memory Clear			
	Service Mode <b>#550</b> <sup>*1</sup>	Service Mode <b>#710<sup>*2</sup></b>		
Date and time (user mode #001)	—	Default		
Your logo (user mode #002)	_	Default		
Your Fax Number (user mode #003)	_	Default		
One touch dial and Phonebook	_	Default		
History	_	-		
Top margin (service mode #853)	_	—		
Other Setting data (User setting and Service setting data)	Default	Default		

- : Not changed

\*<sup>1</sup> Execute Service Mode #550 when you want to reset the all setting data keeping the user information.

 $^{*2}$  Execute Service Mode #710 to clear the user information in case that Main Unit is recycled.

#### Note:

• Please restart a power supply after clearing a memory.

# 11.2. The Example of the Printed List

### 11.2.1. User Mode

### SETTP/DAST

I BASIC FEATURE LIST 1

	<u>NO.</u>	FEATURE	CLIRRENT SETTING						
	,#Ø1	Set date & time	1 Jan. 2008 1:	1400					
Codo	#02	YOUR LOGO							
Code	#93	YOUR FAX NO.							
	104	SENDING REPORT	ERROR	(ERROR, OFF, ON)					
	#06	TAM RING COUNT	2	(2,3,4,5,6,7,TOLL SAVER)					
	#10	RECORDING TIME	3 MINUTES	(GREETING ONLY, 1 MINUTE, 2 MINUTES, 3 MINUTES)					
	#11	REMOTE TAM 10							
	#13	DIAL MODE	TONE	(PULSE, TONE)					
	#147	PC LINK	ON	[ON, OFF]					
	H17	RINGER TONE	TONE 1	(TONE 1, TOHE 2, TONE 3)					
			•						
	£	ADVANCED FEATURE LIST )	Set Value						
	<u>NO.</u>	FEATURE	CURRENT SETTING						
*	,#22	AUTO JOURNAL	ON	(DN, OFF)					
Codo	423	OVERSEAS (10DE	ERFOR	[NEXT_FAX, ERROR, OFF]					
Code	<b>#</b> 25	DELAYED SEND	QFF	LON, OFF 1					
		DESTINATION = STOPT TIME -	: : [ว:0664						
	126	AUTO CALL LIST		100. OFF 3					
	비고리	GUICK SCAN	ÓFF	(IN, OFF)					
	1136	RCV REDUCTION	92%	(72%,86%,92%,100%)					
	#39	LCD CONTRAST	NORMEL	[NORMAL, DARKER]					
	#41	FAX ACTIVATION	DM	(ON, OFF)					
		CODE :	: *#9						
	#44	RECEIVE ALERT	ÚN	EQN, OFF I					
	#46	FRIENDLY RCU	014	[ON. OFF]					
	#47	VOICE GUIDANCE	014	[ON, OFF]					
	1449	AUTO DISCONNECT	ON	(ON, OFF)					
		CODE =	: :k0						
	#54	GREETING TIME	165	(16s,60s)					
	NOTE	: If you change from 60sec. 1	o 16sec.,						
		your-greeting will be erase	id and your new gr	ecting will be limited to 16 seconds.					
	#58	SCAN CONTRAST	NORMAL	(NORMAL, LIGHT, DARKER)					
	#67	ICM MONITOR	QN	(ON, OFF)					
	#68	ECM SELECTION	ON	(ON, OFF)					
	NOTE	: You cannot change the setti	ng of this featur	£1					
if there are stored documents in memory.									
	#72	SET FLASH TIME	600ms	188ms,90ms,108ms,110ms,					
				160ms, 200ms, 250ms, 300ms,					
	H.J.j.	14/04/01 10/2	<b>TC 1</b>	400ms, 600ms, 700ms, 900ms)					
	#75 #76			LIEL, IEL/FAX)					
	1175 1177	CONDECTINE CONDECTIONE	UN	LU1,U11   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1					
	H ( £ H 70	MUTU HNOWER TE JEAN GINE	ANNERX C						
	HOCH	CET RECOM T (EVOCOT MOON	E N	(1,2,3,4,3,8,7,8,9)					
	HQQ	SET RELARCE (EVIELE 4081	$\mathbf{i}$						
			Set Value						
			001 10100						

#### Note:

• The above values are the default values.

• \*1 KX-FM388 only.

### 11.2.2. Service Mode Settings

	Set Value												
Code	501 8 503 1 510 0 520 0 521 522 0 523 1 524 524 653	PAUSE 1 DIAL SI VOX TII CED FRE INTL. I AUTO ST AUTO ST AUTO SOL, TX EQL, TOP MAR	r ime Peed 19 30. 10de randby Randby			030*: 10pp: 6sec 2100) 0N 0N 0.0Kr 0.0Kr 5	100ms s Hz n		[001 [1=10 [1=6 [1=210 [1=0N [1=0N [1=0.0 [1=0.0 [19	. 580 12 13	1)*100ms 2=20)pp 2=4)sec 2=11001 2=0FF1 2=0FF1 2=1.8 2=1.8	s Hz 3=3.6 3=3.6	4=7.21Km 4=7.21Km
( SPECIAL SERVICE SETTINGS )													
Code	-511 1-	514 6 Set Va	544 5 alue	552 2	553 1	559 1	567 046	570 1	571 Ø5	572 185	573 10	580 1	590 05
	591 185	592 2	<b>59</b> 3 1	594 1	595 2	596 11	598 42	599 1	624" 1	717 1	718 1	722 1	724" 2
	745 1	763 3	773 2	774 00	861 1	874 10	875 10	961 07	962 10				

USAGE TIME = 00000 HOURS

#### Note:

• The above values are the default values.

• \*1 KX-FM388 only.

#### 11.2.3. History

I HISTORY 1



	NAME	DATE	DEALER	FILM	
	CUSTOMER COMPLAIN	т			
-	SURVEY RESULT : C ABUSE (CUST/DEALE) PHONE SURVEY RESU	KOK (UNKNOWN/DESIG R/SH1P) NEW (OPE LT.	N/EDUC) DEFECT N/NOT)	(PART/WORKER/DESIGN	 {}

Note:

See the following descriptions of this report. Item No. (1) ~ (44) are corresponding to the listed items in **Descriptions of the History Report** (P.73).
### 11.2.3.1. Descriptions of the History Report

### (1) SOFTWARE VERSION

### FLASH ROM version

### (2) SUM

FLASH ROM internal data calculation.

### (3) YOUR LOGO

The user logo recorded in the unit. If it is not recorded, NONE will be displayed.

### (4) YOUR TELEPHONE NUMBER

The user telephone number recorded in the unit. If it is not recorded, NONE will be displayed.

### (5) FAX PAGER NUMBER

If you program a pager number into the unit, the pager number will be displayed here.

### (6) FACTORY-CUSTOMER

This shows how many days from factory production until the user turns ON the unit.

#### (7) MONTH

The shows the very first month, date, year and time set by the user after they purchased the unit.

### (8) DAY

The shows the very first month, date, year and time set by the user after they purchased the unit.

### (9) YEAR

The shows the very first month, date, year and time set by the user after they purchased the unit.

### (10) TIME

The shows the very first month, date, year and time set by the user after they purchased the unit.

### (11) USAGE TIME

The amount of time the unit has been powered ON.

#### (12) FACTORY-NOW

This shows how many days from factory production until the user prints out this history list.

### (13) TEL MODE

The amount of time the TEL mode setting was used. (14) FAX ONLY MODE

The amount of time the FAX mode setting was used.

### (15) TEL/FAX MODE

The amount of time the TEL/FAX mode setting was used. (16) TAM/FAX MODE

The amount of time the TAM/FAX mode setting was used.

### (17) FINAL RECEIVE MODE

The last set receiving mode by the user.

### (18) TONE/PULSE SELECTION

The most recently used setting used, either TONE or PULSE.

### (19) RECEIVE REDUCTION

The compression rate when receiving.

### (20) SETTING NO. OF DIRECTORY

The recorded directory stations.

### (21) NUMBER OF COPY

The number of pages copied.

### (22) NUMBER OF RECEIVE

The number of pages received.

### (23) NUMBER OF SENDING

The number of pages sent.

### (24) NUMBER OF CALLER ID The number of times Caller ID was received.

(25) NUMBER OF RECORDING MESSAGE

### The number of messages recorded in TAM.

### (26) NUMBER OF PC SCAN

The number of times multifunction was used for the Scanner. (The number of pages scanned. If the unit does not have a PC interface, NONE will be printed.)

### (27) NUMBER OF PC-PRINT

The number of times multifunction was used for the Printer.(The number of pages printed. If the unit does not have a PC interface, NONE will be printed.)

### (28) NUMBER OF RECEIVING TO PC

The number of times received in the PC through the FAX USB interface. (The number of pages received. If the unit does not have a PC interface, NONE will be printed.)

### (29) NUMBER OF SENDING FROM PC

The number of times transmitted from the PC through the FAX USB interface. (The number of pages transmitted.If the unit does not have a PC interface, NONE will be printed.)

### (30) NUMBER OF PRINTING WARNING LIST

The number of warning lists printed until now.

### (31) NUMBER OF PRINTING HELP The number of help lists printed until now.

(32) NUMBER OF DIVIDED PRINTING IN FAX RECEPTION The number of faxes received that were divided into more

than one sheet since the unit was purchased.

### (33) Not Used

### (34) FAX MODE

Means the unit received a fax message in the FAX mode (35) MAN RCV

Means the unit received a fax message by manual operation.

### (36) FRN RCV

Means the unit received a fax message by friendly signal detection.

### (37) VOX

Means the unit detected silence or no voice.

### (38) RMT DTMF

Means the unit detected DTMF (Remote Fax activation code) entered remotely.

### (39) PAL DTMF

Means the unit detected DTMF (Remote Fax activation code) entered by a parallel connected telephone.

### (40) TURN-ON

Means the unit started to receive after 10 rings. (Remote Turn On: Service Code #573)

### (41) TIME OUT

Means the unit started to receive after Ring Time Out in the EXT-TAM or TEL/FAX mode.

### (42) IDENT

Means the unit detected Ring Detection.

### (43) CNG OGM

Means the unit detected the CNG while it was sending the Dummy Ring Back Tone in the TEL/FAX mode, or while answering a call in the EXT-TAM mode. Or means the unit detected the CNG while it was sending the OGM in the TAM/FAX mode

### (44) CNG ICM

Means the unit detected the CNG while it was recording the ICM in the TAM/FAX mode.

# **12 Troubleshooting Guide**

## 12.1. Troubleshooting Summary

After confirming the problem by asking the user, troubleshoot according to the instructions and observe the following precautions.

### 12.1.1. Precautions

- 1. If there is a problem with the print quality or the paper feed, first check if the installation space and the print paper meets the specifications, the paper selection lever/paper thickness lever is set correctly, and the paper is set correctly without any slack.
- 2. Before troubleshooting, first check that the connectors and cables are connected correctly (not loose).
- If the problem occurs randomly, check it very carefully.3. When connecting the AC power cord with the unit and checking the operation, exercise utmost care when handling electric parts in order to avoid electric shocks and short-circuits.
- 4. After troubleshooting, double check that you have not forgotten any connectors, left any loose screws, etc.
- 5. Always test to verify that the unit is working normally.

### 12.2. Error Messages-Display

If the unit detects a problem, one or more of the following messages will appear on the display. The explanations given in the [] are for servicemen only.

#### "BACK COVER OPEN"

• The back cover is open. Close the back cover firmly.

### "CALL SERVICE"

 [This error is displayed when the thermal head does not warm up. Check the thermistor on the thermal head and connector lead.]

#### "CHECK DOCUMENT"

• The document was not fed into the unit properly. Re-insert the document. If misfeeding occurs frequently, clean the document feeder rollers and try again.

(Refer to **Document feeder/scanner glass cleaning** (P.165).)

• The document is longer than 600 mm. Press **[STOP]** to remove the document. Divide the document into two or more sheets, and try again.

[Alternately, turn off service code #559 to enable sending of documents longer than 600 mm.]

(Refer to Service Function Table (P.67).)

### "CHECK PAPER"

- The recording paper is not installed or the unit has run out of paper. Install paper and press **[SET]** to clear the message.
- The recording paper was not fed into the unit properly. (Refer to When the recording paper was not fed into the unit properly (P.164).) Re-install paper and press [SET] to clear the message.

(Refer to Installing the Recording Paper (P.59).)

• The recording paper has jammed near the recording paper entrance. Remove the jammed paper and press **[SET]** to clear the message.

(Refer to Recording Paper Jams (P.163).)

#### "FAX IN MEMORY"

See the other displayed message instructions to print out the document.

Received documents are stored in memory due to a lack of recording paper, a lack of ink film or a recording paper jam. Install paper, install ink film or remove the jammed paper. You will lose all faxes in memory if the power is removed. Check with power connected.

(Refer to **Installing the Recording Paper** (P.59) and **Installing the Ink Film** (P.57) and **Recording Paper Jams** (P.163).)

#### "FAX MEMORY FULL"

- The memory is full of received documents due to a lack of recording paper, a lack of ink film or a recording paper jam. Install paper, install ink film or remove the jammed paper. You will lose all faxes in memory if the power is removed. Check with power connected. (Refer to Installing the Recording Paper (P.59) and Installing the Ink Film (P.57) and Recording Paper Jams (P.163).)
- When performing memory transmission, the document being stored exceeded the memory capacity of the unit. Send the entire document manually.

### "FILM EMPTY"

- The ink film is empty. Replace the ink film with a new one.
- The ink film is slack. Tighten it (See step 5 on **Installing the Ink Film** (P.57).) and install again.
- The fax machine is positioned near appliances such as TVs or speakers which generate an intense magnetic field.

### "FILM NEAR EMPTY"

• The remaining ink film is low. Prepare a new ink film. (Refer to **Optional Accessories** (P.11).)

#### "MEMORY FULL"

• When making a copy, the document being stored exceeded the memory capacity of the unit. Press **[STOP]** to clear the message. Divide the document into sections.

#### "MESSAGE FULL"

• There is no room left in memory to record voice messages. Erase unnecessary messages.

#### "MODEM ERROR"

• There is something wrong with the unit's modem. (Refer to **Test Mode** (P.63) and **Digital Board Section** (P.118).)

#### "NO FAX REPLY"

• The other party's fax machine is busy or has run out of recording paper. Try again.

### "NO TAM GREETING"

- Your TAM/FAX greeting message is not recorded. Record a message
- The voice guidance feature is set to off. Activate feature #047 on **Program Mode Table** (P.100). Prerecorded greeting message will be adopted.

### "OPEN CABINET CHECK FILM SLACK" "OPEN CABINET CHECK FILM TYPE"

- Please use genuine Panasonic replacement film. (Refer to **Optional Accessories** (P.11).)
- The ink film is empty. Replace the ink film with a new one. (Refer to **Installing the Ink Film** (P.57).)
- The ink film is not installed. Install it. (Refer to **Installing the Ink Film** (P.57).)
- The ink film is slack or creased. Tighten it. (See step 5 on **Installing the Ink Film** (P.57).)
- The fax machine is positioned near appliances such as TVs or speakers which generate an intense magnetic field..

### "PAPER JAMMED"

- A recording paper jam occurred. Remove the jammed paper. (Refer to **Recording Paper Jams** (P.163).)
- You forced the recording paper into the paper tray too strongly. Remove all of the installed paper, and re-install it gently.

### "PC FAIL OR BUSY"

- The cable or the computer power cord is not connected correctly. Check the connections. (Refer to **Connecting to a Computer (KX-FM388 only)** (P.56).)
- The software is not running on the computer. Restart the software and try again.

### "PHONEBOOK FULL"

• There is no space to store new items in the phonebook. Erase unnecessary items.

### "PLEASE WAIT"

• The unit is checking that there is no slack or crease in the ink film. Wait for a moment while the check is completed.

### "POLLING ERROR"

• The other party's fax machine does not offer the polling function. Check with the other party.

### "RECORDING ERROR"

• The greeting message or memo message you recorded was under 1 second long. Record a longer message.

### "REDIAL TIME OUT"

• The other party's fax machine is busy or has run out of recording paper. Try again.

### "REMOVE DOCUMENT"

- The document is jammed. Remove the jammed document. (Refer to **Document Jams** (P.164).)
- Press [STOP] to eject the jammed paper.

### "TRANSMIT ERROR"

- A transmission error occurred. Try again.
- If you send a fax overseas, try the following:
- —Use the overseas transmission mode (feature #023 on **Program Mode Table** (P.100)).
- -Add 2 pauses at the end of the telephone number or dial manually.

### "UNIT OVERHEATED"

• The unit is too hot. Stop using the unit for a while and let the unit cool down.

## 12.3. Error Messages-Report

### **Journal Report**

If a problem occurs during fax transmission or reception, one of the following messages will be printed on the sending and journal reports.

### How to output the Journal Report

- 1. Press [MENU] repeatedly to display "PRINT REPORT".
- 2. Press [] or [] repeatedly to display "JOURNAL REPORT".
- 3. Press [SET].
- 4. The report is printed out.



### Error code table:

(1) CODE	(2) RESULT	(3) MODE	SYMPTOM	Counter-
				measure*
	PRESSED THE STOP KEY	SND & RCV	Communication was interrupted by the STOP button.	
	DOCUMENT JAMMED	SND	The document paper is jammed.	
	NO DOCUMENT	SND	No document paper.	
	OTHER FAX NOT RESPONDING	SND	Transmission is finished when the T1 TIMER expires.	1
28	COMMUNICATION ERROR	SND & RCV		
41	COMMUNICATION ERROR	SND	DCN is received after DCS transmission.	2
42	COMMUNICATION ERROR	SND	FTT is received after transmission of a 2400BPS training signal.	3
43	COMMUNICATION ERROR	SND	No response after post message is transmitted three times.	4
44	COMMUNICATION ERROR	SND	RTN and PIN are received.	5
46	COMMUNICATION ERROR	RCV	No response after FTT is transmitted.	6
48	COMMUNICATION ERROR	RCV	No post message.	7
49	COMMUNICATION ERROR	RCV	RTN is transmitted.	8
50	COMMUNICATION ERROR	RCV	PIN is transmitted (to PRI-Q).	8
51	COMMUNICATION ERROR	RCV	PIN is transmitted.	8
52	OTHER FAX NOT RESPONDING	RCV	Reception is finished when the T1 TIMER expires.	9
54	ERROR-NOT YOUR UNIT	RCV	DCN is received after DIS transmission.	11
58	COMMUNICATION ERROR	RCV	DCN is received after FTT transmission.	13
59	ERROR-NOT YOUR UNIT	SND	DCN responds to the post message.	14
65	COMMUNICATION ERROR	SND	DCN is received before DIS reception.	2
65	COMMUNICATION ERROR	RCV	Reception is not EOP, EOM PIP, PIN, RTP or RTN.	2
68	COMMUNICATION ERROR	RCV	No response at the other party after MCF or CFR is transmitted.	13
70	ERROR-NOT YOUR UNIT	RCV	DCN is received after CFR transmission.	13
72	COMMUNICATION ERROR	RCV	Carrier is cut when the image signal is received.	16
75	MEMORY FULL	RCV	The document was not received due to memory full.	
74	JUNK FAX PROH. REJECT	RCV	The fax was rejected by the junk fax prohibitor feature.	
FF	COMMUNICATION ERROR	SND & RCV	Modem error. For the DCN, DCN, etc. abbreviations, refer to <b>Modem Section</b> (P.37).	12

SND=TRANSMISSION RCV=RECEPTION

Most fax communication problems can be resolved by the following steps.

1. Change the transmit level. (Service code: 596, refer to Service Function Table (P.67).)

2. Change the TX speed/RX speed. (Service code: 717/718, refer to Service Function Table (P.67).) Note\*:

If the problem remains, see the following "Countermeasure" flow chart.

#### Countermeasure





REFERENCE: Test Mode (P.63)



REFERENCE: Test Mode (P.63)



Test Mode (P.63)



REFERENCE: Test Mode (P.63)





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#### KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX



Test Mode (P.63)

#### KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX

### 12.3.1. Special Service Journal Report

Journal 2 and Journal 3 shown below, which are special journals giving the additional detailed information about the latest 35 communications, can be printed by Service Code 881 or 882. Remote printing function for the journal reports (JOURNAL, JOURNAL 2 and JOURNAL 3) is also available for service technicians. (Refer to **Remote Programming** (P.99).) The JOURNAL report only gives you basic information about a communication, but the other two journal reports provide different information on the same item (communication).

	JOURNAL							
			YOUR L YOUR F	OGO : AX NO.:	1 Jan.200	9:51	1AM	
NO.	OTHER FACSIMILE	START TIME	USAGE TIME MO	DDE PA	GES RESULT			*CODE
▶ 01	3332222	01. 21 2:14PM	00'45 SI	ND 01	OK			
02	9998765	01. 21 3:17PM	00'58 SI	ND 02	OK			
03	John	01. 21 5:18PM	00'48 RC	CV 01	OK	CARTON		(10)
04	555556677	<u>01_22_10:35AM</u>	02.45 RG	US US	COMMUNI	CATION	ERROR	(46)
	JOURNAL 2				1 Jan	.2008	9:51AM	
NO	(1) RCV MODE	(2) SDEED (CNT )	(3) DESOLUTION	t	(4) RCV-TRIC (C	NTE )	( FRRAD	5) ->mfmoi
► 01	TEL	9600BPS	STD.	1	TCA-IVIG. (C	IN I • J	EVVOR.	∠nnnn()
02	TEL FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE		FAX MOD			
04	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	STD.		CNG (0003)			
	NO RESPONSE D	ISAPPEARED ON JOU	RNAL					
NO.		(1) BCV MODE	(4)	CNUE )				
	START TIME	RCV MODE	RCV-TRIG (	CNT.)				
YOU	R LOGO :	KUV MODE	<u>RCV-TRIG (</u>	CNT.)				
YOU: YOU:	START TIME R LOGO : R FAX NO.:	KUV MODE	RCV-TRIG (	CNT.)				
YOU: YOU:	START TIME R LOGO : R FAX NO.:	KUV MODE	RCV-TRIG (	UNT.)				
YOU. YOU:	START TIME R LOGO : R FAX NO.: JOURNAL 3	RCV MODE	RCV-TRIG (		·····			
YOU. YOU	START TIME R LOGO : R FAX NO.: JOURNAL 3	RCV MODE	RCV-TRIG (		1 Jan	.2008	9:51A	M
YOU YOU	START TIME R LOGO : R FAX NO.: JOURNAL 3 (6) ENCODE	(7) MSLT	(8) EOM (BX)	(NT.)	1 Jan (9) ERROR LINE(	.2008 RX)	9:51A (10 MAKER	M ·} CODE
YOU YOU. YOU.	START TIME R LOGO : R FAX NO.: JOURNAL 3 (6) ENCODE MH	(7) MSLT 20msec	(8) EQM (RX) 0000	<u>(NT.)</u>	1 Jan (9) ERROR LINE( 00000	.2008 RX)	9:51A (10 <u>MAKER</u> 79	M )) CODE
YOU YOU. YOU. YOU.	START TIME R LOGO : R FAX NO.: JOURNAL 3 (6) ENCODE MH MH MR	(7) MSLT 20msec 20msec	(8) (8) EQM (RX) 0000 0000 1200	<u>(NT.)</u>	1 Jan (9) ERROR LINE( 00000 00000 00013	.2008 RX)	9:51A (10 MAKER 79 00 00	M } CODE
NO. NO. NO. NO. NO.	START TIME R LOGO : R FAX NO.: JOURNAL 3 (6) ENCODE MH MH MR MR	(7) MSLT 20msec 20msec 20msec 20msec 20msec	(8) EQM(RX) 0000 1200 0000		1 Jan (9) <u>ERROR LINE (</u> 00000 00000 00013 00000	.2008 RX)	9:51A (10 MAKER 79 00 00 00	M )) CODE

### HOW TO READ JOURNAL REPORTS:

Example:

- 1. Look at **NO. 01** in the JOURNAL. If you want to know about the details about that item, see **NO. 01** in the JOURNAL 2 and the JOURNAL 3. You can get the following information.
  - \* MODE: Fax transmission
  - \* RCV. MODE: TEL
  - \* TX SPEED: 9.6 kbps
  - \* RESOLUTION: standard
  - \* ENCODE: MH
  - \* MAKER CODE: 79
- 2. Look at **NO. 04** in the JOURNAL 2. CNG (0003) indicates that the CNG signal has been received three times since the purchase date.

For further details, see Journal 2 (P.87) and Journal 3 (P.88).

### 12.3.1.1. Journal 2

### Refer to JOURNAL 2 in Printout Example (P.88).

Journal 2 displays the additional detailed information about the last 35 communications.

### Descriptions:

### (1) RCV. MODE

Indicates which receive mode the unit was in when the unit received a fax message. This information is also displayed when the unit transmitted a fax message.

### (2) SPEED

Indicates the speed of the communication. If multiple pages are transmitted or received, it indicates the last page's communication speed. If there is a communication error, "?" is displayed.

### (3) RESOLUTION

Indicates the resolution of the communication. If multiple pages are transmitted or received, it indicates the last page's resolution. If there is a communication error, "?" is displayed.

### (4) RCV-TRIG. (CNT.)

Indicates the trigger that causes the unit to switch to the fax receive mode. The available options are listed in JOURNAL 2 in **Printout Example** (P.88). The values in parentheses indicate how many times the trigger has been used. (For example, "0003" means three times.)

No.	Display	Function
1	FAX MODE	Means the unit received a fax message in the FAX mode.
2	MAN RCV	Means the unit received a fax message by manual operation.
3	FRN RCV	Means the unit received a fax message by friendly signal detection.
4	VOX	Means the unit detected silence or no voice.
5	RMT DTMF	Means the unit detected DTMF (Remote Fax activation code) entered remotely.
6	PAL DTMF	Means the unit detected DTMF (Remote Fax activation code) entered by a parallel connected tele- phone.
7	TURN-ON	Means the unit started to receive after 10 rings. (Remote Turn On: Service Code #573)
8	TIME OUT	Means the unit started to receive after Ring Time Out in the EXT-TAM or TEL/FAX mode.
9	IDENT	Means the unit detected Ring Detection.
10	CNG OGM	Means the unit detected the CNG while it was sending the Dummy Ring Back Tone in the TEL/FAX mode. OR Means the unit detected the CNG while it was sending the OGM in the ANS/FAX mode.
11	CNG ICM	Means the unit detected the CNG while it was recording the ICM in the ANS/FAX mode.

### (5) ERROR→MEMORY

Indicates the reason why the unit received a fax message in memory.

If you look at No.11 in the JOURNAL 2 in **Printout Example** (P.88), it shows the fax message was received in memory due to "PAPER OUT" error.

### NO RESPONSE DISAPPEARED ON JOURNAL

The "**NO RESPONSE DISAPPEARED ON JOURNAL**" displays the information about the last 10 communications terminated by "No Response". (Some of the communications terminated by "No Response" were not displayed in the JOURNAL.) When a fax transmission cannot be performed because the other party's unit is set to the TEL mode, "No response" will be printed.

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### 12.3.1.2. Journal 3

Refer to JOURNAL 3 in Printout Example (P.88).

### **Descriptions:**

(6) ENCODE Compression Code: MH/MR/MMR

### (7) MSLT

MSLT means Minimum Scan Line Time. Used only at the factory.

### (8) EQM

.

EQM means Eye Quality Monitor. Used only at the factory.

### (9) ERROR LINE(RX)

When an error occurs while receiving a fax, this shows the number of error lines.

### (10) MAKER CODE

This shows a 2 digit code of the other party's fax machine brand.

0E: "KX" model 00: Unknown 79: "UF" model 19: "Xerox" model

### 12.3.1.3. Printout Example

JOURNAL2

1 Jan. 2008 1:59PM

NO.	RCV. MODE	SPEED (CNT.)	RESOLUTION	RCV-TRIG. (CNT.)	ERROR->MEMORY
01	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE.	FAX MOD	
Ø2	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	STD.	FAX MOD	
ØЗ	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE.		
04	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE.	FAX MOD	
Ø5	FAX ONLY	96008PS	FINE.	FAX MOD	
06	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE.	FAX MOD	
07	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE.		
Ø8	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE.		
Ø9	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE.		
10	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	STD.	FAX MOD	
11	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE.	FAX MOD	PAPER OUT
12	FAX ONLY	96008PS	STD.	FAX MOD	COVER OPEN
13	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	STD.		
14	FAX ONLY	?	?		
15	FAX ONLY	?	?		
16	FAX ONLY	?	?		
17	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	STD.		
18	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE.	FAX MOD	
19	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	STD.	FAX MOD	
20	FAX ONLY	96008PS	S-FINE.		
21	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE.		
22	FAX ÖNLY	9600BPS	FINE.	FAX MOD	
23	FAX ONLY	?	?	FAX MOD	
24	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	STD.	FAX MOD	
25	FAX ÖNLY	9600BPS	STD.	FAX MOD	
26	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE.	FAX MOD	
27	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE.		
28	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	STD.	FAX MOD	
29	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	FINE.	FAX MOD	
30	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	S-FINE.	FAX MOD	
31	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	STD.	FAX MOD	
32	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	STD.	FAX MOD	
33	FAX ONLY	?	?	FAX MOD	
34	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	STD.	FAX MOD	
35	FAX ONLY	9600BPS	STD.	FAX MOD	

#### NO RESPONSE DISAPPEARED ON JOURNAL

RCV MODE

NO. START TIME

RCV-TRIG. (CNT.)

YOUR LOGO : YOUR FAX NO. :

### JOURNAL3

1 Jan. 2008 1:58PM

NR         10msec         007A         02020         PE           02         MR         20msec         016B         02020         00           03         MH         10msec         0402         02020         02           04         MR         20msec         015B         02020         02           04         MR         20msec         015S         02011         02           05         MR         20msec         0113         02020         75           06         MR         20msec         0202         75         02020         75           07         MR         5msec         0202         02020         75           08         MR         5msec         0202         02020         75           09         MR         0msec         0202         02020         02           11         MR         10msec         0207         02020         02           12         MR         20msec         0202         02020         02           14         MR         10msec         0202         02020         02           14         MH         20msec         02060         020	<u>NO.</u>	ENCODE	MSLT	EQM(RX)	ERROR LINE(RX)	MAKER CODE
P2         MR         20msec         016B         02020         02           03         MH         12msec         019B         02020         02           04         MR         22msec         0155         02011         02           05         MR         22msec         0155         02011         02           06         MR         22msec         0155         02020         79           08         MR         5msec         02020         79           08         MR         5msec         02020         02020         79           08         MR         5msec         02020         02020         02           12         MR         20msec         0173         02020         02           11         MR         20msec         0202         02         02           12         MR         20msec         0202         02         02           13         MH         20msec         0202         02         02           14         MH         20msec         0202         02         02           15         MH         20msec         0202         02         02 <t< td=""><td>01</td><td>MR</td><td>10msec</td><td>007A</td><td>00000</td><td>ØE</td></t<>	01	MR	10msec	007A	00000	ØE
83       MH       10macc       0600       06000       60         044       MR       20macc       0159       06003       60         05       MR       20macc       0155       06011       60         05       MR       20macc       0133       06000       79         06       MR       5macc       0600       06000       79         08       MR       5macc       0700       06000       79         09       MR       20macc       0100       06000       79         09       MR       20macc       0100       06000       06000       06000         11       MR       20macc       0125       06000 </td <td>02</td> <td>MR</td> <td>20msec</td> <td>Ø16B</td> <td>00000</td> <td>00</td>	02	MR	20msec	Ø16B	00000	00
P4       MR       20msec       019B       000003       00         P5       MR       20msec       01156       00011       00         06       MR       20msec       01133       000200       79         08       MR       5msec       0000       000200       79         08       MR       5msec       0000       00000       00000       79         09       MR       20msec       0100       000000       000000       00000       000000	03	MH	10mSec	0000	00000	ØØ
95       MR       22msec       0156       00011       00         96       MR       22msec       0113       000202       79         98       MR       5msec       0000       000202       79         99       MR       2msec       0100       000202       19         10       MR       2msec       0102       000202       00         11       MR       2msec       0122       000202       00         12       MR       20msec       0122       000202       00         13       MH       20msec       0102       000202       00         14       MH       20msec       0000       000202       00         15       MH       20msec       0000       000202       00         16       MH       20msec       0124       00202       00         17       MR       20msec       0124       02020       00         18       MR       10msec       0202       02       00         21       MR       20msec       0132       02020       00         22       MR       20msec       01002       02020       00	04	MR	20msec	Ø19B	00003	00
P6         MR         22msec         0113         90808         90           07         MR         5msec         0802         08020         79           08         MR         5msec         0802         08020         79           09         MR         2msec         0802         08020         19           12         MR         2msec         0102         08020         62           11         MR         20msec         0125         08080         63           13         MH         20msec         0802         08020         63           14         MH         20msec         0802         08020         63           15         MH         20msec         0802         03         63           16         MH         20msec         0802         63         63           17         MR         5msec         0802         08020         63           18         MR         10msec         0802         63         63           19         MR         20msec         0124         03080         63           21         MR         20msec         0126         63         63	05	MR	20msec	Ø156	00011	00
07       MR       Smsec       0000       00000       79         08       MR       Smsec       0000       00000       19         10       MR       20msec       0100       00000       00         11       MR       20msec       0100       00000       00         11       MR       20msec       0125       00000       00         13       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         14       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         15       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         16       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         16       MR       20msec       0000       00000       00         17       MR       Smsec       0000       00000       00         18       MR       20msec       0124       00000       00         20       MR       20msec       0135       00000       00         21       MR       20msec       0142       00000       00         22       MR       20msec       0100       00000       00 <td>06</td> <td>MR</td> <td>20mSec</td> <td>0113</td> <td>00000</td> <td>88</td>	06	MR	20mSec	0113	00000	88
08       MR       Smsec       0000       00000       19         09       MR       0msec       0100       00000       19         10       MR       20msec       0100       00000       00         11       MR       10msec       0073       00000       00         12       MR       20msec       0125       00000       00         13       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         14       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         15       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         16       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         16       MR       20msec       0000       00000       00         17       MR       20msec       0124       02080       00         18       MR       20msec       0124       02080       00         20       MR       20msec       0126       02000       00         21       MR       20msec       0180       02000       00         22       MR       20msec       0200       02000       00 </td <td>07</td> <td>MR</td> <td>SmSec</td> <td>0000</td> <td>00000</td> <td>79</td>	07	MR	SmSec	0000	00000	79
09         NR         Amsec         0000         00000         19           12         MR         20msec         0100         00000         00           11         MR         10msec         0002         00000         00           12         MR         20msec         0125         00000         00         00           13         MH         20msec         0000         00000         00         00           14         MH         20msec         0000         00000         00         00           15         MH         20msec         0000         00000         00         00           16         MH         20msec         0000         00000         00         00           17         MR         5msec         0000         00000         00         00           18         MR         20msec         0124         00000         00         00           20         MR         20msec         01000         00000         00         00           21         MR         20msec         01000         00000         00         00           24         MR         20msec         010	Ø8	MR	5msec	8888	00000	79
10       MR       20msec       0100       00000       00         111       MR       10msec       0073       00000       00         12       MR       20msec       0125       00000       00         13       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00       00         14       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00       00         15       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00       00         16       MR       20msec       0000       00000       00       00         17       MR       5msec       0000       00000       00       00         18       MR       10msec       02000       00       00       00         19       MR       20msec       02000       00       00       00         20       MR       20msec       02000       00       00       00       00         21       MR       20msec       02000       00       00       00       00         22       MR       20msec       013C       02000       00       00         24       MR       20m	Ø9	MR	Ømsec	8888	00000	19
11       MR       10msec       0073       00000       0E         12       MR       20msec       0125       00020       03         13       MH       20msec       0000       03000       79         14       MH       20msec       0000       03000       79         15       MH       20msec       0000       03000       00         16       MH       20msec       0300       03000       79         16       MH       20msec       0300       03000       79         16       MH       20msec       0300       03000       79         18       MR       20msec       0200       02020       02         19       MR       20msec       0124       02080       02         20       MR       20msec       0135       02020       02         21       MR       20msec       0135       02020       02         22       MR       20msec       018C       02020       02         23       MR       20msec       019C       02020       02         24       MR       20msec       0202       02020       02	1Ø	MR	20msec	0100	00000	00
12       MR       20msec       0125       06000       00         13       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         14       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         15       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00       00         16       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00       00         16       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00       00         17       MR       5msec       0000       00000       00       00       00         18       MR       10msec       0208       00       00       00       00         28       MR       20msec       0124       00000       00       00         21       MR       20msec       0200       00000       00       00         22       MR       20msec       018C       00000       00       00         24       MR       20msec       018C       00000       00       00         25       MR       20msec       014C       00000       00       00         26       MR <td< td=""><td>11</td><td>MR</td><td>10msec</td><td>0073</td><td>00000</td><td>ØE</td></td<>	11	MR	10msec	0073	00000	ØE
13       MH       20msec       0000       00000       79         14       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00       00         15       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00       00         16       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00       00         17       MR       5msec       0000       00000       79         18       MR       10msec       0000       00000       00         20       MR       20msec       0124       00000       00         28       MR       20msec       0000       02000       00         21       MR       20msec       0135       00000       00         22       MR       20msec       018C       02000       00         23       MR       20msec       018C       02000       00         24       MR       20msec       010F       02000       00         25       MR       20msec       010F       02000       00         26       MR       20msec       020F       02000       00         27       MR       10msec	12	MR	20msec	Ø12B	00000	00
14       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         15       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         16       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         17       MR       5msec       0000       00000       79         18       MR       10msec       0202       0000       00000       00         19       MR       20msec       0124       00000       00       00         20       MR       20msec       0202       02090       00       00         21       MR       20msec       0200       02090       00       00         22       MR       20msec       0135       02090       00       00         23       MR       20msec       018C       02090       00       00         24       MR       20msec       018C       02090       00       00         25       MR       20msec       018C       02090       00       00         26       MR       20msec       0100       02000       00       00       00         27       MR       10msec       0200 <td>13</td> <td>MH</td> <td>20msec</td> <td>0000</td> <td>00000</td> <td>79</td>	13	MH	20msec	0000	00000	79
15       MH       20msec       0000       00000       00         16       MH       20msec       0000       00000       79         17       MR       5msec       0000       00000       79         18       MR       10msec       0000       00000       00         19       MR       20msec       0124       00000       00         20       MR       20msec       0000       00000       00         21       MR       20msec       0000       00000       00         22       MR       20msec       0100       00000       00         23       MR       20msec       0100       00000       00         24       MR       20msec       018C       00000       00         25       MR       20msec       018C       00000       00         26       MR       20msec       010F       00000       00         27       MR       10msec       000D       00000       00         28       MR       20msec       01DF       00000       00         30       MR       20msec       02C       00000       00 </td <td>14</td> <td>MH</td> <td>20msec</td> <td>0000</td> <td>00000</td> <td>90</td>	14	MH	20msec	0000	00000	90
16       MH       20msec       0000       00000       79         17       MR       5msec       0000       00000       79         18       MR       10msec       0202       02024       02         19       MR       20msec       0124       00000       02         20       MR       20msec       0400       02000       02         21       MR       20msec       0400       02000       02         22       MR       20msec       0400       02000       02         23       MR       20msec       0100       02000       02         24       MR       20msec       0100       02000       02         24       MR       20msec       0100       02000       02         25       MR       20msec       010C       02000       02         26       MR       20msec       010F       02000       02         27       MR       10msec       0200       02       02         28       MR       20msec       020D       02000       02         30       MR       20msec       02C       02000       02	15	MH	20msec	0000	00000	00
17       MR       5msec       0000       79         18       MR       10msec       0208       02094       0E         19       MR       20msec       0124       02090       02         20       MR       20msec       0200       02090       02         21       MR       20msec       0200       02090       02         22       MR       20msec       0200       02090       02         23       MR       20msec       0135       02090       02         24       MR       20msec       018C       02090       02         25       MR       20msec       018C       02090       02         26       MR       20msec       018C       02090       02         27       MR       10msec       0207       02090       02         28       MR       20msec       010F       02020       02         39       MR       20msec       02F8       02020       02         31       MR       20msec       02F8       02020       02         32       MR       10msec       0200       02       02	16	MH	20msec	0000	00000	00
18       MR       19msec       00AB       00094       0E         19       MR       20msec       0124       00090       00         20       MR       20msec       0000       00000       00         21       MR       20msec       0135       00000       00         22       MR       20msec       0135       00000       00         23       MR       20msec       0100       00000       00         24       MR       20msec       0100       00000       00         24       MR       20msec       0000       00000       00         24       MR       20msec       010C       00000       00         24       MR       20msec       01BC       00000       00         25       MR       20msec       01PF       00000       00         26       MR       20msec       01PF       00000       00         27       MR       20msec       01PF       00000       00         28       MR       20msec       02P       00       00         30       MR       20msec       02F       00000       0E	17	MR	Smsec	0000	00000	79
19       MR       20msec       0124       00000       02         28       MR       20msec       0200       02000       02         21       MR       20msec       0200       02000       02         22       MR       20msec       0200       02000       02         23       MR       20msec       018C       02000       02         24       MR       20msec       018C       02000       02         24       MR       20msec       018C       02000       02         25       MR       20msec       018C       02000       02         26       MR       20msec       0107       02000       02         27       MR       10msec       0200       02       02         28       MR       20msec       01DF       02000       02         29       MR       20msec       02CD       02020       02         30       MR       20msec       02CD       02020       02         31       MR       20msec       0200       02020       02         32       MR       10msec       0202       02020       02 <td>18</td> <td>MR</td> <td>10msec</td> <td>ØØAB</td> <td>00004</td> <td>ØE</td>	18	MR	10msec	ØØAB	00004	ØE
28       MR       20msec       0002       00080       02         21       MR       20msec       0002       02090       02         22       MR       20msec       0135       02000       02         23       MR       20msec       0202       02090       02         24       MR       20msec       018C       02090       02         24       MR       20msec       018C       02090       02         25       MR       20msec       018C       02090       02         26       MR       20msec       0207       02090       02         27       MR       10msec       0207       02090       02         28       MR       20msec       01DF       02090       02         29       MR       20msec       02CD       02090       02         30       MR       20msec       02CD       02090       02         31       MR       20msec       02CD       02090       02         32       MR       10msec       0202       02       02         33       MR       10msec       0202       02020       02 <td>19</td> <td>MR</td> <td>20msec</td> <td>0124</td> <td><u> 90000</u></td> <td>00</td>	19	MR	20msec	0124	<u> 90000</u>	00
21       MR       20msec       0002       00000       02         22       MR       20msec       0135       00000       02         23       MR       20msec       0202       02000       02         24       MR       20msec       018C       02000       02         25       MR       20msec       01AC       02002       02         26       MR       20msec       020F       02020       02         27       MR       20msec       0207       02020       02         28       MR       20msec       01DF       02020       02         29       MR       20msec       02CD       02020       02         30       MR       20msec       02CD       02020       02         31       MR       20msec       02CD       02020       02         32       MR       10msec       02020       02       02         33       MR       10msec       02020       02       02         33       MR       10msec       02020       02       02         33       MR       10msec       02020       02020       02	20	MR	20msec	2000	00000	00
22       MR       20msec       0135       0000       00         23       MR       20msec       0000       00000       00         24       MR       20msec       01BC       00000       00         25       MR       20msec       01AC       00000       00         26       MR       20msec       020F       02000       00         27       MR       10msec       0000       02000       00         28       MR       20msec       01EA       02000       00         29       MR       20msec       02CD       02000       00         30       MR       20msec       02F8       02000       00         31       MR       20msec       02F8       02000       0E         32       MR       10msec       04F8       00000       0E         33       MR       10msec       0200       0E       0E         33       MR       10msec       0200       0E       0E         33       MR       10msec       0200       0E       0E         33       MR       10msec       0200       02000       0E	21	MR	20msec	0000	2020	00
23       MR       20msec       0002       00020       02         24       MR       20msec       01BC       00020       02         25       MR       20msec       01AC       00020       02         26       MR       20msec       020F       02020       02         27       MR       10msec       0020       02020       02         28       MR       20msec       01EA       02020       02         29       MR       20msec       02CD       02020       02         30       MR       20msec       02F8       02020       02         31       MR       20msec       02F8       02020       0E         32       MR       10msec       04F8       02020       0E         33       MR       10msec       0202       02       0E         33       MR       10msec       0202       02020       0E <td>22</td> <td>MR</td> <td>20msec</td> <td>0135</td> <td>00000</td> <td>00</td>	22	MR	20msec	0135	00000	00
24       MR       20msec       01BC       00000       00         25       MR       20msec       01AC       00000       00         26       MR       20msec       020F       00000       00         27       MR       10msec       0000       00000       00         28       MR       20msec       01DF       00000       00         29       MR       20msec       00CD       00000       00         30       MR       20msec       02F8       00000       0E         31       MR       20msec       02F8       00000       0E         32       MR       10msec       04F8       00000       0E         33       MR       10msec       0200       0E       0E         33       MR       10msec       02020       020020       0E <tr< td=""><td>23</td><td>MR</td><td>20msec</td><td>o do d</td><td>00000</td><td>00</td></tr<>	23	MR	20msec	o do d	00000	00
25       MR       20msec       01AC       00000       02         26       MR       20msec       020F       00000       00         27       MR       10msec       0000       02000       0E         28       MR       20msec       01DF       02000       00         29       MR       20msec       01EA       02000       00         30       MR       20msec       02F8       00000       0E         31       MR       20msec       04F8       00000       0E         32       MR       10msec       04F8       00000       0E         33       MR       10msec       0200       02000       0E         33       MR       10msec       0200       02000       0E         33       MR       10msec       0202       02000       0E         33       MR       10msec       0202       02020       0E         33       MR       10msec       0202       02020       0E         33       MR       10msec       0202       02020       0E         33       MR       10msec       0202       020202       0E	24	MR	20msec	Ø1BC	20000	00
26       MR       20msec       020F       0000       00         27       MR       10msec       0000       00000       0E         28       MR       20msec       01DF       02000       00         29       MR       20msec       01EA       02000       00         30       MR       20msec       02F8       00000       0E         31       MR       20msec       02F8       00000       0E         32       MR       10msec       04F8       00000       0E         33       MR       10msec       0400       0E       0E         33       MR       10msec       0200       02000       0E         33       MR       10msec       0200       02000       0E         33       MR       10msec       02020       02000       0E         34       MR       20msec       0386       02020       0E         35       MH       20msec       02E       02020       02	25	MR	20msec	Ø1AČ	00000	00
27       MR       10msec       0000       0000       0E         28       MR       20msec       01DF       00000       00         29       MR       20msec       01EA       00000       00         30       MR       20msec       02D       00000       00         31       MR       20msec       02F8       00000       0E         32       MR       10msec       04F8       00000       0E         33       MR       10msec       0200       00000       0E         34       MR       20msec       03B6       00000       0E         35       MH       20msec       00E0       02000       0E	26	MR	20msec	020F	90090	00
28       MR       20msec       01DF       0000       00         29       MR       20msec       01EA       00000       00         30       MR       20msec       00CD       00000       00         31       MR       20msec       02F8       00000       0E         32       MR       10msec       04F8       00000       0E         33       MR       10msec       0000       00000       0E         34       MR       20msec       0386       00000       0E         35       MH       20msec       00E0       00000       0E	27	MR	10msec	0000	00000	ØE
29       MR       20msec       01EA       00000       00         30       MR       20msec       00CD       00000       00         31       MR       20msec       02F8       00000       0E         32       MR       10msec       04F8       00000       0E         33       MR       10msec       0000       00000       0E         34       MR       20msec       0386       00000       0E         35       MH       20msec       00E0       00000       00	28	MR	20msec	01DF	00000	88
30         MR         20msec         00CD         00000         00           31         MR         20msec         02F8         00000         0E           32         MR         10msec         04F8         00000         0E           33         MR         10msec         0000         00         00           34         MR         20msec         0386         00000         0E           35         MH         20msec         00E0         00000         0E	29	MR	20msec	01E9	00000	00
31         MR         20msec         02F8         00000         0E           32         MR         10msec         04F8         00000         0E           33         MR         10msec         0000         00         00           34         MR         20msec         0386         00000         0E           35         MH         20msec         00E0         00000         0E	30	MR	20msec	ØØCD	00000	90
32         MR         10msec         04F8         00000         0E           33         MR         10msec         0000         00         00           34         MR         20msec         0386         00000         0E           35         MH         20msec         00E0         00000         0E	31	MR	20msec	Ø2F8	00000	ØE
33         MR         10msec         0000         00000         00           34         MR         20msec         0386         00000         0E           35         MH         20msec         00E0         00000         00	32	MR	10msec	04F8	20000	ØE
34 MR 20msec 0386 00000 0E 35 MH 20msec 00E0 00000 00	33	MR	10msec	0000	<u>0</u> 0000	60
35 MH 20msec 00E0 00000 00	34	MR	20msec	Ø386	00000	ØE
	35	MH	20msec	<b>00</b> E0	00000	00

## 12.3.2. Communication Section

Find the problem in the table shown below, and refer to the corresponding troubleshooting procedure in **Defective Facsimile Section** (P.91).

No.	Symptom	Reference Content	Possible cause
1	The paper is not fed properly when faxing. (Not in the copy mode.)	Transmit Problem (P.91)	Problem with the feeding mecha- nism. Refer to <b>ADF (Auto Document</b> <b>Feed) Section</b> (P.105).
2	The fax usually transmits successfully but sometimes fails. (The unit can copy documents.)	Sometime there is a transmit problem (P.92)	Problem with the service line or with the receiver's fax.
3	The fax usually receives successfully but sometimes fails. (The unit can copy documents.)	Receive Problem (P.93)	Problem with the service line or with the transmitter's fax.
4	The fax completely fails to transmit or receive. (The unit can copy documents.)	The unit can copy, but cannot transmit / receive (P.94)	Problem with the electric circuit.
5	The fax fails either to transmit or receive when making a long distance or an international call. (The unit can copy documents.)	The unit can copy, but cannot either transmit/receive long distance or interna- tional communications (P.95)	Problem with the service line.
6	The fax image is poor when transmitting or receiving dur- ing a long distance or an international call.	The unit can copy, but the transmission and reception image are incorrect (P.97)	
7	No.1~No.5	<ul> <li>The troubleshooting procedure for each error code will be printed on the commu- nication result report.</li> <li>Error Messages-Report (P.77)</li> </ul>	

### 12.3.2.1. Defective Facsimile Section

### 12.3.2.1.1. Transmit Problem



**REFERENCE:** 

- (\*1): Operation Panel Section (P.132)
- (\*2): ADF (Auto Document Feed) Section (P.105)
- (\*3): Maintenance (P.156)
- (\*4): How to Remove the Gear Block and Separation Roller (P.149)
- (\*5): How to Remove the Operation Board, LCD, MIC Board and Document Exit Roller (P.152)

## 12.3.2.1.2. Sometime there is a transmit problem



### Note:

"596: Transmit level set" represents a service code. (Refer to Service Function Table(P.67).)

### 12.3.2.1.3. Receive Problem

First confirm whether the recording paper is installed properly or not before starting troubleshooting. (Refer to "Remarks".)



#### Note:

- "596: Transmit level set" represents a service code. (Refer to Service Function Table (P.67).)
- #06: Refer to for **Program Mode Table** (P.100) Fax ring count.

#### **Remarks:**

Regarding the reception problem, we have investigated the conceivable causes in the flow chart except for the software-related errors. However, some troubles may occur due to the software-related problems such as "CHECK PAPER" when the fax switches to the memory receiving mode and the memory capacity becomes full of the unprintable data. In this case, error messages [FAX MEMORY FULL] and its main cause, for example "CHECK PAPER" are displayed on the LCD. Once you solve the main problem, [FAX MEMORY FULL] will be cancelled and the reception problem will be resolved.

LCD display messages indicating the error causes are shown below.

CHECK PAPER

BACK COVER OPEN

UNIT OVERHEATED (COVER OPEN, etc.)...Reset the unit.

PAPER JAMMED

FILM EMPTY

Please refer to **Error Messages-Display** (P.75) for the above items. If it turns out to be a hardware deformity, please check each sensor. (Refer to **Test Mode** (P.63).)

### 12.3.2.1.4. The unit can copy, but cannot transmit / receive



### **REFERENCE:**

(\*1): Test Mode (P.63)

(\*2): Analog Board Section (P.125)

### 12.3.2.1.5. The unit can copy, but cannot either transmit/receive long distance or international communications

The following two causes can be considered for this symptom.

### Cause 1:

The other party is executing automatic dialing, the call has been received by this unit, and the CED or DIS signal response time is too long. (In most cases, this unit detects the CNG signal and can respond to CED or DIS.) (According to the ITU-T standard, the communication procedure is cancelled when there is no response from the other party within 35 sec, so that the other party releases the line.)

(Response Time)



machine dials

### (Cause and Countermeasure)

As shown in the chart above, the total handshaking time must be reduced, but because of the long distance connection and linking of several stations, the line connection time cannot be reduced. Accordingly, the following countermeasures should be tried. (A)... As the 35 sec. count is started directly after dialing or directly after the START button has been pressed for models with a START button, the other party should be called manually, if possible. Another possibility is entering two pauses at the end of the auto dial number on the transmission side. Then the count start time can be delayed for 2 pauses (about 10 sec.).

#### Cause 2:

Erroneous detection because of an echo or an echo canceler.



#### (Echo/Echo Canceler)

The signal from FAX1 reaches FAX2 via stations 1 and 2, but the reflection signal at station 2 also returns via station 1 (echo). As the distance between station 1 and station 2 is far, the echo returns to FAX 1 at a max of 600 msec after transmission. There is a possibility that this signal is detected erroneously as the signal from FAX2. For a normal call, there is also a possibility that the echo of their own voice will make the call difficult to understand. For this reason, each station (station 1 and station 2) attaches echo cancelers (S1 and S2) for international lines or long distance lines. For the echo canceler, the level of the transmission signal from FAX1 is compared with the level of the reception signal from FAX2. When the transmission signal is larger, S1 is closed while S2 is opened when it is smaller. In other words, for transmission from FAX1, S1 is closed and S2 is open, so that the echo does not return to FAX1.

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### (Causes and Countermeasures)

No.	Countermeasure Side	Echo Communication Problem Example	Countermeasure	Service Code
1	Sending side	Some time is needed to compare the level of the receiving and sending signals for the echo canceler. The header of the training signal lacks due to a switching delay to close S1.	Add a dummy signal to the beginning of the training signal.	Service code (521) (International mode select) This countermeasure becomes the default value.
2	Receiving side	The echo canceler function stops according to a CED signal frequency of 2100Hz (S1	Change to a 1100Hz CED signal fre- quency. (Refer to Fig. b)	Service code (520) (CED frequency select)
	Receiving side	and S2 are both ON), a DIS signal is returned as an echo, and a DCS signal from the sending side overlaps the DIS echo. Then the receiving side FAX cannot retrieve the DCS signal.	Change the regular rime of 75 msec between the CED signal and DIS signal to 500 msec. This will give at least 250 msec to recover the echo canceler operation. (Refer to Fig. c)	Service code (593) (Time between CED and 300 bps)
	Sending side	(Refer to Fig. a)	The sending side FAX sends a DCS signal not after receiving the 1st DIS signal but after receiving the 2nd DIS signal. (Refer to Fig. d)	Service code (594) (Overseas DIS detection select)
3	Sending side	Communication failure occurs in a long dis- tance communication on the telephone line without an echo canceler.	Decrease the transmission level from - 10 dBm to -15 dBm and the echo level will decrease.	Service code (596) (Transmit level set)
4	Sending side Receiving side	or	Decrease the receiving sensitivity from -13 dBm to about -32 dBm so an echo signal will not received.	Service code (598) (Receiving sensitivity)
5	Sending side Receiving side	There are some cases (e.g. Mobil comms.) which cause the collision of TX / RX signals due to the delay / echo and noise of the network / terminal. (Refer to Fig. e)	Set additional Pause time (Service mode: code No. 774) in between the original and its repeated signals, to pre- vent the collision of the signals at both end.	Service code (774) (T4 timer)



♥ activates Fig. a





Fig. b (Countermeasure by Changing the CED Frequency)



Fig. d (Countermeasure by Ignoring the 1st DIS)

<tx side="" signal=""></tx>	<rx side="" signal=""></rx>	<countermeasure></countermeasure>
2nd / 3rd DCS / Training	& delayed CFR / FTT	at TX side
2nd / 3rd EOP / EOM / MPS	& delayed MCF / PIP / PIN / RTP / RTN	at TX side
delayed DCS	& 2nd / 3rd / DIS	at RX side



### 12.3.2.1.6. The unit can copy, but the transmission and reception image are incorrect

(Long distance or international communication operation)

This symptom highly depends on the transmission and reception capability of the other FAX unit and the line conditions. The countermeasures for this unit are shown below.

### **Transmission Operation:**

Set the transmitting speed to 4800BPS (service mode: code No. 717) or select the overseas mode.

#### **Reception Operation:**

If 80% or more of the reception is incorrect, set the receiving speed to 4800BPS. (Service mode: code No. 718) • Refer to **Service Function Table** (P.67).

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### 12.3.2.1.7. How to record fax signal by using PC

Recording FAX signal is one of the useful analysis measures to solve communication problems. The way of recording easily by using PC is shown as follows.

### 1. Equipment

- 1 jig
- 1 PC (with LINE IN)
- 1 audio cord (mini jack supported)
- 2 tel cords

### 2. Setting up

Parts No.	Parts Name & Descrip- tion	Qt'y
PQJJ1T004Z	JACK1, JACK2	2
PQJJ1D010Z	PIN JACK	1
ECQE2155KF	CAPACITOR	2
or		
ECQE2E155KC		
MA4020	DIODE	2



### 3. Connecting PC and JIG



### 4. PC setting and recording

- 1. Set LINE IN to be valid in the volume control setting. Refer to the PC instruction book.
- 2. Start up the PC software "SOUND RECORDER". (This software is bundled to Windows OS, which can create WAV file.) Set the audio format "PCM 22.050kHz, 8bit, mono".
- 3. Click the record button and start recording after acquisition the signal.

### Note:

- · Not to be wind wave patterns on the wave monitor.
- Please compress the recording data when you send attaching to E-Mail because the data size will be so heavy.
- Any software which can create WAV files is available.

## 12.4. Remote Programming

If, after the call is connected, the customer describes the situation and it is determined that the problem can be corrected by making parameter changes, this function makes it possible to change parameters such as the user code and service code from another fax (using DTMF tones). Therefore, travel to the customer's location is not required. However, it is not possible to change all the parameters remotely (**Program Mode Table** (P.100)). The function used to accomplish this is remote programming.

First, in order to check the current status of the service code parameter, print out the setup list (code: 991) and the service list (code: 999) from the customer's fax machine.

Based on this, the parameters for the desired codes can be changed.

The procedure for changing and listing parameters is described on **Entering the Remote Programming Mode and Changing Service Codes** (P.99). Also, before exiting the remote programming mode, it is advisable to obtain a new list to confirm that the changes were made correctly.

### Hints:

Since the connected telephone is in use during the remote programming mode, it may be helpful to ask the customer to switch to the speakerphone. This frees the customer from the need to remain right next to the fax while you are making parameter settings. When finished, inform the customer. Also note that in very noisy locations where the DTMF tones are not audible, the remote programming function will not work.

### 12.4.1. Entering the Remote Programming Mode and Changing Service Codes



#### Note:

(\*1): Refer to Program Mode Table (P.100)

## 12.4.2. Program Mode Table

Code	Function	Set Value	Default	Remote Set-
				ting
001	Date and time	dd/mm/yy hh:mm	01/01/08	NG
002	Your logo		None	NG
003	Your FAX number		None	NG
004	Sending report	1: ERROR / 2: ON / 3: OFF	ERROR	OK
006	FAX ring count	1~9	2	OK
	TAM ring count	0: Tall Saver / 2~7	2	OK
010	Recording time	1: GREETING ONLY / 2: 1 minute /	3 minutes	ОК
		3: 2 minutes / 4: 3 minutes		
011	Remote TAM ID			NG
013	Dialing mode	1: PULSE / 2: TONE	TONE	OK
014	PC LINK (KX-FM388 only)	1: ON / 2: OFF	ON	OK
017	Ringer tone	TONE 1 / TONE 2 / TONE 3	TONE 1	NG
022	Automatic journal report	1: ON / 2: OFF	ON	ОК
023	Overseas mode	1: NEXT FAX / 2: ERROR / 3: OFF	ERROR	OK
025	Delayed transmission	ON / OFF	OFF	NG
026		1: ON / 2: OFF	OFF	OK e
036	Receiving reduction	1: ON / 4: OFF	ON	OK
030			NORMAL	NG
041	EAX activation code			NG
041				
044	Memory receive alert	1: ON / 2: OFF	ON	OK
046	Friendly reception	1: ON / 2: OFF	ON	OK
047	Voice guidance	1: ON / 2: OFF	ON	OK
049	Auto disconnection	0: OFF / 1: ON	ON CODE= <del>X</del> 0	NG
054	Common greeting MSG. REC. time	1: 16 sec / 2: 60 sec	16 sec	OK
058	Scan contrast	1: NORMAL / 2: DARKER / 3: LIGHT	NORMAL	OK
059	Print contrast	1: NORMAL / 2: DARKER	NORMAL	OK
067	ICM monitor	1: ON / 2: OFF	ON	OK
072	Recall/Flash time	1:90 / 2:100 / 3:110 / 4:160 / 5:200 / 6:250 /	600 ms	OK
		7:300 / 8:400 / 9:600 / 0:80 / 10:700 / 11:900		
073	Manual receive mode	1: TEL / 2: TEL/FAX	TEL	OK
076	Connecting tone	1: ON / 2: OFF	ON	OK
077	Auto answer mode	2: FAX only / 3: TAM/FAX	TAM/FAX	OK
078	TEL/FAX ring setting	1~9	2	OK
080	Set default	YES / NO	NO	NG
501	Pause time	001 ~ 600 × 100 msec	030 × 100 msec	OK
503	Dial speed select	1: 10 pps / 2: 20 pps	10 pps	OK
510	Vox time	1: 6 sec / 2: 4 sec	6 sec	ОК
511	Vox Sensitivity	1: High / 2: Low	High	ОК
512	Vox mode detection	1: A / 2: B	A	ок
514	Bell detection time	1 ~ 9 × 100 msec	6 × 100 msec	OK
520	CED frequency select	1: 2100 Hz / 2: 1100 Hz	2100 Hz	OK
521	International mode select	1: ON / 2: OFF	ON	OK
522	Auto standby select	1: ON / 2: OFF	ON	OK
523	Receive equalizer select	1. $0 \text{ km}/2$ : 1.8 km/3: 3.6 km/4: 7.2 km	0 km	OK
524		1: 0  km / 2: 1.8  km / 3: 3.6  km / 4: 7.2  km	0 km	OK
544	Document feed position	1 ~ 9 mm	5 mm	OK
550	Memory clear			NG
550	Flash memory check			NG
557			055	
552	Monitor on EAX communication select	1: OEE / 2: Dhase P / 2: ALL		
555		1. UII / 2. FIIASE D / 3. ALL	UFF	
554				
555	Scall lest			NG NG
556				NG
557				NG
558	LCD test			NG
559	Document jam detection select	1: UN / 2: UFF	ON	OK
561	Key test			NG

Code	Function	Set Value	Default	Remote Set-
				ting
567	T0 timer	001 ~ 255 sec	046 sec	OK
570	Break % select	1: 61% / 2: 67%	61%	OK
571	ITS auto redial time set	00 ~ 99	05	OK
572	ITS auto redial line disconnection time set	001 ~ 999 sec	185 sec	OK
573	Remote turn-on ring number set	00 ~ 99	10	OK
580	TAM continuous tone detection	1: ON / 2: OFF	ON	OK
590	FAX auto redial time set	00 ~ 99	05	OK
591	FAX auto redial line disconnection time set	001 ~ 999 sec	185 sec	ОК
592	CNG transmit select	1: OFF / 2: ALL / 3: AUTO	ALL	ОК
593	Time between CED and 300 bps	1: 75 msec / 2: 500 msec / 3: 1 sec	75 msec	ОК
594	Overseas DIS detection select	1: 1st / 2: 2nd	1st	OK
595	Receive error limit value set	1: 5% / 2: 10% / 3: 15% / 4: 20%	10%	OK
596	Transmit level set	00 ~ 15 × -1 dBm	11 × -1 dBm	OK
598 <sup>*1</sup>	Receiving Sensitivity	20 ~ 48 × -1 dBm	42 × -1 dBm	OK
599	ECM Frame size	1:256 byte / 2: 64 byte	256 byte	OK
624	AT ring time out (KX-FM388 only)	1: 3 sec / 2: 5 sec	3 sec	OK
625	Setting printing density	1: Default / 2: Lighter / 3: Darker	Default	OK
710	Memory clear except History data			NG
717	Transmit speed select	1: 14400 / 2: 12000 / 3: 9600 / 4: 7200 / 5: 4800 / 6: 2400 bps	14400 bps	ОК
718	Receive speed select	1: 14400 / 2: 12000 / 3: 9600 / 4: 7200 / 5: 4800 / 6: 2400 bps	14400 bps	ОК
722	Redial tone detect	1: ON / 2: OFF	ON	OK
724	PC-SEND busy tone detection (KX-FM388 only)	1: ON / 2: OFF	OFF	OK
745	Power on film feed	1: ON / 2: OFF	ON	OK
763	CNG detect time for friendly reception	1: 10 sec / 2: 20 sec / 3: 30 sec	30 sec	OK
773	DIS-DCS interval	1: 500 msec / 2: 200 msec	200 ms	OK
774	T4 timer	00~99 × 100 msec	00 × 100 ms	OK
784	Voice Prompt Test			NG
815	Sensor test & Vox test			NG
841	Digital SP-Phone RX & TX check			NG
845	Setting scanning density	00 ~ 32	08	OK
852	Print test pattern			NG
853	Top margin	1 ~ 9 mm	5 mm	OK
861	Paper size	1: A4 / 2: LETTER	A4	OK
874	DTMF ON time	06 ~ 20 × 10msec	$10 \times 10$ msec	OK
875	DTMF OFF time	06 ~ 20 × 10msec	10 × 10 msec	ОК
880	History list			NG
881	Journal 2			NG
882	Journal 3			NG
961	The time transmitting the false ring back tone	01~10 sec	07 sec	OK
962	The operator calling time	05~30 sec	10 sec	OK
991	Setup list	1: Start		ОК
994	Journal list	1: Start		ОК
995	Journal 2 list	1: Start		OK
996	Journal 3 list	1: Start		OK
998	History list	1: Start		OK
999	Service list	1: Start		ОК

OK means "can set".

NG means "can not set".

### Note:

• \*1 Power is OFF/ON after changing this set value.

• Refer to Service Function Table (P.67) for descriptions of the individual codes.

### Example:

If you want to set value in the "004 Sending report", press the dial key number 1,2 or 3 corresponding to the Set Value you want to select. (1:ERROR / 2:ON / 3:OFF)

## 12.5. Troubleshooting Details

### 12.5.1. Outline

Troubleshooting is for recovering quality and reliability by determining the broken component and replacing, adjusting or cleaning it as required. First, determine the problem then decide the troubleshooting method. If you have difficulty finding the broken part, determine which board is broken. (For example: the Digital PCB, Analog PCB, etc.) The claim tag from a customer or dealer may use different expressions for the same problem, as they are not a technician or engineer. Using your experience, test the problem area corresponding to the claim. Also, returns from a customer or dealer often have a claim tag. For these cases as well, you need to determine the problem. Test the unit using the simple check list on **Simple Check List** (P.104). Difficult problems may be hard to determine, so repeated testing is necessary.

## 12.5.2. Starting Troubleshooting

Determine the symptom and the troubleshooting method.



### **REFERENCE:**

- (\*1): Error Messages-Display (P.75)
- (\*2): Simple Check List (P.104)
- (\*3): Power Supply Board Section (P.129)
- (\*4): Digital Board Section (P.118)

## 12.5.3. Troubleshooting Items Table

ITEM	SYMPTOM	REFERENCE
ADF	The document does not feed.	See No Document Feed (P.105)
(Auto Document Feeder)	Document jam	See Document Jam (P.106)
	Multiple feed	See Multiple Document Feed (P.107)
	Skew	See Document Skew (P.108)
Recording paper feed	The recording paper does not feed.	See The Recording Paper does not Feed (P.109)
	Paper jam	See Paper Jam (P.110)
	Multiple feed and skew	See Recording Paper Multiple Feed and Skew (P.111)
Printing	The sent fax data is skewed.	See The Sent Fax Data is Skewed (P.111)
	The received fax data is skewed.	See The Received Fax Data is Skewed (P.111)
	The received or copied data is expanded.	See Received or Copied Data is Expanded (P.112)
	A black page is copied.	See A Blank Page is Copied (P.113)
	A blank page is received.	See A Blank Page is Received (P.115)
	Black or white vertical line	See Black or White Vertical Line (P.115)
	Black or white lateral line on print out	See Black or White Lateral Line on Print Out (P.116)
	An abnormal image is printed	See An Abnormal Image is Printed (P.117)
Communication FAX, TEL (Analog board)	Cannot communicate by fax. An error code is displayed.	See <b>Communication Section</b> (P.90) and <b>Journal Report</b> (P.77)
	Cannot talk. The DTMF tone doesn't work. The handset / monitor doesn't work, etc.	See Analog Board Section (P.125)
Operation panel	Keys are not accepted.	See Operation Panel Section (P.132)
Sensor	If the electric circuit is the cause, the error message corresponding to the sensor will be displayed.	See Sensor Section (P.133)

## 12.5.3.1. Simple Check List

SERIAL NO.		DATE	
FUNCTION		JUDGEMENT	REFERENCE
FAX operation	Transmission	OK / NG	
	Receiving	OK / NG	
Copy operation		OK / NG	
Telephone operation	Handset transceiver / receiver	OK / NG	
	Digital SP-Phone	OK / NG	
	Ringer sound	OK / NG	
	Dial operation	OK / NG	
	Volume operation	OK / NG	
	Vox detection	OK / NG	Service code #815 (Refer to Test Mode (P.63).)
Operation Panel	Key check	OK / NG	Service code #561 (Refer to Test Mode (P.63).)
	LED check	OK / NG	Service code #557 (Refer to Test Mode (P.63).)
	LCD check	OK / NG	Service code #558 (Refer to <b>Test Mode</b> (P.63).)
Sensor	Sensor check	OK / NG	Service code #815 (Refer to Test Mode (P.63).)
Clock	Display changing	OK / NG	Is the time kept correctly? Check with another clock.
Digital TAM	Greeting REC / PLAY	OK / NG	
	Incoming message REC / PLAY	OK / NG	
	Memo REC / PLAY	OK / NG	
Voice prompt		OK / NG	Service code #784 (Refer to <b>Test Mode</b> (P.63).) Check whether voice prompt is play or not.
External Telephone	Handset transceiver/receiver	OK / NG	
	Remote control	OK / NG	Change to FAX receiving by pressing [+] [#] [9]. (default fax activation code) (Refer to #041 on <b>Program Mode Table</b> (P.100).)

Note: • Check according to the service code referring to the Test Mode (P.63).

### 12.5.4. ADF (Auto Document Feed) Section

### 12.5.4.1. No Document Feed



#### **REFERENCE:**

- (\*1): How to Remove the Separation Rubber (P.153)
- (\*2): Installation Position of the Lead Wires (P.154)
- (\*3): How to Remove the Gear Block and Separation Roller (P.149)
- (\*4): **Test Mode** (P.63)
- (\*5): How to Remove the Component parts of Gear Block (P.150)
- (\*6): Stepping Motor Drive Circuit (RX) (P.29)
- (\*7): **Digital Board Section** (P.118)
- (\*8): Sensor Section (P.133)
- (\*9): Power Supply Board Section (P.129)

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### 12.5.4.2. Document Jam



#### **REFERENCE:**

- (\*1): Disassembly and Assembly Instructions (P.140)
- (\*2): Test Mode (P.63)
- (\*3): How to Remove the Operation Board, LCD, MIC Board and Document Exit Roller (P.152)
- (\*4): Sensor Section (P.133)

### 12.5.4.3. Multiple Document Feed

• When using thick paper etc., sometimes the document will not be fed. (\*1)



#### **REFERENCE:**

(\*1): Installing the Recording Paper (P.59)

(\*2): How to Remove the Gear Block and Separation Roller (P.149)

- (\*3): **Disassembly and Assembly Instructions** (P.140)
- (\*4): How to Remove the Separation Rubber (P.153)
- (\*5): Maintenance (P.156)

#### Note:

When confirming if the characters are extended or distorted, or if the feed problem is occurred, use this test chart format. (Refer to **Test Chart** (P.172).)

### 12.5.4.4. Document Skew



**REFERENCE:** 

(\*1): Maintenance Items and Component Locations (P.156)

- (\*2): Disassembly and Assembly Instructions (P.140)
- (\*3): How to Remove the Image Sensor (CIS) (P.141)
- (\*4): **Overview** (P.54)
- (\*5): We recommend making a copy of the test chart in Test Chart (P.172) and using it.
### 12.5.4.5. The Recording Paper does not Feed



- (\*1): Installing the Recording Paper (P.59)
- (\*2): How to Remove the Pickup Roller (P.144)
- (\*3): Power Supply Board Section (P.129)
- (\*4): Test Mode (P.63)
- (\*5): How to Remove the Digital, Analog, Interface and Sensor Boards (P.147)
- (\*6): How to Remove the Component parts of Gear Block (P.150)
- (\*7): How to Remove the Back Cover and Platen Roller (P.143)
- (\*8): Digital Board Section (P.118)
- (\*9): We recommend making a copy of the test chart in Test Chart (P.172) and using it.

### 12.5.4.6. Paper Jam



- (\*1): **Jams** (P.163)
- (\*2): Maintenance Items and Component Locations (P.156)
- (\*3): **Disassembly and Assembly Instructions** (P.140)
- (\*4): Test Mode (P.63)
- (\*5): Sensors and Switches (P.33)
- (\*6): How to Remove the Pickup Roller (P.144)

# 12.5.4.7. Recording Paper Multiple Feed and Skew



#### **REFERENCE:**

- (\*1): How to Remove the Back Cover and Platen Roller (P.143)
- (\*2): How to Remove the Pickup Roller (P.144)

### 12.5.4.8. The Sent Fax Data is Skewed



#### **REFERENCE:**

- (\*1): We recommend making a copy of the test chart in **Test Chart** (P.172) and using it.
- (\*2): Document Skew (P.108)

### 12.5.4.9. The Received Fax Data is Skewed



- (\*1): We recommend making a copy of the test chart in **Test Chart** (P.172) and using it.
- (\*2): Recording Paper Multiple Feed and Skew (P.111)

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# 12.5.4.10. Received or Copied Data is Expanded



- (\*1): Document feeder/scanner glass cleaning (P.165)
- (\*2): Disassembly and Assembly Instructions (P.140)
- (\*3): How to Remove the Gear Block and Separation Roller (P.149)
- (\*4): We recommend making a copy of the test chart in Test Chart (P.172) and using it.

### 12.5.4.11. A Blank Page is Copied



- (\*1): Test Mode (P.63)
- (\*2): Thermal Head (P.26)
- (\*3): How to Remove the Thermal Head (P.142)
- (\*4): We recommend making a copy of the test chart in Test Chart (P.172) and using it.
- (\*5): A Blank Page is Received (P.115)



### 12.5.4.12. A Blank Page is Received



#### **REFERENCE:**

- (\*1): Test Mode (P.63)
- (\*2): Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125)
- (\*3): A Blank Page is Copied (P.113)

#### 12.5.4.13. Black or White Vertical Line



- (\*1): We recommend making a copy of the test chart in Test Chart (P.172) and using it.
- (\*2): Maintenance Items and Component Locations (P.156)
- (\*3): Document feeder/scanner glass cleaning (P.165)
- (\*4): Thermal Head Cleaning (P.166)
- (\*5): How to Remove the Thermal Head (P.142)

# 12.5.4.14. Black or White Lateral Line on Print Out



- (\*1): Test Mode (P.63)
- (\*2): How to Remove the Component parts of Gear Block (P.150)
- (\*3): Installation Position of the Lead Wires (P.154)
- (\*4): Disassembly and Assembly Instructions (P.140)
- (\*5): We recommend making a copy of the test chart in Test Chart (P.172) and using it.
- (\*6): A Blank Page is Copied (P.113)
- (\*7): Digital Board Section (P.118)

### 12.5.4.15. An Abnormal Image is Printed



#### **REFERENCE:**

- (\*1): Test Mode (P.63)
- (\*2): Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125)
- (\*3): How to Remove the Thermal Head (P.142)

(\*4): We recommend making a copy of the test chart in Test Chart (P.172) and using it.

### 12.5.5. Digital Board Section

When the unit fails to boot up the system, take the troubleshooting procedures very carefully. It may have a serious problem.

The symptom: No response when the power is turned on. (No LCD display, and keys are not accepted.)

The first step is to check the power source. If there is no problem with the power supply unit, the problem may lie in the digital unit (main board).

As there are many potential causes in this case (ASIC, DRAM, etc.), it may be difficult to specify what you should check first. If a mistake is made in the order of checks, a normal part may be determined faulty, wasting both time and money.

Although the tendency is to regard the problem as a serious one (IC malfunction, etc.), usually most cases are caused by solder faults (poor contact due to a tunnel in the solder, signal short circuit due to solder waste).



#### Note:

- 1. Electrical continuity may have existed at the factory check, but a faulty contact occurred as a result of vibration, etc., during transport.
- 2. Solder waste remaining on the board may get caught under the IC during transport, causing a short circuit.

Before we begin mass production, several hundred trial units are produced at the plant, various tests are applied and any malfunctions are analyzed. (In past experiences, digital IC (especially DRAM and FLASH ROM) malfunctions are extremely rare after installation in the product.)

This may be repaired by replacing the IC, (DRAM etc.). However, the real cause may not have been an IC malfunction but a soldering fault instead.

Soldering faults difficult to detect with the naked eye are common, particularly for ASIC and RA (Resistor Array). But if you have an oscilloscope, you can easily determine the problem site or IC malfunction by checking the main signal lines.

Even if you don't have such a measuring instrument, by checking each main signal line and resoldering it, in many cases the problem will be resolved.

An explanation of the main signals (for booting up the unit) is presented below.

#### Don't replace ICs or stop repairing until checking the signal lines.

An IC malfunction rarely occurs. (By understanding the necessary signals for booting up the unit, the "Not Boot up" display is not a serious problem.)

#### What are the main signals for booting up the unit?

Please refer to Digital Block Diagram (P.119).

The ASIC (IC1) controls all the other digital ICs. When the power is turned on, the ASIC retrieves the operation code stored in the FLASH ROM (IC6), then follows the instructions for controlling each IC. All ICs have some inner registers that are assigned to a certain address.

It is the address bus by which the ASIC designates the location inside each IC. And the data bus reads or writes the data in order to transmit the instructions from the ASIC to the ICs.

These signal lines are all controlled by voltages of 3.3V (H) or 0V (L).

# 12.5.5.1. Digital Block Diagram

You also need to check the signal lines listed here [List 1] when the unit fails to boot up the system. Those signal lines should remain normal. Other signal lines are not directly related to that failure even if they have faults or troubles.

[List	1]		
	1 2 3	D0~D7 A0~A15 RD	(Data Bus) (Address Bus) (Read Signal)
		ROMCS WR	(ROM Select Signal) (Write Signal)
	4	RBA0~RBA5	(Bank Address Signal)
	(5)	RAS	(DRAM Row Address Strobe Signal)
	6	CAS MDMCS	(DRAM Column Address Strobe Signal) (Modem Select Signal)

As long as these signals remain normal, once the power is turned on, each IC can repeatedly output 3.3V (H) and 0V (L). The following shows NG and normal wave patterns.

#### NG Wave pattern (Refer to NG EXAMPLE)



3.3V or 5V never appears.

#### **Normal Wave Patterns**







#### **Remarks:**

When you use an oscilloscope to judge whether a signal to be tested is normal or NG, perform the signal check in exactly the same order as in [List 1]. (If the ASIC fails to access the FLASH ROM, the ASIC cannot access DRAM normally.)

The digital circuit actually operates according to the timing combinations of these signals. If the timing of these signals is even slightly delayed, the circuit will not work. Nor will it if the IC is defective and the output voltage level is not normal although the timing of these signals is accurate enough to meet the specifications. (Make sure that your oscilloscope is calibrated before starting a test.)

Therefore, it is imperative to confirm whether each IC outputs the signal at the correct level. (See the **I/O Pin No. Diagram**.) The signal level should be constantly output at between 3.3V (H) and 0V (L) as described earlier.

#### Note:

Simply check the output level and make sure if the IC repeatedly outputs the signal at between 3.3V (H) and 0V (L).











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After the power is turned on, the ASIC initializes and checks each IC. The ROM, DRAM, and modem are checked. If initialization fails for the ICs, the system will not boot up.

In this case, please find the cause as follows.



NG Example (P.124) Power Supply Board Section (P.129)



#### Other NG example while the power is ON and the LCD displays the following.



# 12.5.5.2. NG Example



Short circuit from the adjacent signal wires. Check for a short circuit in the IC leads and the signal wire at the through hole.

Solder ball Through hole





### 12.5.6. Analog Board Section

This chapter provides the testing procedures required for the analog parts. A signal route to be tested is determined depending upon purposes. For example, the handset TX route begins at the handset microphone and the signal is output to the telephone line. The signal mainly flowing on this route is analog. You can trace the signal with an oscilloscope. The signal flow on each route is shown in the Check Sheet here. If you find a specific problem in the unit, for example if you cannot communicate with the Handset, trace that signal route locally with the following Check Sheet and locate the faulty point.

# 12.5.6.1. Check Sheet for Signal Route

(SYMPTOM) ITEMS TO CHECK	signal ROUTE DUT
SPEAKER Tx	$[MIC] \xrightarrow{\{C90 \\ \{C95 \\ \}} IC5(34-35, 56) \rightarrow IC11(8-9) \rightarrow C77 \rightarrow R65 \rightarrow IC10(6-7) \rightarrow CN7(12)\} \rightarrow CN101(6) \rightarrow C113 \rightarrow R114 \rightarrow T101 \rightarrow TEL LINE$
SPEAKER Rx	TEL LINE → T101 → C108 → R109 → IC101(2-1) → CN101(5) → {CN7(13) → R92 → RA10 → C102 → IC5(47-42) → C58 → R51 → IC10(2-1) → C83 → R74 → IC12(4-5,8) → CN6(1,2)} → Speaker
HANDSET Tx	Handset MIC → L110 → C129 → R138 → IC101(6) ↓ L107 → C130 → R139 → IC101(5) $\{CN7(9) \rightarrow R88 \rightarrow C104 \rightarrow R82 \rightarrow C78 \rightarrow R69 \rightarrow IC10(6-7) \rightarrow CN7(12)\} \rightarrow CN101(6) \rightarrow C113$ → R114 → T101 → TEL LINE
HANDSET Rx	TEL LINE → T101 → C108 → R109 → IC101(2-1) → CN101(5) → {CN7(13) → R92 → R55 → C54 → IC1(32-31) → C51 → R49 → IC10(2-1) → R60 → IC11(10-11) → CN7(10)} → CN101(8) → C116 → R128 → Q105(B-E) → C128 → R144 → L108 → Handset Speaker
DTMF for Handset Speaker	$ \{IC5(58) \rightarrow C57 \rightarrow R51 \rightarrow IC10(2-1) \rightarrow R60 \rightarrow IC11(10-11) \rightarrow CN7(10)\} \rightarrow CN101(8) $ $ \rightarrow C116 \rightarrow R128 \rightarrow Q105(B-E) \rightarrow C128 \rightarrow R144 \rightarrow L108 \rightarrow Handset Speaker $
DTMF for Speaker	I $I_{-}$ {IC5(58) → C57 → R51 → IC10(2-1) → C83 → R74 → IC13(4-5,8) → CN6(1,2)} → Speaker I
FAX Tx / DTMF for TEL LINE	I = {IC5(56) → IC11(8-9) → C77 → R65 → IC10(6-7) → CN7(12)} → CN101(6) → C113 → R114 I → T101 → TEL LINE
FAX Rx/CNG/DTMF Detection (OFF-HOOK)	TEL LINE → T101 → C108 → R109 → IC101(2-1) → CN101(5) → {CN7(13) → R92 → RA10 → C102 → IC5(47)}
Ringing/BEEP/ Alarm/Key Tones	$\frac{1}{1} \{ \text{IC1}(29) \rightarrow \text{C52} \rightarrow \text{R50} \rightarrow \text{IC10}(2\text{-}1) \rightarrow \text{C83} \rightarrow \text{R74} \rightarrow \text{IC13}(4\text{-}5\text{,}8) \rightarrow \text{CN6}(1\text{,}2) \} \rightarrow \text{Speaker}$
Caller ID/FAX Activate (ON-HOOK)	TEL LINE → C136 → R122 → T101 → C108 → R109 → IC101(2-1) → CN101(5) → {CN7(13) → R92 → R93 → RA10 → C101 → IC5(50)}
Greeting / MEMO Record	[MIC]
BEEP for TEL LINE / Dummy Ring Back Tone	$  IC1(28) \rightarrow IC11(1,2) \rightarrow C74 \rightarrow R64 \rightarrow IC10(6,7) \rightarrow CN7(12)                                    $

Note:

{ }: Inside the Digital Board

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# 12.5.6.2. Defective ITS (Integrated Telephone System) Section

#### 1. No handset transmission / reception and no monitor reception

Perform a signal test in the **ITS or the NCU section** and locate a defective point (where the signal disappears) on each route between the handset microphone and telephone line (sending), or between the telephone line and the handset speaker (receiving), or between the microphone and the telephone line (sending), or between the telephone line and the speaker (receiving). Check the components at that point. **Check Sheet for Signal Route** (P.125) is useful for this investigation.

#### 2. No pulse dialing



#### 3. No ring tone (or No bell)



#### **REFERENCE:**

Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125) NCU Section (P.44)

#### 4. No tone dialing



Replace IC1.

# REFERENCE:

Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125)

### 12.5.7. Digital Speakerphone

The digital speakerphone has different features from the analog speakerphone.

The analog speakerphone switches between Tx or Rx. Either Tx or Rx is able to pass through a telephone line or speaker, depending on the Tx and Rx signal (voice) level. The higher-level signal (either TX or RX) can pass through the route.

Therefore, you never hear the other party's voice while you are talking. However, the digital speakerphone allows you to hear the other party's voice while you are talking. So both Tx and Rx are active at the same time. There is also a difference in the troubleshooting procedures between the two types.

At the start of communication, during the initial  $2\sim3$  correspondences, the digital speakerphone performs half-duplex operation, alternating between transmission (Tx) and reception (Rx). Then duplex communication becomes available. Learning occurs during the initial  $2\sim3$  correspondences in order to set the appropriate parameters for duplex communication.



You cannot check the digital speaker phone by the signal route test mentioned in the Analog Board Section because the level is always changing as stated above.

Therefore, there is a service function for this troubleshooting. In this service mode, you can set the mute to either Tx or Rx. Then you can check the signal route of the speaker phone Tx or the speaker phone Rx without any disturbances.



#### Note:

Check to the SP-Phone Rx/Tx signal routes. (Refer to Check Sheet for Signal Route (P.125)).

### 12.5.8. Power Supply Board Section

### 12.5.8.1. Key Components for Troubleshooting

Check the following parts first: F101, D101-D104, C106, Q101and IC101.

This comes from our experience with experimental tests. For example: power supply and lightning surge voltage test, withstanding voltage test, intentional short circuit test, etc.

#### Caution:

If you find a melted fuse in the unit, do not turn on the power until you locate and repair the faulty parts (except for the fuse); otherwise the fuse will melt again and you cannot pinpoint the faulty point.

In most cases, the symptom is that nothing is output. It is more likely that the fault is in the primary side rather than the secondary side. Check the primary side first.



### POWER SUPPLY BLOCK DIAGRAM

# 12.5.8.2. Troubleshooting Flow Chart





### 12.5.8.3. Broken Parts Repair Details

#### (ZNR101, C106)

Check for a short-circuit in terminals. Visually check these parts for damages.

#### (D101, D102, D103, D104)

Check for a short-circuit in terminal 4. If D101, D102, D103 and D104 are short-circuits, F101 will melt (open). In this case, replace all of the parts (D101, D102, D103, D104, F101).

#### (Q101)

The worst case of Q101 is a short-circuit between the Drain and Gate because damage expands to the peripheral circuit of Q101. This is due to a very high voltage through the Gate circuit which is composed of R110, R112, D107 and IC101. You should change all of the parts listed as follows. F101, Q101, R110, R112, D107, IC101

(D201)

If D201 is broken, the oscillation circuit in the power supply cannot operate. Check it with an electric tester.

## 12.5.9. Operation Panel Section

# 12.5.9.1. No Key Operation



#### **REFERENCE:**

(\*1): Test Mode (P.63)

# 12.5.9.2. No LCD Indication



#### **REFERENCE:**

(\*1): Test Mode (P.63)

(\*2): How to Remove the Operation Cover (P.151)

### 12.5.10. Sensor Section

Refer to Sensors and Switches (P.33) for the circuit descriptions.

The Test Function makes the sensor circuit check easier. (Refer to Test Mode (P.63).)

For example, as for "COVER OPEN SENSOR", "CO" is turned ON/OFF on the display when you open or close the front cover. Also, document sensor, read position sensor, recording paper sensor and jam sensor are turned ON/OFF by the copy operation. Therefore, each sensor can be checked for proper mechanical operation.

As for the electric check, check whether each voltage is right or not with following flowchart turning each sensor lever ON/OFF manually.

# 12.5.10.1. Check the Document Top Sensor (SW337)..... "REMOVE DOCUMENT"



#### 12.5.10.2. Check the Document Set Sensor (SW338)..... "CHECK DOCUMENT"



### 12.5.10.3. Check the Cover Open Sensor (SW502)..... "BACK COVER OPEN"



12.5.10.4. Check the Paper Top Sensor (PS401)..... "PAPER JAMMED"



# 12.5.10.5. Check the HOOK Switch (SW101)



# 12.5.10.6. Check the Film Detection Sensor (SW501)..... "FILM EMPTY" or "CHECK FILM"



### 12.5.11. CIS (Contact Image Sensor) Section



### REFERENCE:

(\*1): **Test Mode** (P.63) Refer to **Scanning Block** (P.28).

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# 12.5.12. Thermal Head Section



#### Note:

Refer to Thermal Head (P.26).

# 12.6. Problem with PANA LINK (KX-FM388 only)

Problem	Cause & Solution
I cannot send a fax from the computer at the specified time.	The date and time of the computer may be set incorrectly. Adjust it. If it cannot be set correctly, consult your computer supplier.
The date and time that prints on the top of each page sent from the computer is incorrect.	The date and time of the computer may be set incorrectly. Adjust it. If it cannot be set correctly, consult your computer supplier.
I do not know how to move the main panel, because there is no title bar.	Point to an area with no buttons and drag to the desired space.
I do not know whether the main panel is active or not.	<ul> <li>The brightness of the main panel display shows you whether or not the main panel is active.</li> <li><active active="" bright,="" dark="" non="" —=""></active></li> </ul>
A quick tip does not appear when I hold the mouse pointer over a button in the main panel, although I have set to display this.	<ul> <li>If the main panel is non-active, the quick tip does not appear. Confirm again after making the main panel active by clicking anywhere on it.</li> </ul>
The telephone number set in the main panel display disappears, and the display shows [For storing a phone or fax number.] explanation of the button and so on.	<ul> <li>The quick tip is displayed. Move the mouse cursor out of the main panel. If you do not need quick tips, Click [Setup] in the main panel, and select [OFF] of [Quick Tip] in the [System] tab.</li> </ul>
The main panel disappears.	• Look in the task bar. If you do not find the <b>[PANA LINK]</b> icon, it is closed. If you do find the icon, it is just minimized. Click the icon in the task bar.
The main panel disappears just after initializing.	<ul> <li>The main panel is set to minimize when PANA LINK starts. Click the icon in the task bar.</li> <li>If you do not want this to happen each time you start PANA LINK, click [Setup] in the main panel, and leave the [Start minimized] check box blank in the [Program start-up settings] in the [System] tab.</li> </ul>
I want to delete all of the telephone numbers set in the main panel display.	Press [STOP] button.
I cannot recognize the last part of an entry in the list of the [Address Book] or [Communication Log].	• Put the cursor on the line between the buttons, the cursor changes shape and you can expand the area by dragging, or double-clicking.
I do not want to send a cover page with every fax.	<ul> <li>The setting of the cover page is on. To deactivate the setting, click [Setup] in the main panel, and remove the check [Default Add Cover Page at every Transmission] in the [Cover Page] tab.</li> </ul>
I wanted to select a telephone number from [Address Book] onto the main panel, but I selected a fax number by mistake.	• You can change your selection in the main panel. Double-click on the number in the main panel display until the telephone number appears. You can also right-click the entry to select a specific number.
I cannot use the [DIAL] button, even though I specified a telephone number.	• If there is transmission data or a document is set in the fax, you can only use the fax transmission function. If you want to make a phone call, delete the transmission data.
When I exit PANA LINK, the [Viewer] window does not close.	• The <b>[Viewer]</b> can be operated separately. Click the <b>[X]</b> button to close the window.
PANA LINK does not work properly.	<ul> <li>Click the [X] button to exit PANA LINK, and restart. If PANA LINK still does not close, restart the computer.</li> <li>PANA LINK may not work properly if other printer drivers have been installed in your computer. Uninstall the printer drivers and PANA LINK software, then re-install PANA LINK software.</li> <li>If you connect the USB cable to USB hub, connect it to the USB port of your computer directly.</li> <li>Confirm the BIOS setting of your computer. Please refer to your computer operating instructions or consult the manufacturer about USB port mode.</li> <li>If you have any other multifunction softwares installed on your computer, uninstall them.</li> </ul>
[Sending a fax failed.] message is displayed.	<ul> <li>Possible causes are as follows.</li> <li>Telephone circuit is not good.</li> <li>You received a call-waiting signal.</li> <li>The other party stopped reception.</li> <li>The other party ran out of recording paper.</li> <li>Transmit again after checking with the other party.</li> </ul>

Problem	Cause & Solution
[No response] message is displayed.	<ul> <li>The other party did not answer the call or the line was busy. Transmit again after waiting a while.</li> <li>The dialling mode setting (tone or pulse) is not correct. Click [Setup] in the main panel and check the setup box in the [Line] tab.</li> </ul>
l cannot send a fax overseas.	Use the overseas transmission mode of feature #023 <sup>*1</sup> .
The length of the transmitted image differs slightly from the original.	• Set the <b>[Print Quality]</b> to <b>[Fine]</b> (200 × 200 dpi) and transmit again.
The fax machine receives a fax, but I want to receive it on the computer.	• You may have checked [Receive directly to facsimile unit] in the [Reception] tab in the [Setup] dialogue box. If so, click this check box to deactivate.
	<ul> <li>The setting of the PC LINK on the fax machine is off. Activate feature #014<sup>-1</sup>.</li> <li>PANA LINK is not operate. Start PANA LINK.</li> </ul>
The computer receives a fax, but I want to receive it on the fax machine.	<ul> <li>Click [Setup] in the main panel, and check [Receive directly to facsimile unit] in the [Reception] tab.</li> </ul>
I want to print out the received fax with another printer.	Print after selecting the desired printer from the [Print] dialogue box.
[Receiving a fax failed.] message is displayed.	<ul> <li>Possible causes are as follows.</li> <li>The line condition was not good.</li> <li>The reception was interrupted by a call-waiting signal.</li> <li>Check with the other party and try again.</li> </ul>
l cannot scan.	<ul> <li>The fax machine is in use. Try later on.</li> <li>There is not enough space on the hard disk. Delete unnecessary files and try again.</li> <li>There is not enough memory. Close some applications and try again.</li> <li>Restart the computer, and try again.</li> </ul>
The document does not feed into the fax machine.	Remove the document and reinsert it.
A document is jammed.	<ul> <li>You attempted to scan a document longer than 600 mm. Remove the jammed document and try again.</li> </ul>
The recording paper is jammed.	Remove the jammed recording paper, reinsert it, and try again.
Even after clicking [Stop], scanning continues.	Please wait. It may take a while for the cancel request to be accepted.
[Initialization failed.] is displayed.	<ul> <li>Check the connection of the computer and the unit.</li> <li>The setting of the PC LINK on the unit is off. Activate feature #014 *1.</li> </ul>

<sup>\*1</sup> Refer to **Program Mode Table** (P.100).

# **13 Service Fixture & Tools**

### How to extend cords

When extending cords, you need 2 pairs of A,B (A=connector,B=cord) (One pair is connected to the Main board.) If you do not have 2 pairs, order the necessary parts.

How to connect Addition Digital Board Addition Connected Board B Connected Cord (Original Connected Cord (Original)



Be sure if the direction of the connectors is correct.



in	correct



# 14 Disassembly and Assembly Instructions

# Note:

Please remove the Paper Support, Paper Tray and Ink Film before disassembling.



# 14.1. Upper Cabinet Section



14.1.1. How to Remove the Image Sensor (CIS)



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# 14.1.2. How to Remove the Thermal Head









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# 14.2.2. How to Remove the Pickup Roller


## 14.2.3. How to Remove the Paper Exit Roller and Cassette Lever



## 14.3. Lower Cabinet Section



## 14.3.1. How to Remove the Bottom Frame



## 14.3.2. How to Remove the Digital, Analog, Interface and Sensor Boards



## 14.3.4. How to Remove the Gear Block and Separation Roller



## 14.3.3. How to Remove the Power Supply Board and AC cord



## 14.3.5. How to Remove the Component parts of Gear Block



## 14.4. Operation Cover Section



## 14.4.1. How to Remove the Operation Cover



#### 14.4.2. How to Remove the Operation Board, LCD, MIC Board and Document Exit Roller



## 14.4.3. How to Remove the Separation Rubber



# 14.5. Installation Position of the Lead Wires



Insert RX & TX motor lead between the rib of GEAR BASE.



# **15 Maintenance**

# 15.1. Maintenance Items and Component Locations

## 15.1.1. Outline

Maintenance and repairs are performed using the following steps.

#### 1. Periodic maintenance

Inspect the equipment periodically and if necessary, clean any contaminated parts.

#### 2. Check for breakdowns

Look for problems and consider how they arose.

If the equipment can be still used, perform copying, self testing or communication testing.

#### 3. Check equipment

Perform copying, self testing and communication testing to determine if the problem originates from the transmitter, receiver or the telephone line.

#### 4. Determine causes

Determine the causes of the equipment problem by troubleshooting.

#### 5. Equipment repairs

Repair or replace the defective parts and take appropriate measures at this stage to ensure that the problem will not recur

#### 6. Confirm normal operation of the equipment

After completing the repairs, conduct copying, self testing and communication testing to confirm that the equipment operates normally.

#### 7. Record keeping

Make a record of the measures taken to rectify the problem for future reference.

## 15.1.2. Maintenance Check Items/Component Locations



## 15.1.2.1. Maintenance List

No.	OPERATION	CHECK	REMARKS
1	Document Path	Remove any foreign matter such as paper.	—
2	Rollers	If the roller is dirty, clean it with a damp cloth then dry thor- oughly.	Refer to <b>Document feeder/scanner glass</b> cleaning (P.165).
3	Platen Roller	If the platen is dirty, clean it with a damp cloth then dry thoroughly. Remove the paper and film cartridge before cleaning.	—
4	Thermal Head	If the thermal head is dirty, clean the printing surface with a cloth moistened with denatured alcohol (alcohol without water), then dry thoroughly.	Refer to Thermal Head Cleaning (P.166).
5	Sensors	Confirm the operation of the following sensors. • Document top sensor (SW337) on the Operation Board • Document set sensor (SW338) on the Operation Board • Film detection sensor (SW501) on the Sensor Board • Cover open sensor (SW502) on the Sensor Board • Paper top sensor (PS401) on the Interface Board	Refer to Maintenance Check Items/Component Locations (P.156).
6	Glass	If the glass is dirty, clean them with a dry soft cloth.	Refer to <b>Document feeder/scanner glass</b> cleaning (P.165).
7	Abnormal, wear and tear or loose parts	Replace the part. Check if the screws are tight on all parts.	_

## 15.1.2.2. Maintenance Cycle

No.	Item	Cleaning Cycle	Replacement	
			Cycle	Procedure
1	Separation Roller (Ref. No. 137)* <sup>2</sup>	3 months	7 years* <sup>1</sup> (31,500 documents)	Refer to How to Remove the Gear Block and Separation Roller (P.149).
2	Separation Rubber (Ref. No. 10)	3 months	7 years* <sup>1</sup> (31,500 documents)	Refer to How to Remove the Separation Rubber (P.153).
3	Document Exit Roller (Ref. No. 8)	3 months	7 years* <sup>1</sup> (31,500 documents)	Refer to How to Remove the Operation Board, LCD, MIC Board and Document Exit Roller (P.152).
4	Paper Exit Rollers (Ref. No. 68, 69)	3 months	7 years* <sup>1</sup> (31,500 documents)	Refer to How to Remove the Paper Exit Roller and Cassette Lever (P.145).
5	Document Support Roller (Ref. No.104)	3 months	7 years* <sup>1</sup> (31,500 documents)	Refer to How to Remove the Image Sensor (CIS) (P.141).
6	Thermal Head (Ref. No. 96)	3 months	7 years* <sup>1</sup> (31,500 documents)	Refer to How to Remove the Thermal Head (P.142).
7	Platen Roller (Ref. No. 54)	3 months	7 years* <sup>1</sup> (31,500 documents)	Refer to How to Remove the Back Cover and Platen Roller (P.143).
8	Pickup Roller (Ref. No. 46)	3 months	7 years <sup>*1</sup> (31,500 documents)	Refer to How to Remove the Pickup Roller (P.144).

#### Note:

\*<sup>1</sup> These values are standard and may vary depending on usage conditions.

\*<sup>2</sup> Refer to Cabinet, Mechanical and Electrical Parts Location (P.193).

## 15.2. Gear Section

#### 15.2.1. Gear Operation

Once a mode is selected, the Drive Motor Gear rotates clockwise (CW) and then the controlling positions of Swing Gears A, B and C determine which gears convey their drive power in each mode. See "Sensor Location" in Sensors and Switches (P.33).

#### 15.2.1.1. Transmit Mode

The TX MOTOR rotate CCW and conveys its power to the document separation roller gear and document Exit Roller Gear.



## 15.2.1.2. Paper Pick up and Paper Exit Mode

The RX MOTOR rotate CCW and swing Gear B engages Gear C, and conveys its power to the Pickup Roller Gear. The Swing Gear B engages Gear D, and conveys its power to the Exit Roller Gear.



## 15.2.1.3. Print Mode

The RX MOTOR rotate CW and Swing Gear B engages Gear F, and conveyers its power to Platen Roller Gear and Ink Film Driver Gear.

The Swing Gear B engages Gear E, and conveys its power to the Exit Roller Gear.



## 15.2.1.4. Copy Mode

RX side: Paper Pickup mode  $\rightarrow$  Print mode  $\rightarrow$  Paper Exit mode. TX side: Transmit mode. 15.2.2. Mechanical Movements in the Main Operations (transmitting documents, receiving faxes and copying)

#### 15.2.2.1. Idle Status



#### Note:

- See "Sensor Locations" in Sensors and Switches (P.33).
- CW.....clockwise
- CCW....counterclockwise

#### 15.2.2.2. Transmitting Documents



#### **REFERENCE:**

Sensor Section (P.133).

#### 15.2.2.3. Receiving Fax



Note:

See "Sensor Locations" in Sensors and Switches (P.33).



See "Sensor Locations" in Sensors and Switches (P.33).

#### **REFERENCE:**

Sensor Section (P.133)

## 15.3. Jams

#### 3. Open the back cover.

## 15.3.1. Recording Paper Jams

# 15.3.1.1. When the recording paper has jammed in the unit

The display will show the following.



1. Open the front cover by pulling up the centre part.



2. Release the back cover by pushing the green button (①).
You can also release the back cover by pushing in the green lever (②).





4. Remove the jammed recording paper (3).



Turn the blue gear (④) in the direction of the arrow until the ink film is tight (⑤) and at least one layer of ink film is wrapped around the blue core (⑥).



#### Correct



Incorrect



No ink film is wrapped around the blue core.



Close the back cover securely by pushing down on the dotted area at both ends (⑦), then close the front cover securely (⑧).



# 15.3.1.2. When the recording paper was not fed into the unit properly

The display will show the following.

CHECK PAPER

Remove the recording paper and straighten. Pull the tension plate (1) forward and hold open while inserting paper, then press **[SET]** to clear the message.



## 15.3.2. Document Jams

 Open the front cover by pulling up the centre part. Remove the jammed document carefully (1).



2. Close the front cover securely.

#### Note:

 Do not pull out the jammed paper forcibly before opening the front cover.

## 15.4. Cleaning

4. Close the front cover securely.

# 15.4.1. Document feeder/scanner glass cleaning

Clean the document feeder/scanner glass when: — Documents frequently misfeed.

- Smudges or black/white lines appear on the original document when sending or copying.
- 1. Disconnect the power cord and the telephone line cord.
- 2. Open the front cover by pulling up the centre part.



Clean the document feeder rollers (①) and rubber flap
(②) with a cloth moistened with isopropyl rubbing alcohol, and let all parts dry thoroughly. Clean the scanner
glass (③) with a soft, dry cloth.

#### Caution:

• Do not use paper products, such as paper towels or tissues.





- 5. Insert the recording paper gently.
- 6. Connect the power cord and the telephone line cord.

## 15.4.2. Thermal Head Cleaning

If smudges or black/white lines appear on a copied/received document, check whether there is dust on the thermal head. Clean the thermal head to remove the dust.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord and the telephone line cord.
- 2. Open the front cover by pulling up the centre part.



3. Release the back cover by pushing the green button (①).
You can also release the back cover by pushing in the green lever (②).

5. Clean the thermal head (④) with a cloth moistened with isopropyl rubbing alcohol, and let it dry thoroughly.

#### Caution:

• To prevent a malfunction due to static electricity, do not use a dry cloth and do not touch the thermal head directly.



- 6. Re-install the ink film and close the covers. (See step 4 to 7 on **Installing the Ink Film** (P.57).)
- 7. Insert the recording paper gently.
- 8. Connect the power cord and the telephone line cord.



4. Open the back cover. Remove the ink film (③).



# **16 Miscellaneous**

## 16.1. Terminal Guide of the ICs Transistors and Diodes

## 16.1.1. Digital Board



## 16.1.2. Analog Board

8	B <sup>C</sup> E <sup>C</sup>	Cathode Anode	Cathode Anode	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
C0ABEB000083	B1ABDF000026 B1GBCFEN0010	1SS133	MA4120, MA4030	B0ADEJ000026

## 16.1.3. Operation Board

33 34 44 1 22 22 12 11	Anode Cathode		
C1ZBZ0003876	B3AAA0000534		

## 16.1.4. Power Supply Board



## 16.1.5. Interface Board

	8 1415 1 1 1 1	ECB	Cathode Anode	
B1HAGFF00015	B1CHRD000003	2SB1322	1SS133 B0BA7R900004	

## 16.2. How to Replace the Flat Package IC

Even if you do not have the special tools (for example, a spot heater) to remove the Flat IC, with some solder (large amount), a soldering iron and a cutter knife, you can easily remove the ICs that have more than 100 pins.

#### 16.2.1. Preparation

- PbF (: Pb free) Solder
- Soldering Iron

Tip Temperature of  $700^{\circ}F \pm 20^{\circ}F (370^{\circ}C \pm 10^{\circ}C)$ **Note:** We recommend a 30 to 40 Watt soldering iron. An expert may be able to use a 60 to 80 Watt iron where someone with less experience could overheat and damage the PCB foil.

• Flux

Recommended Flux: Specific Gravity  $\rightarrow$  0.82.

Type  $\rightarrow$  RMA (lower residue, non-cleaning type)

Note: See About Lead Free Solder (PbF: Pb free) (P.8).

#### 16.2.2. Flat Package IC Removal Procedure

1. Put plenty of solder on the IC pins so that the pins can be completely covered.

#### Note:

If the IC pins are not soldered enough, you may give pressure to the P.C. board when cutting the pins with a cutter.



2. Make a few cuts into the joint (between the IC and its pins) first and then cut off the pins thoroughly.



3. While the solder melts, remove it together with the IC pins.



When you attach a new IC to the board, remove all solder left on the land with some tools like a soldering wire. If some solder is left at the joint on the board, the new IC will not be attached properly.

#### 16.2.3. Flat Package IC Installation Procedure

1. Temporarily fix the FLAT PACKAGE IC, soldering the two marked pins.



- Check the accuracy of the IC setting with the corresponding soldering foil.
- 2. Apply flux to all pins of the FLAT PACKAGE IC.



3. Solder the pins, sliding the soldering iron in the direction of the arrow.



### 16.2.4. Bridge Modification Procedure

- 1. Lightly resolder the bridged portion.
- 2. Remove the remaining solder along the pins using a soldering iron as shown in the figure below.



16.3. Test Chart

### 16.3.1. ITU-T No.1 Test chart



## THE SLEREXE COMPANY LIMITED

SAPORS LANE - BOOLE - DORSET - BH 25 8 ER TELEPHONE BOOLE (945 13) 51617 - TELEX 123456

Our Ref. 350/PJC/EAC

18th January, 1972.

Dr. P.N. Cundall, Mining Surveys Ltd., Holroyd Road, Reading, Berks.

Dear Pete,

Permit me to introduce you to the facility of facsimile transmission.

In facsimile a photocell is caused to perform a raster scan over the subject copy. The variations of print density on the document cause the photocell to generate an analogous electrical video signal. This signal is used to modulate a carrier, which is transmitted to a remote destination over a radio or cable communications link.

At the remote terminal, demodulation reconstructs the video signal, which is used to modulate the density of print produced by a printing device. This device is scanning in a raster scan synchronised with that at the transmitting terminal. As a result, a facsimile copy of the subject document is produced.

Probably you have uses for this facility in your organisation.

Yours sincerely,

P.J. CROSS Group Leader - Facsimile Research

#### 16.3.2. ITU-T No.2 Test Chart



## 16.3.3. Test Chart



Memo

# **17 Schematic Diagram**

# 17.1. Digital Board (PCB1)



1/4











## 17.2. Analog Board (PCB2)





KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX : ANALOG BOARD

## 17.3. Operation Board (PCB3) / MIC Board (PCB7)



KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX : OPERATION BOARD & MIC BOARD
## 17.4. Power Supply Board (PCB4)



## 17.5. Interface Board (PCB5)



### 17.6. Sensor Board (PCB6)



KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX : SENSOR BOARD

# **18 Printed Circuit Board**

- 18.1. Digital Board (PCB1)
- 18.1.1. Bottom View



KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX : DIGITAL BOARD (Bottom View)

### 18.1.2. Component View



KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX : DIGITAL BOARD (Component View)

# 18.2. Analog Board (PCB2)

## 18.2.1. Bottom View



KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX : ANALOG BOARD (Bottom View)

### 18.2.2. Component View



KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX : ANALOG BOARD (Component View)

KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX : OPERATION BOARD (Bottom View)

# 18.3. Operation Board (PCB3) / MIC Board (PCB7)

### 18.3.1. Bottom View



# 18.3.2. Component View



KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX : OPERATION BOARD (Component View)

KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX : Power Supply Board





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(Bottom View)



KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX

## 18.5. Interface Board (PCB5)



#### (Component View) PS401 00 POWER œ . BAT40 R401 R407 • J408 J404 • D C Q401 CN407 **CN408** Q402 R406 070 ٥ Ō 0 180 ā ÷ C C ÷ PbF PFUP1664Z\*-b

KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX : INTERFACE BOARD

# 18.6. Sensor Board (PCB6)



KX-FP365CX / KX-FM388CX : SENSOR BOARD

# **19 Appendix Information of Schematic Diagram**

### Note:

- 1. DC voltage measurements are taken with an oscilloscope or a tester with a ground.
- 2. The schematic diagrams and circuit board may be modified at any time with the development of new technology.



Important safety notice

Components identified by  $\triangle$  mark have special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components, use only the manufacturer's specified parts.

# **20 Exploded View and Replacement Parts List**

# 20.1. Cabinet, Mechanical and Electrical Parts Location

20.1.1. General Section



# 20.1.2. Operation Cover Section



### 20.1.3. Back Cover Section





# 20.1.4. Upper Cabinet Section



### 20.1.5. Lower Cabinet Section



### 20.1.6. Gear Block Section



20.1.7. Screws

	Figure
(A)	() #3 × 10 mm
(B)	¢ 4 × 6 mm
(C)	↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
(D)	
(E)	<b>مسسس</b> ¢3×10 mm

# 20.1.8. Accessories and Packing Materials



### 20.2. Replacement Parts List

#### Notes:

1. The "RTL" marking indicates that its Retention Time is Limited.

When production is discontinued, this item will continue to be available only for a specific period of time. This period of time depends on the type of item, and the local laws governing parts and product retention.

At the end of this period, the item will no longer be available.

2. Important safety notice

Components identified by  $\underline{\wedge}$  mark have special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components, use only manufacture's specified parts.

- 3. The S mark means the part is one of some identical parts. For that reason, it may be different from the installed part.
- 4. RESISTORS & CAPACITORS Unless otherwise specified; All resistors are in ohms (Ω) K=1000Ω, M=1000kΩ All capacitors are in MICRO FARADS (μF) P=μμF
  \*Type & Wattage of Resistor

Туре

· ) = -						
ERC:Solid ERX:Met		ERX:Metal Film		PQ4R:Carbon		
ERD:Carbon ERG:Me		ERG:Metal Oxide		ERS:Fusible Resistor		
PQRD:Carbon EF		ER0:Me	ER0:Metal Film		ERF:Cement Resistor	
Wattage						
10,16:1/8W	14,25:	1/4W	12:1/2W	1: <b>1W</b>	2:2W	3:3W
*Type & Voltag	e of Capa	acitor				
Туре						
			1			

ECFD:Semi-Conductor	ECCD,ECKD,ECBT,PQCBC : Ceramic
ECQS:Styrol	ECQE,ECQV,ECQG : Polyester
PQCUV:Chip	ECEA, ECSZ : Electrolytic
ECQMS:Mica	ECQP : Polypropylene

Voltage

ECQ Type	ECQG	ECSZ Type	Other	rs	
	ECQV Type				
1H: 50V	05: 50V	0F:3.15V	0J :6.3V	1V :35V	
2A:100V	1:100V	1A:10V	1A :10V	50,1H:50V	
2E:250V	2:200V	1V:35V	1C :16V	1J :63V	
2H:500V		0J:6.3V	1E,25:25V	2A :100V	

### 20.2.1. Cabinet and Electrical Parts

### 20.2.1.1. Operation Cover Section

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	1	PFGV1022Y	TRANSPARENT PLATE	PC
	2	PNGD1012Z	CARD, TEL	
	3	PNGP1056Z	PANEL, LCD (for KX-FP365)	PC
	3	PNGP1057Z	PANEL, LCD (for KX-FM388)	PC
	4	PFHX2102Z	PLASTIC PARTS, RING STOP	PC
	5	PFHX2104Z	PLASTIC PARTS, RING START	PC
	6	PFHX2103Z	PLASTIC PARTS, RING COPY	PC
	7	PFGG1315D1	GRILLE, OPERATION PANEL (for KX-FP365)	PS-HB
	7	PFGG1315B1	GRILLE, OPERATION PANEL (for KX-FM388)	PS-HB
	8	PFDR1105Z	ROLLER, DOCUMENT EXIT	
	9	PFDG1148Z	GEAR, DOCUMENT EXIT ROLLER	POM-HB
	10	PFHG1283Z	RUBBER SPACER, PAD	
	11	PFHR1719Z	COVER, SEPARATION HOLDER	ABS
	12	PFHR1720Z	SPACER, DOCUMENT FEED SUP- PORT	POM-HB
	13	PFUS1836Z	SPRING	
	14	PFUS1837Z	SPRING, DOCUMENT FEED	

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	15	PFUV1112Z	COVER, OPERATION PANEL	PS-HB
	16	PFJS08M93Z	CONNECTOR, 8 PIN	
	17	PFBX1290Y1	PUSH BUTTON, 11 KEY	ABS
	18	PFBX1289Y3	PUSH BUTTON, 3 KEY	ABS
	19	PFBX1291Z1	PUSH BUTTON, 16 KEY	ABS
	20	PFBC1203Z3	PUSH BUTTON, NAVIGATOR	ABS
	21	PNHX1164Z	TAPE	
	22	PNJS021027Z	CONNECTOR	

### 20.2.1.2. Back Cover Section

Safe ty	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark s
	32	PFDE1189X2	LEVER, CASSETTE	S PS-HB
	33	PFKV1071X2	COVER, U TURN	S PS-HB
	34	PFQT2999Z	INDICATION LABEL, PAPER SET	
	35	PNGT1909Y-M	NAME PLATE (for KX-FP365)	
	35	PNGT1923Y-M	NAME PLATE (for KX-FM388)	
	36	PFQT2980Z	INDICATION LABEL, OPEN	
	37	PFKS1039Z	TRAY, CASSETTE PLATE	PS-HB
	38	PFUS1414Z	SPRING, PICK UP	
	39	PFHG1088Z	RUBBER PARTS, PAPER SEPARATION	
	40	PFUS1409Z	SPRING, EARTH	
	41	PFDR1040Z	ROLLER, SUPPORT	POM-HB
	42	PFUS1407Y	SPRING, EXIT SUB ROLLER	
	43	PFUV1055Y	COVER, GUIDE	PS-HB
	44	PFHR1221Y	GUIDE, CORNER (RIGHT)	POM-HB
	45	PFHR1220X	GUIDE, CORNER (LEFT)	POM-HB
	46	PFDN1062Z	ROLLER, PICK UP	POM-N
	47	PFDE1188Z	SPACER, PICK UP DELAY	POM-HB
	48	PFDG1290Z	GEAR, PICK UP ROLLER	POM-HB
	49	PFDG1293Z	GEAR, DOCUMENT	POM-HB
	50	PFUS1034Z	SPRING, GUIDE DOCUMENT	
	51	PFHX1605Z	SPACER, SLIDER GEAR SHEET	PET
	52	PFKR1028Y1	GUIDE, DOCUMENT (RIGHT)	ABS-HB
	53	PFKR1027X1	GUIDE, DOCUMENT (LEFT)	ABS-HB
	54	PFDN1043Z	ROLLER, PLATEN	
	55	PFHR1717Z	SPACER, PLATEN ROLLER (LEFT)	POM-HB
	56	PFHR1718Z	SPACER, PLATEN ROLLER (RIGHT)	POM-HB
	57	PFDG1165Y	GEAR, PLATEN ROLLER	POM-HB
	58	PFDE1192Y1	LEVER, LOCK	ABS-HB
	59	PFUS1404Z	SPRING, EARTH LEVER	
	60	PFUS1258Z	SPRING, LOCK LEVER	
	61	PFHX1596Z	SPACER, LOCK LEVER SHEET	PET
	62	PFUS1232Z	SPRING, BACK TENSION	
	63	PFDG1160Z	GEAR BACK TENSION	POM-HB
	64	PFHS1029Z	COVER, BACK TENSION	GS
	65	PFDG1291Z	GEAR, PICK UP IDLER	POM-HB
	66	PFDG1292Z	GEAR, PICK UP IDLER	POM-HB
	67	PFUA1042X	CHASSIS, U TURN	PS-HB
	68	PFDN1061Z	ROLLER, EXIT (RIGHT)	POM-N
	69	PFDN1060Z	ROLLER, EXIT (LEFT)	POM-N
	70	PFUG1015Y	GUIDE, BASE	PS-HB
	71	PFDG1289Z	GEAR, EXIT IDLER	POM-HB
	72	PFDG1288Z	GEAR, EXIT ROLLER	POM-HB
	73	PFUS1237Z	SPRING, PAPER TOP	
	74	PFDE1128Y	LEVER, PAPER TOP SENSOR	POM-HB

### 20.2.1.3. Upper Cabinet Section

Safe ty	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark s
	91	PFKM1231Z1	CABINET BODY, MAIN (for KX-FP365)	PBT+AB S-V1

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	91	PFKM1231Y1	CABINET BODY, MAIN	PBT+AP
			(for KX-FM388)	s-v1
	92	PFJS11M16Z	CONNECTOR, 11 PIN	
	93	PFHR1715Y	GUIDE, HOLDER HEAD/L	POM
	94	PFHR1716Y	GUIDE, HOLDER HEAD/R	POM
	95	PFUS1835Z	SPRING, HEAD/B	
	96	L1CC00000069	PRINTER UNITS, THERMAL	S
			HEAD	
	97	PFUS1834Z	SPRING, HEAD/A	
	98	PFHX2161Z	SHEET, STATIC ELECTRICITY	
	99	PFQT1934Z	INDICATION LABEL, INK FILM	
	100	PFQT2990Z	INDICATION LABEL, BLUE	
			GEAR	
	101	PFUS1418Z	SPRING, OPERATION PANEL	
			LOCK	
	102	PFUS1756Z	SPRING, SP EXIT ROLLER	
	103	PFUS1833Z	SPRING, CIS	
	104	PFDR1098Z	ROLLER, DOCUMENT SUPPORT	
	105	PFDF1017Z	SHAFT	s
	106	PFJS07M91Z	CONNECTOR, 7 PIN	
	107	N2GZYY000003	IMAGE SENSOR (CIS)	

### 20.2.1.4. Lower Cabinet Section

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	121	PFMD1114Z	FRAME, BOTTOM	
	122	PFHG1050Z	RUBBER LEG	
	123	PFJS08M92Z	CONNECTOR, 8 PIN	
	124	XWC4BFJ	WASHER	
	125	PQHR945Z	BAND	
	126	J0KE00000101	INSULATOR	s
	127	PQLB1E1	INSULATOR	s
$\triangle$	128	PFJA03A016Z	POWER CORD	
	129	PFJS03M90Z	CONNECTOR, 3 PIN	
	130	PFDE1191Y	LEVER, PAPER TOP SENSOR	POM-HB
	131	PFBH1022Y1	PUSH BUTTON, HOOK	POM-HB
	132	PFUS1338Y	SPRING, SPEAKER	
	133	L0AA05A00048	SPEAKER	s
	134	PFJS02L04Z	CONNECTOR, 2 PIN	
	135	PFDR1014Z	ROLLER, DOCUMENT SEPARATION	POM
	136	PFDE1133Z	SPACER, DELAY	POM-HB
	137	PFDF1087Z	SHAFT, DOCUMENT SEPARATION	POM-HB
	138	PFUS1839Z	SPRING, HEAD EARTH	

### 20.2.1.5. Gear Block Section

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	151	PFUA1041X	CHASSIS, GEAR BASE	PBT+AB
				s-v1
	152	PFDX1029Z	GEAR ASS'Y, TORQUE LIMIT	
	153	PFDG1151Z	GEAR	POM-HB
	154	PFDG1287Z	GEAR	POM-HB
	155	PFDG1150Z	GEAR	POM-HB
	156	PFDG1149Z	GEAR	POM-HB
	157	PFUS1231Y	COIL SPRING	
	158	PFDG1158Z	GEAR	POM-HB
	159	PFDG1159Z	GEAR	POM-HB
	160	PFHR1355Y	ARM	POM-HB
	161	PFHR1186Z	SPACER, SUPPORT BASE	POM-HB
	162	PFDG1282Z	GEAR	POM-HB
	163	PFDG1283Z	GEAR	POM-HB
	164	PFDG1284Z	GEAR	POM-HB
	165	PFDG1285Z	GEAR	POM-HB
	166	PFDG1153Z	GEAR	POM-HB
	167	PFDG1286Z	GEAR	POM-HB
	168	PFMD1062Y	FRAME	
	169	PFDG1154Z	GEAR	POM-HB

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	170	L6HAYYYK0017	DC MOTOR, RX	
	171	L6HAYYYK0018	DC MOTOR, TX	

### 20.2.1.6. Screws

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	s
	(A)	XTW3+10PFJ7	TAPPING SCREW	
	(B)	XSB4+6FJ	SMALL SCREW	
	(C)	XTW3+W8PFJ	TAPPING SCREW	
	(D)	PQHV2610PJ65	TAPPING SCREW	S
	(E)	XTB3+10GFJ	TAPPING SCREW	

# 20.2.1.7. Accessories and Packing Materials

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	A1	PFJA02B002Y	CORD, TELEPHONE	
	A2	PQJA212M	CORD, HANDSET	
	A3	PFKS1094Z2	TRAY, RECORDING PAPER	
	A4	PFUS1406Z	TRAY, DOCUMENT	
	A5	PFJXE1441Z	HANDSET ASS'Y	
	A6	PNJKFM387Z	CD-ROM (KX-FM388 only)	S
	A7	PNQW1605Z	QUICK START SHEET	
	A8	PNQX1786Z	INSTRUCTION BOOK	
	A9	PNQW1602Z	QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE	
			(for Arabic)	
	A10	PNQW1604Z	QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE	
			(for Frasi)	
	P1	PNZE1107Z-M	GIFT BOX (for KX-FP365)	
	P1	PNZE1110Z-M	GIFT BOX (for KX-FM388)	
	P2	PFPN1467Y	CUSHION, LEFT	
	Р3	PFPN1468Z	CUSHION, RIGHT	
	P4	XZB32X45A04	PROTECTION COVER	s
	P5	XZB20X30A04	PROTECTION COVER	S
	P6	XZB20X35A04	PROTECTION COVER	S
	P7	PFPH1085Z	PACKING SHEET	

### 20.2.2. Digital Board Parts (KX-FP365CX)

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	PCB1	PNWP1FP365CX	DIGITAL BOARD ASS'Y (RTL)	
			(ICs)	
	IC1	C1ZBZ0003300	IC	
	IC2	C0CBADD00009	IC	
	IC3	C0CBCBD00047	IC	
	IC4	C3ABKY000001	IC	S
	IC5	C1CB00002325	IC	
	IC6	PNWIFP365CX	FLASH MEMORY	
	IC7	C0JBAA000393	IC	S
	IC8	C3FBKC000135	IC	S
	IC9	C0JBAE000333	IC	S
	IC10	C0ABEB000023	IC	
	IC11	C0JBAS000128	IC	
	IC13	C1AB00002556	IC	
			(TRANSISTORS)	
	Q2	B1GBCFGG0028	TRANSISTOR (SI)	S
	Q4	B1GBCFGG0028	TRANSISTOR (SI)	S
	Q5	B1ABDF000025	TRANSISTOR (SI)	S
	Q7	B1ABDF000025	TRANSISTOR (SI)	S
	Q8	B1ABDF000026	TRANSISTOR (SI)	
	Q9	2SB1218ARL	TRANSISTOR (SI)	S

-						-	
	Q11	B1GBCFJJ0048	TRANSISTOR (SI)	S			R61
	Q12	B1GBCFJJ0048	TRANSISTOR (SI)	S			R62
	Q13	B1GBCFGG0028	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s	1 [		R64
	Q14	UNR521700L	TRANSISTOR (SI)	S	1 [		R65
					1 1		R66
			(CONNECTORS)		1		R67
	CN1	PQJS18A10Z	CONNECTOR, 18 PIN	s	1 1		R68
	CN2	POJS18A10Z	CONNECTOR, 18 PIN	s	1 1		R69
	CN4	K1KA07A00257	CONNECTOR 7 PIN	-	-		B71
	CN6	K1KA02A00587	CONNECTOR 2 DIN				P72
	CNU	KIKA02A00587	CONNECTOR, 2 FIN		4 4		R72
	CN /	KIRYIOBAU094	CONNECTOR, 10 PIN		4 4		R/3
							R74
			(COMPONENTS PARTS)				R75
	CA13	F5A421040004	CAPACITOR ARRAY				R78
	CA28	F5A421040004	CAPACITOR ARRAY				R79
	CA32	F5A421040004	CAPACITOR ARRAY				R80
	CA71	F5A421040004	CAPACITOR ARRAY				R82
	CA82	F5A421040004	CAPACITOR ARRAY		1 [		R88
	CA92	F5A421040004	CAPACITOR ARRAY		1		R92
	RA1	EXB28V332JX	RESISTOR ARRAY		1 1		R93
	RA2	EXB28V101JX	RESISTOR ARRAY		1		R97
					1 1		R99
	RA5	EXB24V103JX	RESISTOR ARRAY		1		
	RAG	EXB24V221 TY	RESISTOR ARRAY		1		
	DZO	EXE0817330 TV	DESIGNOD ADDAV		╡		C2
	RAO DAC	EADZOVJJZJA	DEGISTOR ARRAI				C2
	KAY	EAB24V223JX	REDISTOR ARRAY				04
	RAIO	D1H84724A013	RESISTOR ARRAY	5			C6
	RA11	EXB24V124JX	RESISTOR ARRAY				C8
	RA12	EXB24V223JX	RESISTOR ARRAY				C10
	RA13	EXB24V332JX	RESISTOR ARRAY				C11
	RA14	EXB24V221JX	RESISTOR ARRAY				C21
					1 1		C22
			(IC FILTERS)		1		C23
	L1	J0JCC0000308	IC FILTER		1		C24
	L2	J0JCC0000286	IC FILTER		1 1		C25
	L3	J0JCC0000286	IC FILTER		1		C26
					-		C27
			(CRYSENT OSCILLATORS)				C29
	¥0	HON 227200147	(CRISIAL OSCILLATORS)		-		C29
	**	H0A327200147	CRISTAL OSCILLATOR		4 4		C30
	X.3	H2C240500006	CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR				C31
	X4	H0J322500006	CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR				C33
							C34
			(RESISTORS)				C35
	R2	ERJ2GEJ101	100				C36
	R7	ERJ2GE0R00	0				C37
	R8	ERJ2GEJ472X	4.7k		1 [		C38
	R9	ERJ2GEJ333	33k		1 1		C39
	R10	ERJ2GEJ472X	4.7k		1 1		C40
	R11	ERJ3EKF1101	1.1k		1 1		C41
	R12	ERJ3EKF3602	36k		1 1		C42
	R16	ERJ2GEJ101	100		1 1		C43
	- R18	EB.T2GE.T104	100k		1		C44
	R24	EB.T2CE.T222	221		{ }		C45
	D2F		43b		4		C47
	R23		201-				C47
	K20	EKJZGEJZUJ	20K				040
	R29	ERJZGEJ222	2.2K		4		C49
							C50
	R30	ERJ2GEJ182	1.8k				
	R30 R31	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7	1.8k 4.7		] [		C51
	R30 R31 R33	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ103	1.8k 4.7 10k				C51 C52
	R30 R31 R33 R38	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ103 ERJ2GEJ471	1.8k 4.7 10k 470				C51 C52 C54
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ103 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k				C51 C52 C54 C55
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39 R40	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ103 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334 ERJ2GEJ475	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k 4.7M				C51 C52 C54 C55 C58
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39 R40 R41	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ103 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334 ERJ2GEJ475 ERJ2GEJ100	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k 4.7M 10				C51 C52 C54 C55 C58 C59
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39 R40 R41 R42	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ103 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334 ERJ2GEJ475 ERJ2GEJ100 ERJ2GE0R00	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k 4.7M 10 0		· · ·		C51 C52 C54 C55 C58 C59 C61
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39 R40 R41 R42 R43	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ103 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334 ERJ2GEJ475 ERJ2GEJ100 ERJ2GE0R00 ERJ2GEJ105X	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k 4.7M 10 0 1M		· · ·		C51 C52 C54 C55 C58 C59 C61 C62
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39 R40 R41 R42 R43 R49	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ103 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334 ERJ2GEJ475 ERJ2GEJ100 ERJ2GE0R00 ERJ2GEJ105X ERJ2GEJ105X	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k 4.7M 10 0 1M 27k		· · ·		C51 C52 C54 C55 C58 C59 C61 C62 C63
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39 R40 R41 R42 R43 R49 R50	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ103 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334 ERJ2GEJ475 ERJ2GEJ100 ERJ2GE0R00 ERJ2GEJ105X ERJ2GEJ273X ERJ2GEJ273X	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k 4.7M 10 0 1M 27k 820k				C51 C52 C54 C55 C58 C59 C61 C62 C63 C64
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39 R40 R41 R42 R43 R49 R50 D51	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ103 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334 ERJ2GEJ475 ERJ2GEJ100 ERJ2GEJ105X ERJ2GEJ105X ERJ2GEJ273X ERJ2GEJ824	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k 4.7M 10 0 1M 27k 820k 110k				C51 C52 C54 C55 C58 C59 C61 C62 C63 C64 C67
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39 R40 R41 R42 R43 R42 R43 R49 R50 R51 R51	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ103 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334 ERJ2GEJ475 ERJ2GEJ100 ERJ2GEJ105X ERJ2GEJ105X ERJ2GEJ273X ERJ2GEJ824 ERJ2GEJ114	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k 4.7M 10 0 1M 27k 820k 110k 2.7k				C51 C52 C54 C55 C58 C59 C61 C62 C63 C64 C63 C64 C67 C65
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39 R40 R41 R42 R43 R42 R43 R49 R50 R51 R53 R55	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334 ERJ2GEJ475 ERJ2GEJ100 ERJ2GE0R00 ERJ2GEJ105X ERJ2GEJ273X ERJ2GEJ272X ERJ2GEJ114 ERJ2GEJ272	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k 4.7M 10 0 1M 27k 820k 110k 2.7k 10				C51 C52 C54 C55 C58 C59 C61 C62 C63 C64 C63 C64 C67 C68
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39 R40 R41 R42 R43 R42 R43 R49 R50 R51 R53 R55 R55	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ103 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334 ERJ2GEJ475 ERJ2GEJ100 ERJ2GE0R00 ERJ2GEJ105X ERJ2GEJ273X ERJ2GEJ273X ERJ2GEJ14 ERJ2GEJ272 ERJ2GEJ182	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k 4.7M 10 0 1M 27k 820k 110k 2.7k 1.8k				C51 C52 C54 C55 C58 C59 C61 C62 C63 C64 C67 C68 C69 C68 C69
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39 R40 R41 R42 R43 R43 R49 R50 R51 R53 R55 R55 R56	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ103 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334 ERJ2GEJ475 ERJ2GEJ100 ERJ2GE0R00 ERJ2GEJ105X ERJ2GEJ273X ERJ2GEJ273X ERJ2GEJ114 ERJ2GEJ272 ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ564	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k 4.7M 10 0 1M 27k 820k 110k 2.7k 1.8k 560k				C51 C52 C54 C55 C58 C59 C61 C62 C63 C64 C67 C68 C69 C70
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39 R40 R41 R42 R43 R49 R50 R51 R55 R55 R55 R56 R58	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334 ERJ2GEJ475 ERJ2GEJ100 ERJ2GEJ100 ERJ2GEJ105X ERJ2GEJ273X ERJ2GEJ273X ERJ2GEJ114 ERJ2GEJ272 ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ564 ERJ2GEJ103	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k 4.7M 10 0 10 27k 820k 110k 2.7k 1.8k 560k 10k 				C51 C52 C54 C55 C58 C59 C61 C62 C63 C64 C67 C68 C69 C70 C72
	R30 R31 R33 R38 R39 R40 R41 R42 R43 R43 R50 R51 R55 R55 R55 R56 R58 R60	ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ4R7 ERJ2GEJ471 ERJ2GEJ334 ERJ2GEJ475 ERJ2GEJ100 ERJ2GEJ100 ERJ2GEJ105X ERJ2GEJ273X ERJ2GEJ824 ERJ2GEJ114 ERJ2GEJ114 ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ182 ERJ2GEJ103 ERJ2GEJ682	1.8k 4.7 10k 470 330k 4.7M 10 0 10 0 10 27k 820k 110k 2.7k 1.8k 560k 10k 6.8k				C51 C52 C54 C55 C58 C59 C61 C62 C63 C64 C67 C68 C69 C70 C72 C73

Part Name & Description

Remark

s

Ref. No.

Part No.

Safe

ty

Safe ty	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark s
-	R61	ERJ2GEJ332	3.3k	
	R62	ERJ2GEJ821	820	
	R64	ERJ2GEJ104	100k	
	R65	ERJ2GEJ223	22k	
	R66	ERJ2GEJ473	47k	
	R67	ERJ2GEJ335	3.3M	
	R68	ERJ2GEJ272	2.7k	
	R69	ERJ2GEJ333	33k	
	R71	ERJ2GEJ220	22	
	R/2	ERJ2GEJ224	220k	
	R73	ERJZGEJ8Z3	82K	
	R74 P75	ERJ2GEJ183	180b	
	R78	ERJ2GEJ104	680	
	R79	ERJ2GEJ473	47k	
	R80	ERJ2GEJ103	10k	
	R82	ERJ2GEJ682	6.8k	
	R88	ERJ2GEJ563	56k	
	R92	ERJ2GE0R00	0	
	R93	ERJ2GE0R00	0	
	R97	ERJ2GEJ472X	4.7k	
	R99	ERJ2GEJ681	680	
			(CAPACITORS)	
	C2	F2G0J4700032	47	
	C4	ECUV1A105ZFV	1	
	C6	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C8	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C10	ECUVIA105ZFV		
	C11 C21	F2G0J4700032	47	
	C21	ECUEICI04ZFQ	0.1	
	C22	ECUEIHIOZKBQ	0.0022	
	C23	ECUE1H101JCO	100P	
	C25	ECUE1C104ZFO	0.1	
	C26	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C27	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C29	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C30	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C31	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C33	ECUE1H120JCQ	12P	
	C34	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C35	ECUE1H120JCQ	12P	
	C36	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C37	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C38	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C39	ECUEICI04ZFQ	0.1	
	C40	ECUEICIU4ZFQ	0.001	$\mid$
	C41 C42	ECHEIHI02KBQ	0 001	
	C43	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C44	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	+
	C45	ECUE1C104ZFO	0.1	
	C47	ECUE1H330JCO	33P	+
	C48	F2G0J4700032	47	
	C49	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C50	ECUE1H101JCQ	100P	
	C51	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	S
	C52	ECUE1H222KBQ	0.0022	
	C54	ECUV1A224KBV	0.22	
	C55	ECUE1E472KBQ	0.0047	
	C58	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C59	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C61	ECUE1H100DCQ	10P	
	C62	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C63	ECUE1H680JCQ	68P	
	C64	ECUVIA105ZFV		
	C67	ECUEICIU4ZFQ	0.1	<u> </u>
	C68	ECUVIAIU5ZFV		$\mid$
	C70	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C72	ECUE1H120.TCO	12P	+
	C73	ECUE1C104ZFO	0.1	┝──┤
	2.2			I

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
Ly	C74	ECUE1C103KBO	0.01	3
	C75	ECUE1H120JCO	12P	
	C77	ECUELA683KBO	0.068	
	C78	ECUE1C223KBO	0.022	
	C79	ECUE1H102KBO	0.001	
	C80	ECUV1H104ZFV	0.1	
	C83	ECUE1A104KBO	0.1	
	C84	ECUE1H100DCO	10P	
	C85	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C86	F2G1C1000014	10	s
	C87	ECUE1H121JCQ	120P	
	C88	F2G1C1000014	10	s
	C89	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C90	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C91	ECUV0J105KBV	1	
	C94	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C95	ECUV1C104KBV	0.1	
	C99	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C101	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C102	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C104	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C105	ECUV1A105ZFV	1	
	C115	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C116	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C117	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C120	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C124	ECUE1C103KBQ	0.01	
	C125	ECUE1C103KBQ	0.01	

# 20.2.3. Digital Board Parts (KX-FM388CX)

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	PCB1	PNWP1FM388CX	DIGITAL BOARD ASS'Y (RTL)	
			(ICs)	
	IC1	C1ZBZ0003300	IC	
	IC2	C0CBADD00009	IC	
	IC3	C0CBCBD00047	IC	
	IC4	C3ABKY000001	IC	s
	IC5	C1CB00002325	IC	
	IC6	PNWIFM388CX	FLASH MEMORY	
	IC7	C0JBAA000393	IC	s
	IC8	C3FBKC000135	IC	s
	IC9	C0JBAE000333	IC	s
	IC10	C0ABEB000023	IC	
	IC11	C0JBAS000128	IC	
	IC12	C2BBFE000153	IC	
	IC13	C1AB00002556	IC	
			(TRANSISTORS)	
	Q1	UN5213	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s
	Q2	B1GBCFGG0028	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s
	Q3	UN5113	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s
	Q4	B1GBCFGG0028	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s
	Q5	B1ABDF000025	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s
	Q7	B1ABDF000025	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s
	Q8	B1ABDF000026	TRANSISTOR (SI)	
	Q9	2SB1218ARL	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s
	Q11	B1GBCFJJ0048	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s
	 Q12	B1GBCFJJ0048	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s
	Q13	B1GBCFGG0028	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s
	~ Q14	UNR521700L	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s
			(CONNECTORS)	
	CN1	POJS18A10Z	CONNECTOR, 18 PIN	s
	CN2	POJS18A10Z	CONNECTOR, 18 PIN	s
	CN4	K1KA07A00257	CONNECTOR, 7 PIN	
	CN6	K1KA02A00587	CONNECTOR, 2 PIN	
	CN7	K1KY17BA0094	CONNECTOR, 17 PIN	<u> </u>
			, _, _,	<u> </u>
			(COMPONENTS PARTS)	
			(COM CHEMIC PARTO)	1

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.		_	s
	CA12	F5A421040004	CAPACITOR ARRAY	
	CA13	F5A421040004	CAPACITOR ARRAY	
	CA28	F5A421040004	CAPACITOR ARRAY	
	CA32	F5A421040004	CAPACITOR ARRAY	
	CA71	F5A421040004	CAPACITOR ARRAY	
	CA82	F5A421040004	CAPACITOR ARRAY	
	CA92	F5A421040004	CAPACITOR ARRAY	
	RAI	EXB28V332JX	RESISTOR ARRAY	
	RA2	EXB28V101JX	RESISTOR ARRAY	
	RA3	EXB28V221JX	RESISTOR ARRAY	
	RA4	EXB28V221JX	RESISTOR ARRAY	
	RAS	EXB24V103JX	RESISTOR ARRAY	
	RAD	EXB24V221JX	RESISTOR ARRAY	
-	DAG	EXB20VJJ2UX	DESISTOR ARRAI	
-	DA10	EXB24V2250X	RESISTOR ARRAI	c
	DA11	FYB24V124.TY	DESISTOR ARRAI	3
	DA12	EXB24V1240X	DESISTON ADDAY	
	RA13	EXB24V332.TX	RESISTOR ARRAY	
	RA14	EXB24V221.TX	RESISTOR ARRAY	
<u> </u>			(IC FILTERS)	
-	L1	J0JCC0000308	IC FILTER	
<u> </u>	L2	J0JCC0000286	IC FILTER	
	L3	J0JCC0000286	IC FILTER	
-	-			
			(CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS)	
	X1	н0J600400020	CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR	
	X2	H0A327200147	CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR	
	х3	H2C240500006	CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR	
	X4	н0J322500006	CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR	
			(RESISTORS)	
	R2	ERJ2GEJ101	100	
	R4	ERJ2GEJ152	1.5k	
	R5	ERJ3EKF27R0	27	
	R6	ERJ3EKF27R0	27	
	R7	ERJ2GE0R00	0	
	R8	ERJ2GEJ472X	4.7k	
	R9	ERJ2GEJ333	33k	
	RIU D11	ERJ2GEJ4/2X	4./K	
	RII D10	ERJSEKF1101	1.1K	
	RIZ D14	ERJSERF 3002	0	
	N14 D16	ERUZGEURUU	100	
	R10	ERJZGEJIUI	100	
	R10 P20	EROZGE0104	0	
	P22	ERUZGEURUU	1005	
	R23	ER.T2GE.T103	104	
	R24	EBJ2GEJ223	22k	
<u> </u>	R25	ERJ2GEJ433	43k	
	R26	ERJ2GEJ203	20k	
	R29	ERJ2GEJ222	2.2k	
	R30	ERJ2GEJ182	1.8k	
	R31	ERJ2GEJ4R7	4.7	
	R32	ERJ2GEJ103	10k	
	R38	ERJ2GEJ471	470	
	R39	ERJ2GEJ334	330k	
	R40	ERJ2GEJ475	4.7M	
	R41	ERJ2GEJ100	10	
	R42	ERJ2GE0R00	0	
	R43	ERJ2GEJ105X	1м	
	R49	ERJ2GEJ273X	27k	
	R50	ERJ2GEJ824	820k	
	R51	ERJ2GEJ114	110k	
	R53	ERJ2GEJ272	2.7k	
	R55	ERJ2GEJ182	1.8k	
	R56	ERJ2GEJ564	560k	
	R58	ERJ2GEJ103	10k	
L	R60	ERJ2GEJ682	6.8k	
	R61	ERJ2GEJ332	3.3K	
	R62	ERJ2GEJ821	820	1

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
τy	NO.	ED 700E 71 0 4	1001-	s
	R04	ERJ2GEJ104	222	
	ROJ	ER02GE0223	472	
	R67	ERUZGEJ475	3 3M	
	R68	ERJ2GEJ233	2 7k	
	R69	ERUZGEUZ72	332	
	R03	ERJ2GEJ220	22	
	R71 P72	ERUZGEUZZU	2201	
	R72 P73	ERUZGEUZZ4	822	
	R75 P74	ERUZGEUUZJ	184	
	R74 D75	ER02GE0105	1901	
	R75	ER02GE0104	680	
	R70	ER02GE0001	472	
	R/9	ERJZGEJ473	47K	
	ROU	ERJZGEJ103	10R	
	ROZ	ERJZGEJ00Z	0.0K	
	R00	ERUZGEODOO	0	
	R9Z	ERJ2GEOROO	0	
	R93	ERJZGEURUU	4 71-	
	R97	ERJZGEJ47ZA	4.7K	
	RJJ	ERJZGEJ001	880	
<u> </u>	<b>C</b> 2	F2C0 74700020	(CAPACITORS)	
<u> </u>	02	F2G0J4/00032	4/	
L	C4	ECUVIA105ZFV		
<u> </u>	C5	ECUEIH680JCQ	0 1 0 1	
	C6	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C7	ECUE1H680JCQ	68P	
	C8	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C10	ECUV1A105ZFV	1	
	C11	F2G0J4700032	47	
	C14	ECUE1H7R0DCQ	7	
	C15	ECUE1H8R0DCQ	8	
	C17	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C20	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C21	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C22	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C23	ECUE1H222KBQ	0.0022	
	C24	ECUE1H101JCQ	100P	
	C25	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C26	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C27	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C29	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C30	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C31	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C33	ECUE1H120JCQ	12P	
	C34	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C35	ECUE1H120JCQ	12P	
	C36	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C37	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C38	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C39	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C40	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C41	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C42	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C43	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C44	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C45	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C47	ECUE1H330JCQ	33P	
	C48	F2G0J4700032	47	
	C49	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C50	ECUE1H101JCQ	100P	
	C51	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	S
	C52	ECUE1H222KBQ	0.0022	
	C54	ECUV1A224KBV	0.22	
	C55	ECUE1E472KBQ	0.0047	
	C58	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C59	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C61	ECUE1H100DCQ	10P	
	C62	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C63	ECUE1H680JCQ	68P	
	C64	ECUV1A105ZFV	1	
	C67	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C68	ECUV1A105ZFV	1	

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	C69	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C70	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C72	ECUE1H120JCQ	12P	
	C73	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C74	ECUE1C103KBQ	0.01	
	C75	ECUE1H120JCQ	12P	
	C77	ECUE1A683KBQ	0.068	
	C78	ECUE1C223KBQ	0.022	
	C79	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C80	ECUV1H104ZFV	0.1	
	C83	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C84	ECUE1H100DCQ	10P	
	C85	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C86	F2G1C1000014	10	s
	C87	ECUE1H121JCQ	120P	
	C88	F2G1C1000014	10	s
	C89	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C90	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C91	ECUV0J105KBV	1	
	C94	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C95	ECUV1C104KBV	0.1	
	C99	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C101	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C102	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C104	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C105	ECUV1A105ZFV	1	
	C115	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	
	C116	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C117	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C120	ECUE1C104ZFQ	0.1	
	C124	ECUE1C103KBQ	0.01	
	C125	ECUE1C103KBQ	0.01	
	l			İ

# 20.2.4. Analog Board Parts

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	PCB2	PFWP2FP701CX	ANALOG BOARD ASS'Y (RTL)	
			(for KX-FP365)	
	PCB2	PNWP2FM387CX	ANALOG BOARD ASS'Y (RTL)	
			(for KX-FM388)	
			(IC)	
	IC101	C0ABEB000083	IC	
			(TRANSISTORS)	
	Q105	B1ABDF000026	TRANSISTOR (SI)	S
	Q106	B1GBCFEN0010	TRANSISTOR (SI)	S
			(DIODES)	
	D101	MA4120	DIODE(SI)	s
	D104	MA4030	DIODE(SI)	S
	D106	MA4030	DIODE(SI)	S
	D111	B0ADEJ000026	DIODE(SI)	S
	D112	188133	DIODE(SI)	s
			(JACKS AND CONNECTORS)	
	CN101	K1KY10BA0093	CONNECTOR, 10 PIN	
			(for KX-FP365)	
	CN101	K1KY17BA0093	CONNECTOR, 17 PIN	
			(for KX-FM388)	
	CN103	K2LB1YYB0002	JACK, TEL. LINE	S
	CN104	K2LB1YYB0002	JACK, EXT. TEL	s
	CN105	K2LA1YYB0001	JACK, HANDSET	S
	CN106	K1FA104B0017	CONNECTOR, USB I/F	S
			(KX-FM388 only)	
			(SWITCH)	
	SW101	PFSH1A011Z	PUSH SWITCH, HOOK LEVER	
			(COILS)	
	L105	PQLQR2KA113	COIL	S
	L106	PQLQR2KA113	COIL	S

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
	1.107	POLOR2KA113	COTL	s
	1.108	POLOR2KA113	COTL	s
	T.109	POLOB2KA113	COTI	s
	1.110	POLOR2KA113		s
	L111	POLOR2KA20T	COIL	s
	L112	POLOR2KA20T	COIL	s
	L113	POLOR2KA20T	COIL	s
	L114	POLOR2KA20T	COIL	s
	R104	POLOR2KA113	COIL	s
-	-	~~		-
-			(IC FILTERS)	
	L102	J0JCC0000117	IC FILTER (KX-FM388 only)	
	L103	J0JCC0000117	IC FILTER (KX-FM388 only)	
			(PHOTO ELECTRIC TRANS-	
			DUCER)	
⚠	PC102	0N3181	PHOTO COUPLER	s
			(THERMISTOR)	
	POS101	PFRT002	THERMISTOR	S
			(RELAY)	
⚠	RLY101	K6B1CYY00005	RELAY	
<u> </u>				
L			(VARISTORS)	
•	SA101	PFRZRA311P6T	VARISTOR (Surge Absorber)	s
⚠	SALU2	PFKZRA102P6T	VARISTOR (Surge Absorber)	5
	m101	C43¥30000016	(TRANSFORMER)	
	1101	G4A1A0000016	TRANSFORMER	
	T 1 0 1	ED TOCEVOROO	(RESISTORS)	
	1.104	ERUSGETOR00	0  (KX - FM388  only)	
	1104	21030210100	o (lui insoo oniy)	
	R101	ERJ3GEYJ103	10k	
-	R102	ERJ3GEYJ103	10k	
	R103	ERJ3GEYJ220	22	
-	R106	ERJ3GEYJ393	39k	
	R107	ERJ3GEYJ393	39k	
	R108	ERJ3GEYJ474	470k	
	R109	ERJ3GEYJ163	16k	
	R110	ERJ3GEYJ163	16k	
	R111	ERJ3GEY0R00	0	
	R112	ERJ3GEYJ562	5.6k	
	R114	ERDS2TJ271	270	S
L	R117	ERJ3GEYJ822	8.2k	
	R118	ERJ3GEYJ273	27k	~
	R122	ERDS1TJ223	22K	s
	K12/	EKG2SJ121	120	
	R128	ERUJGEIJZZJ	22K 750b	
	R130	ERIIGEV.T754	7501	
	R133	ERDS1 T.T1 53	15k	s
	R134	ERJ3GEYJ473	47k	-
<u> </u>	R135	ERJ3GEYJ331	330	
<u> </u>	R138	ERJ3GEYJ912	9.1k	
	R139	ERJ3GEYJ912	9.1k	
	R142	ERJ3GEYJ152	1.5k	
	R143	ERJ3GEYJ152	1.5k	İ
	R144	ERJ3GEYJ680	68	
	R145	ERJ3GEYJ331	330	
<u> </u>			(CAPACITORS)	
L	C101	ECEA0JKA470	47	s
L	C102	ECEA0JKA470	47	s
	C103	ECUVIE104ZFV	0.1	
	C104	ECUVIH561KBV	2002	
	C105	ECUVIH561KBV	1000	
	C107	ECUVINIUIJCV	10027	
	C109	FCINI COSTR	0.082	
	C109	ECUV1C823KBV	0.082	

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.		_	s
	C110	ECUV1H472KBV	0.0047	
	C111	ECUV1C393KBV	0.039	
	C113	ECEA1HKA4R7	4.7	S
	C115	ECUV1C393KBV	0.039	
	C116	ECUV1C104KBV	0.1	
	C120	ECUV1H181JCV	180P	
	C121	ECUV1H181JCV	180P	
	C124	ECUV1H472KBV	0.0047	
	C126	ECUV1H101JCV	100P	
	C128	ECEA0JKA470	47	s
	C129	ECUV1C333KBV	0.033	
	C130	ECUV1C333KBV	0.033	
	C131	ECUV1H103KBV	0.01	
	C132	ECUV1H103KBV	0.01	
	C134	ECEA0JKA470	47	s
	C135	ECUV1H103KBV	0.01	
	C136	F0C2E105A216	1	

# 20.2.5. Operation Board Parts

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.		_	s
	PCB3	PNWP3FP365CX	OPERATION BOARD ASS'Y	
			(RTL)	
			(IC)	
	IC301	C1ZBZ0003876	IC	
			(DIODE)	
	D301	B33330000534		
	5301	25111100000554	51052(01)	
			(CONNECTOR)	-
	<b>m</b> 72.01	*1*200500040	(CONNECTOR)	
	CN301	KIKAU8BUU243	CONNECTOR, 8 PIN	
			(LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY)	
	CN302	L5DAAFB00001	LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY	S
			(SWITCHES)	
	SW301	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW302	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW303	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW304	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW305	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW306	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW307	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	CM200	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW300	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW309	KUHIBAUUU259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW310	KUHIBAUUU259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW311	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW312	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW313	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW314	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW315	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW316	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW317	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW318	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW319	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW320	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW321	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	1
	SW322	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	1
	SW323	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	+
	SW324	K0H1BA000259	SPECTAL SWITCH	1
<u> </u>	SW325	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SH325	K0H1BA000259	CDECTAL SWITCH	
	04207	KONIDACOCCEC	SPECIAL SWITCH	┨────
L	SW327	KUHIBAUUU259	SPECIAL SWITCH	<b> </b>
L	SW328	KUH1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW329	KUH1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW330	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW331	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW332	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW333	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW334	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	

Safe ty	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark s
- 4	SW335	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	-
	SW336	K0H1BA000259	SPECIAL SWITCH	
	SW337	K0L1BB000029	SWITCH, DOC. TOP SENSOR	
	SW338	K0L1BB000030	SWITCH, DOC. SET SENSOR	
			(RESISTORS)	
	L301	ERJ3GEY0R00	0	
	R301	ERJ3GEYJ332	3.3k	
	R302	ERJ3GEYJ271	270	
	R303	ERJ3GEYJ181	180	
	R304	ERJ3GEYJ680	68	
	R305	ERJ3GEYJ181	180	
	R306	ERJ3GEYJ181	180	
	R307	ERJ3GEYJ472	4.7k	
	R308	ERJ3GEY0R00	0	
	R309	ERJ3GEYJ102	1k	
	R310	ERJ3GEYJ183	18k	
	R311	ERJ3GEYJ472	4.7k	
	R312	ERJ3GEYJ122	1.2k	
	R313	ERJ3GEYJ821	820	
	R316	ERDS2TJ681	680	S
	R317	ERJ3GEYJ472	4.7k	
	R322	ERDS2TJ472	4.7k	S
	R325	ERJ3GEYJ181	180	
	R326	ERJ3GEY0R00	0	
	R329	ERJ3GEYJ222	2.2k	
	R331	ERJ3GEYJ4R7	4.7	
			(CAPACITORS)	
	C301	ECUV1C104ZFV	0.1	
	C302	ECUV1H331JCV	330P	
	C306	ECUV1H102KBV	0.001	
	C307	ECUV1H101JCV	100P	
	C308	ECUV1H101JCV	100P	
	C312	ECUV1H331JCV	330P	
	C313	ECUV1C104ZFV	0.1	
	C315	ECUV1C104ZFV	0.1	
	C318	ECUV1H681KBV	680P	
	C320	ECUV1C104ZFV	0.1	

### 20.2.6. Power Supply Board Parts

Safe ty	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remar ks
⚠	PCB4	NOAC2GJ00006	POWER SUPPLY BOARD ASS'Y (RTL)	
			(IC)	
	IC101	PFVIFA5518N	IC	
			(TRANSISTORS)	
Λ	Q101	FQPF4N90C	TRANSISTOR (SI)	
	Q203	2SC3928	TRANSISTOR (SI)	
			(DTODES)	
•	D101	DETED 1 11400E		
⊿∖	D101	PFVDIN4005		
⚠	D102	PFVD1N4005	DIODE (SI)	
⚠	D103	PFVD1N4005	DIODE (SI)	
⚠	D104	PFVD1N4005	DIODE(SI)	
	D106	PFVDD1NL20U	DIODE(SI)	S
	D107	MA165	DIODE(SI)	S
	D201	SF50DG	DIODE(SI)	s
	D202	PFVDD1NL20U	DIODE(SI)	s
			(FUSE)	
⚠	F101	PFBAST250315	FUSE	
			(PHOTO ELECTRIC TRANS- DUCER)	
⚠	PC101	PFVIPC123	PHOTO COUPLER	s

Safe ty	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remar ks
			(VARISTOR)	
⚠	ZNR101	ERZV10D751	VARISTOR	s
			(RESISTORS)	
	R105	ERX2SJR22E	0.22	
	R110	ERDS2TJ470	47	S
	R111	ERDS2TJ150	15	S
	R112	ERJ3GEYJ101	100	S
	R222	ERJ3GEYJ102	lk	S
			(CAPACITOR)	
	C106	EEUGH2W470U	47	s

### 20.2.7. Interface Board Parts

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	PCB5	PFLP1915CX-B	INTERFACE BOARD ASS'Y	
			(RTL) (for KX-FP365)	
	PCB5	PNLP2129CX-B	INTERFACE BOARD ASS'Y	
			(RTL) (for KX-FM388)	
			(TRANSISTORS)	
	IC401	B1HAGFF00015	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s
	IC402	B1HAGFF00015	TRANSISTOR (SI)	s
	TC403	B1CHBD000003	TRANSTSTOR (ST)	-
	0401	29B1322	TPANSTSTOP (ST)	q
	0402	2001322	TRANSISION (SI)	5
	Q402	2381322	1KAN51510K (51)	3
			(	
			(DIODES)	
	D401	188133	DIODE(SI)	S
	D403	B0BA7R900004	DIODE (SI)	
	D404	B0BA7R900004	DIODE(SI)	
	D405	B0BA7R900004	DIODE(SI)	
	D406	B0BA7R900004	DIODE (SI)	
	D407	1SS133	DIODE(SI)	S
			(BATTERY)	
	BAT401	CB2032/H9B	I.TTHTUM BATTERY	s
		0111001/102		-
			(DHOMO ELECTRDIC TRANS	
			DUCER)	
	DG401	CNA1006N	PHOTO COUPLER	q
	19401	CIAIOUUN	Photo coopiex	5
			(20)1012(20)2()	
			(CONNECTORS)	
	CN401	K1KA08A00440	CONNECTOR, 8 PIN	-
	CN402	K1KA05AA0193	CONNECTOR, 5 PIN	S
	CN403	K1KA05AA0223	CONNECTOR, 5 PIN	
	CN404	K1KA08A00498	CONNECTOR, 8 PIN	
	CN405	K1KA03A00495	CONNECTOR, 3 PIN	
	CN406	K1KA11A00158	CONNECTOR, 11 PIN	
	CN407	K1KA18A00101	CONNECTOR, 18 PIN	
	CN408	K1KA18A00101	CONNECTOR, 18 PIN	
			(FUSES)	
	F401	K5H122Y00002	FUSE	s
	F402	K5H122Y00002	FUSE	s
			(BESISTORS)	
	P401	FDDC1TT101	100	c
	D402	ENDS110101		5
	K4U3	ERJ3GEYJ562	5.0K	
	R404	ERJ3GEYJ821	820	
	R405	ERJ3GEYJ821	820	
	R406	ERDS1TJ152	1.5k	s
	R407	ERDS1TJ152	1.5k	S
	R408	ERJ3GEYJ222	2.2k	1
	R409	ERJ3GEYJ101	100	
	R410	ERDS2TJ181	180	S
		1	(CAPACITORS)	
	C401	ECUV1H104ZFV	0.1	
	C404	ECUV1H104ZEV	0.1	
1				1

				1
Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	C405	ECEA1VKA330	33	
	C406	ECEA1CKA221	220	s

### 20.2.8. Sensor Board Parts

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	PCB6	PFWP4FP706CN	SENSOR BOARD ASS'Y (RTL)	
	SW501	K0MA11000041	SIGNAL SWITCH	s
	SW502	PFSH1A011Z	SWITCH HOOK LEVER	

### 20.2.9. Microphone Board Parts

Safe	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
ty	No.			s
	PCB7	PNWP5FP365CX	MICROPHONE BOARD ASS'Y (RTL)	
	MIC	LOCBAB000070	BUILTIN-MICROPHONE	